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The 2017 Florida Statutes

Title XVII

MILITARY AFFAIRS AND RELATED MATTERS

Chapter 252

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

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252.38 Emergency management powers of political subdivisions.—Safeguarding the life and property of its citizens is an innate responsibility of the governing body of each political subdivision of the state.

(1) COUNTIES.—

(a) In order to provide effective and orderly governmental control and coordination of emergency operations in emergencies within the scope of ss. 252.31-252.90, each county within this state shall be within the jurisdiction of, and served by, the division. Except as otherwise provided in ss. 252.31-252.90, each local emergency management agency shall have jurisdiction over and serve an entire county. Unless part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule, each county must establish and maintain such an emergency management agency and shall develop a county emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program. Counties that are part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule shall cooperatively develop an emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program.

(b) Each county emergency management agency created and established pursuant to ss. 252.31-252.90 shall have a director. The director must meet the minimum training and education qualifications established in a job description approved by the county. The director shall be appointed by the board of county commissioners or the chief administrative officer of the county, as described in chapter 125 or the county charter, if applicable, to serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, in conformance with applicable resolutions, ordinances, and laws. A county constitutional officer, or an employee of a county constitutional officer, may be appointed as director following prior notification to the division. Each board of county commissioners shall promptly inform the division of the appointment of the director and other personnel. Each director has direct responsibility for the organization, administration, and operation of the county emergency management agency. The director shall coordinate emergency management activities, services, and programs within the county and shall serve as liaison to the division and other local emergency management agencies and organizations.

(c) Each county emergency management agency shall perform emergency management functions within the territorial limits of the county within which it is organized and, in addition, shall conduct such activities outside its territorial limits as are required pursuant to ss. 252.31-252.90 and in accordance with state and county emergency management plans and mutual aid agreements. Counties shall serve as liaison for and coordinator of municipalities' requests for state and federal assistance during postdisaster emergency operations.

(d) During a declared state or local emergency and upon the request of the director of a local emergency management agency, the district school board or school boards in the affected area shall participate in emergency management by providing facilities and necessary personnel to staff such facilities. Each school board providing transportation assistance in an emergency evacuation shall coordinate the use of its vehicles and personnel with the local emergency management agency.

(e) County emergency management agencies may charge and collect fees for the review of emergency management plans on behalf of external agencies and institutions. Fees must be reasonable and may not exceed

the cost of providing a review of emergency management plans in accordance with fee schedules established by the division.

(2) **MUNICIPALITIES.**—Legally constituted municipalities are authorized and encouraged to create municipal emergency management programs. Municipal emergency management programs shall coordinate their activities with those of the county emergency management agency. Municipalities without emergency management programs shall be served by their respective county agencies. If a municipality elects to establish an emergency management program, it must comply with all laws, rules, and requirements applicable to county emergency management agencies. Each municipal emergency management plan must be consistent with and subject to the applicable county emergency management plan. In addition, each municipality must coordinate requests for state or federal emergency response assistance with its county. This requirement does not apply to requests for reimbursement under federal public disaster assistance programs.

(3) **EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT POWERS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.**—

(a) In carrying out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90, each political subdivision shall have the power and authority:

1. To appropriate and expend funds; make contracts; obtain and distribute equipment, materials, and supplies for emergency management purposes; provide for the health and safety of persons and property, including emergency assistance to the victims of any emergency; and direct and coordinate the development of emergency management plans and programs in accordance with the policies and plans set by the federal and state emergency management agencies.

2. To appoint, employ, remove, or provide, with or without compensation, coordinators, rescue teams, fire and police personnel, and other emergency management workers.

3. To establish, as necessary, a primary and one or more secondary emergency operating centers to provide continuity of government and direction and control of emergency operations.

4. To assign and make available for duty the offices and agencies of the political subdivision, including the employees, property, or equipment thereof relating to firefighting, engineering, rescue, health, medical and related services, police, transportation, construction, and similar items or services for emergency operation purposes, as the primary emergency management forces of the political subdivision for employment within or outside the political limits of the subdivision.

5. To request state assistance or invoke emergency-related mutual-aid assistance by declaring a state of local emergency in the event of an emergency affecting only one political subdivision. The duration of each state of emergency declared locally is limited to 7 days; it may be extended, as necessary, in 7-day increments. Further, the political subdivision has the power and authority to waive the procedures and formalities otherwise required of the political subdivision by law pertaining to:

- a. Performance of public work and taking whatever prudent action is necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the community.

- b. Entering into contracts.

- c. Incurring obligations.

- d. Employment of permanent and temporary workers.

- e. Utilization of volunteer workers.

- f. Rental of equipment.

- g. Acquisition and distribution, with or without compensation, of supplies, materials, and facilities.

- h. Appropriation and expenditure of public funds.

(b) Upon the request of two or more adjoining counties, or if the Governor finds that two or more adjoining counties would be better served by an interjurisdictional arrangement than by maintaining separate emergency management agencies and services, the Governor may delineate by executive order or rule an interjurisdictional area adequate to plan for, prevent, mitigate, or respond to emergencies in such area and may direct steps to be taken as necessary, including the creation of an interjurisdictional relationship, a joint emergency plan, a provision for mutual aid, or an area organization for emergency planning and services. A finding of the Governor pursuant to this paragraph shall be based on one or more factors related to the difficulty of maintaining an efficient and

effective emergency prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery system on a unijurisdictional basis, such as:

1. Small or sparse population.
2. Limitations on public financial resources severe enough to make maintenance of a separate emergency management agency and services unreasonably burdensome.
3. Unusual vulnerability to emergencies as evidenced by a past history of emergencies, topographical features, drainage characteristics, emergency potential, and presence of emergency-prone facilities or operations.
4. The interrelated character of the counties in a multicounty area.
5. Other relevant conditions or circumstances.

History.—s. 1, ch. 74-285; s. 1, ch. 77-174; s. 22, ch. 81-169; s. 21, ch. 83-334; s. 102, ch. 92-279; s. 55, ch. 92-326; s. 14, ch. 93-211; s. 132, ch. 95-148; s. 5, ch. 2000-140; s. 34, ch. 2001-61.

CHAPTER 27P-6 REVIEW OF LOCAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLANS

27P-6.002	Definitions
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27P-6.002 Definitions.

- (1) “County Emergency Management Agency” means the emergency management agency authorized and directed to be established and maintained by each county of the state pursuant to Section 252.38(1), F.S.
- (2) “Division” means the Division of Emergency Management of the Executive Office of the Governor.
- (3) “State Plan” means the State Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan, as developed and adopted pursuant to the authority contained in Section 252.35(2)(b), F.S.
- (4) “County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans” are the county counterparts of the State Plan.
- (5) “Municipal Emergency Management Program” means the emergency management program authorized and encouraged by Section 252.83(2), F.S., to be created by each legally constituted municipality in the state. Municipalities are not required to develop a municipal emergency management program.
- (6) “Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans” are the municipal counterparts of the County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan which must be consistent with and subject to the applicable county plan. Municipalities are encouraged, but not required, to develop a municipal comprehensive emergency management plan.
- (7) “Local Emergency Management Plans” refer to the County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans and the Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans.
- (8) “County Radiological Emergency Plan for Nuclear Power Plants” means the plan to be prepared by the Division and county governments within 50 miles of a commercial nuclear power plant.
- (9) “County Emergency Management Program” means the emergency management program authorized and mandated by Chapter 252, F.S., to be created by each legally constituted county in the state.

Rulemaking Authority 252.35(2)(x) FS. Law Implemented 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 252.38(1) FS. History—New 1-18-81, Amended 2-24-85, Formerly 9G-6.02, Amended 2-5-91, 5-11-95, 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.002, Amended 7-18-13.

27P-6.0023 County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans.

- (1) Each county emergency management agency established pursuant to the authority contained in Section 252.38(2), F.S., shall develop and submit to the governing body of the jurisdiction for adoption a County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan in compliance with the requirements, format and standards contained in this rule chapter.
- (2) County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans will be coordinated and consistent with the provisions of the State Plan. The county emergency management plan will include an evacuation component, a shelter component (risk and host events), and a post-disaster and recovery component and will consist of provisions addressing aspects of preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation. The county plan will assign lead and support responsibilities for county agencies and personnel that coordinate with the emergency support functions outlined in the State Plan.
- (3) The County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan shall be specific and shall address responses and actions in the event of an emergency. It shall clearly identify those positions or agencies responsible for specific functions under given circumstances. Responsibilities must be assigned by position title or agency name, and specific duties for each position or agency must be listed. Checklists and other readily accessible and easy-to-use guidelines are encouraged. Where appropriate, the county plan shall contain maps, diagrams and other visual aids. Copies of the forms the local government will use shall be available for review.
- (4) The County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan shall be divided into a minimum of two components: the Basic Plan and the Capability Assessment. The Basic Plan shall be narrative in form and generally describe responsibilities within the emergency management framework. It shall include but not be limited to two annexes addressing the recovery and mitigation

functions of the county emergency management program. The Basic Plan and the Recovery and Mitigation Annexes shall include organizational charts, maps and checklists. The Capability Assessment shall demonstrate competencies and present information outlined in the County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan, standard operating procedures and other supporting documents that are involved in the emergency management program, i.e., emergency response, recovery and mitigation activities.

(5) The County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan shall cover county agencies and resources and should cover applicable municipal agencies and resources. County plans shall interface with plans of contiguous jurisdictions, regional, municipalities and the state comprehensive emergency management plans.

(6) The County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan or supporting operating procedures referred to in the plan shall provide a detailed description of the process to be followed at the local level whenever an emergency or disaster occurs as a result of the many consequences generated by natural, technological or manmade causes. Such emergencies include, but are not limited to: tornadoes, hurricanes, flooding, freezes, extreme temperatures, disease outbreaks, wildfires, terrorism, drought, hazardous materials releases or spills and civil disturbances. The plan shall identify and describe pre-emergency warning systems, evacuation and sheltering plans, hazard mitigation and other anticipatory actions as well as post-event response and recovery actions.

(7) The Division hereby adopts and incorporates by reference "Local Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan Compliance Criteria" and the "Emergency Management Capabilities Assessment Checklist" (Form Numbers CEMP-001 and CEMP-002, 2012 Edition) as part of this chapter. County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans and County Emergency Management Programs shall comply with these criteria. These criteria are available from the Division and may be obtained by writing the Division at 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399 or online at www.floridadisaster.org. These criteria shall be used in the development and review of County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans and Programs. Counties shall complete the compliance criteria prior to the Division's review of their Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan and have them available to the Division 60 days after receiving notification of the Division's intent to review. Counties shall demonstrate satisfaction of the required plan criteria by noting the page and section in their plan, or supporting documents, where each criterion is satisfied. Counties shall provide the documentation needed to satisfy the requirements of the Capabilities Assessment.

(8) Counties are encouraged to follow the format of the State Plan in development of the County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan. County emergency management agencies are not required to duplicate the suggested format, but should be able to demonstrate the ability to communicate with those emergency support functions and state agencies that support the State Plan.

Rulemaking Authority 252.35(2)(x) FS. Law Implemented 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 252.38(1) FS. History--New 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.0023, Amended 7-18-13.

27P-6.0025 The County Radiological Emergency Plan for Nuclear Power Plants.

This county plan shall provide a detailed description of the process to be used to protect the public from the potential health effects associated with a radiological emergency at a commercial nuclear power plant. Only those counties within a 50 mile radius of a commercial nuclear power plant are required to develop this plan. This plan shall be developed with direct assistance from the Division and shall be incorporated into the appropriate site plan contained in Annex A of the State Plan. This plan shall comply with the Criteria for Preparation and Evaluation of Radiological Emergency Response Plans and Preparedness in Support of Nuclear Power Plants (NUREG-06541 FEMA REP-1 Rev. 1). These criteria are available from the Division and may be obtained by writing the Division at 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399. This plan or annex shall be submitted to the Federal Emergency Management Agency for review and approval.

Rulemaking Authority 252.35(2)(x) FS. Law Implemented 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 252.60 FS. History--New 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.0025.

27P-6.006 County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans - Review by Division.

(1) The provisions of this section shall apply to the Division's initial review of County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans, and review of plans revised as a result of a determination by the Division that a county comprehensive emergency management plan is not in compliance with the terms of this chapter.

(2) The Division shall review each county comprehensive emergency management plan at a minimum of every four years and shall offer the affected regional planning council an opportunity to participate in the review. The Division shall review the county plan in accordance with the criteria CEMP-001 and CEMP-002. The Division shall provide notice of its intent to review a County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan via certified mail. Within 60 days of receipt of this notification the county shall

provide to the Division a copy of the plan to be reviewed with a copy of the completed compliance criteria. Upon receiving notification of the intent to review, the county and the Division shall coordinate to finalize the Capabilities Assessment prior to the date of adoption of the plan by the governing body of the jurisdiction. The Division will provide the county with the results of its review and its finding as to the compliance of the plan within 60 days of its initial review. If the Division finds the county plan meets the requirements of this chapter, it shall issue a notice of compliance.

(3) If the Division finds that a county plan does not meet all of the criteria established in this chapter the Division shall withhold a notice of compliance and issue a notification by the Division specifically stating the reasons the plan does not meet the criteria. Upon receipt of the notification by the Division, the county shall either:

(a) Revise its plan by the date agreed upon by the Division and the county and make the changes available to the Division for review by the date agreed upon by the Division and the county; or

(b) Develop a workplan to be approved by the Division which addresses all changes necessary for compliance and a timetable for completion by the date agreed upon by the Division and the county; or

(c) In accordance with Section 120.57, F.S., request an administrative proceeding regarding the Division's withholding of a notice of non-compliance within 21 days of receipt of the determination.

(4) If the county does not submit a revised plan, or a workplan by the agreed upon date after the receipt of the notification by the Division or request an administrative hearing the Division shall issue a notice of non-compliance via certified mail specifically stating the reasons for non-compliance. Upon receipt of the notice of non-compliance the county shall either:

(a) Within 60 days revise the plan and make the changes available to the Division for review; or

(b) In accordance with Section 120.57, F.S., request an administrative proceeding regarding the Division's notice of non-compliance within 21 days of receipt of same.

(5) If upon the submittal of the revised plan, either after the date agreed upon by the Division and the county or upon completion of the workplan, the Division finds that the revised plan is not in compliance, the Division shall withhold a notice of compliance and issue notification specifically stating the reasons the plan does not meet the criteria. Upon receipt of the notification the county shall either:

(a) Revise the plan by the date agreed upon by the Division and the county and make the changes available to the Division for review; or

(b) In accordance with Section 120.57, F.S., request an administrative proceeding regarding the Division's notice of non-compliance within 21 days of receipt of the determination.

(6) If the tasks laid out in the workplan are not completed in the time frame established in the workplan, the Division shall issue a notice of non-compliance via certified mail specifically stating the reasons for non-compliance. Upon receipt of the notice of non-compliance, the county shall either:

(a) Within 90 days revise the plan and make the changes available to the Division for review; or

(b) In accordance with Section 120.57, F.S., request an administrative proceeding regarding the Division's notice of non-compliance within 21 days of receipt of the determination.

(7) All requests for an administrative proceeding shall be filed in accordance with Section 120.57, F.S., and Rule Section 28-106.201, F.A.C. Failure to request an administrative proceeding within the time frames noted above and failure to request an administrative proceeding in accordance with this chapter shall constitute a waiver of the opportunity to contest the notice of non-compliance.

(8) If the Division is unable, for any reason, to provide notice to the county regarding the results of its review within 60 days, it will forward a notice to the county stating its intent to extend the review period a length of time up to 90 days.

(9) If the county is unable, for any reason, to provide a copy of their plan within 60 days of receipt of the intent to review notification, it will request an extension to the Division to extend the deadline for turning in their plan stating just cause. Upon approval by the Division, the extension will allow 90 days for the county to submit a copy of their plan. If after the extension the county is still unable to submit their plan, the county must develop a workplan which is approved by the Division.

(10) In order to ensure that County and Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans can be implemented in the event of a disaster or emergency, each agency assigned responsibility in the plan must coordinate the development of implementation procedures. The jurisdiction promulgating the plan shall document this coordination.

(11) After a determination that a County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan is in compliance with the terms of this chapter the approved plan must be adopted by resolution of the governing body of the jurisdiction within 90 days of receiving

notification of compliance from the Division before it becomes the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan for such local government. If the county is unable to adopt the plan within 90 days the county may request in writing to the Division, stating just cause, an extension of no more than an additional 90 days to adopt the plan. Adoption must occur, at a minimum, every four years. Notification of the date of adoption shall be sent to the Division. Failure to adopt, to notify the Division of an adoption date or make available for review a revised plan and resolution will constitute non-compliance. Upon adoption of the plan, the county shall submit a copy of the adopted plan and resolution to the Division.

Rulemaking Authority 120.57, 252.35(2)(b), (x) FS. Law Implemented 120.57, 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d) FS. History—New 1-18-81, Amended 2-24-85, Formerly 9G-6.06, Amended 2-5-91, 5-11-95, 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.006, Amended 7-18-13.

27P-6.0095 Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans.

Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans must comply with all the standards and requirements applicable to County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans. Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans shall comply with the Local Comprehensive Emergency Plan Compliance Criteria adopted by reference in subsection 27P-6.0023(7), F.A.C. These criteria are available from the Division and shall be used in the development and review of Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans. Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans are encouraged to follow the suggested format for County Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans. Municipal emergency management programs are not required to duplicate the suggested format, but should conform to it as closely as possible.

Rulemaking Authority 252.35(2)(b), (x) FS. Law Implemented 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 252.38(2) FS. History—New 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.0095.

27P-6.010 Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans – Review by County Emergency Management.

(1) The provisions of this section shall apply to either initial review by the County Emergency Management Agency, or to review of revised information as a result of a determination by the county emergency management agency that a municipal comprehensive emergency management plan is not in compliance with the terms of this chapter.

(2) If a municipality elects to prepare a comprehensive emergency management plan, the plan shall be periodically reviewed by its respective county emergency management agency to determine compliance with the established criteria.

(3) The County Emergency Management Agency shall provide initial notice to the chief elected official of each municipality in the county of the county's intent to establish a schedule to review municipal comprehensive emergency management plans. A county shall provide notice to the municipalities of its intent to review a Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan at least 60 days prior to the initiation of the review. This notice shall also advise the municipalities, in general terms, of the applicable plan requirements. Each municipality must respond to this notice and advise the county of the existence of a municipal comprehensive emergency plan or program. Each municipality shall also provide a copy of this response to the Division. If any municipality creates a comprehensive emergency management plan or program subsequent to this initial notice, it must advise the county emergency management director and the Division in writing, and request that the municipality be included in the county's plan review schedule.

(4) The County Emergency Management Agency shall provide the municipal emergency program with the results of its review and its finding as to the compliance of the municipal comprehensive emergency management plan within 60 days of completion of its initial review. If the county emergency management agency determines that the municipal comprehensive emergency management plan complies with the requirements of this rule chapter it shall issue a notice of compliance to the municipal emergency management program and to the Division.

(5) When the county emergency management agency determines that a municipal comprehensive emergency management plan is not in compliance with the requirements of this rule chapter, it shall issue a notice of non-compliance specifically stating the reasons for non-compliance. Upon receipt of a notice of non-compliance, the municipal emergency program shall, within 60 days, revise its plan, notify the county emergency management agency and make the revised information available for review by the county emergency management agency.

(6) If the county is unable, for any reason, to provide notice to the municipality regarding the results of its review within 60 days, it will forward a notice to the municipal emergency management program stating its intent to extend the review period for the specifically identified time necessary to provide notice.

(7) In order to ensure that Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plans can be implemented in the event of a

disaster or emergency, each agency assigned responsibility in the plan must coordinate the development of implementation procedures. The jurisdiction promulgating the plan shall document this coordination.

(8) After a determination that a Municipal Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan is in compliance with the terms of this chapter, the approved plan must be adopted by resolution of the governing body of the jurisdiction before it becomes the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan for such local government.

Rulemaking Authority 252.35(2)(b), (x) FS. Law Implemented 252.35(1), (2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 252.38(1), (2) FS. History—New 5-11-95, Amended 2-11-01, Formerly 9G-6.010.

Table 3-1 (3)

RPC Region #	County	General Population Shelter Demand/Capacity					Special Needs Shelter Demand/Capacity				
		2016 Category 5 Shelter Demand In People	2021 Category 5 Shelter Demand In People	2016 Risk Shelter Capacity In People	2016 Shelter Sufficient Capacity / Deficit in People	2021 Shelter Sufficient Capacity / Deficit in People	2016 Category 5 Shelter Demand In Clients	2021 Category 5 Shelter Demand In Clients	2016 Risk Shelter Capacity In Clients	2016 Shelter Sufficient Capacity / Deficit in Clients	2021 Shelter Sufficient Capacity / Deficit in Clients
7	Citrus	13,314	13,374	3,647	(9,667)	(9,727)	60	60	208	148	148
7	Hernando	11,565	11,609	9,056	(2,509)	(2,552)	44	44	411	367	367
7	Hillsborough	52,316	52,515	90,223	37,907	37,708	2,927	2,938	2,480	(447)	(458)
7	Manatee	24,060	24,228	30,504	6,444	6,275	500	504	933	433	430
7	Pasco	31,294	31,569	26,214	(5,080)	(5,356)	966	975	1,542	576	567
7	Pinellas	42,178	42,621	31,504	(10,674)	(11,117)	4,000	4,042	2,268	(1,732)	(1,774)
Region 7 Total		174,727	175,916	191,148	16,421	15,232	8,497	8,563	7,842	(655)	(721)
8	Charlotte	12,089	12,180	0	(12,089)	(12,180)	1,277	1,287	0	(1,277)	(1,287)
8	Collier	29,964	30,129	5,784	(24,180)	(24,345)	2,011	2,022	0	(2,011)	(2,022)
8	Glades	1,594	1,597	686	(908)	(911)	19	19	110	91	91
8	Hendry	3,285	3,312	6,263	2,978	2,951	204	206	0	(204)	(206)
8	Lee	71,410	71,681	500	(70,910)	(71,181)	3,285	3,297	0	(3,285)	(3,297)
8	Sarasota	29,826	30,088	12,802	(17,024)	(17,286)	2,971	2,997	1,091	(1,880)	(1,906)
Region 8 Subtotals		148,168	148,987	26,035	(122,133)	(122,952)	9,767	9,828	1,201	(8,566)	(8,627)
9	Indian River	5,805	5,950	9,925	4,120	3,975	501	514	582	81	68
9	Martin	5,331	5,448	20,061	14,730	14,613	400	409	1,369	969	960
9	Palm Beach	29,754	30,111	70,348	40,594	40,237	2,520	2,550	800	(1,720)	(1,750)
9	Saint Lucie	7,833	8,029	16,885	9,052	8,856	2,851	2,922	500	(2,351)	(2,422)
Region 9 Subtotals		48,723	49,538	117,219	68,496	67,681	6,272	6,395	3,251	(3,021)	(3,144)
10	Broward	28,299	28,356	58,955	30,656	30,599	1,277	1,280	1,550	273	270
10	Miami-Dade	97,855	98,149	88,467	(9,388)	(9,681)	2,717	2,725	3,308	591	583
10	Monroe	2,590	2,593	602	(1,988)	(1,991)	461	462	121	(340)	(341)
Region 10 Subtotals		128,744	129,097	148,024	19,280	18,927	4,455	4,466	4,979	524	513
TOTALS		902,590	909,255	977,157	74,567	67,902	58,017	58,608	34,586	(23,431)	(24,022)