

City of Venice, Florida

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF THE FINANCE DIRECTOR LINDA SENNE, CPA, CGMA FINANCE DIRECTOR

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS
- LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING
- PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
- CITY OF VENICE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

City of Venice, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	fe
Letter of Transmittal	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
List of Principal Officials	
Organizational Chart	
FINANCIAL SECTION	

Independent Auditor's Report..... Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Activities	24

Fund Financial Statements:

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	26
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Governmental Funds	28
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	29
Budget Comparison Statement – General Fund	30
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	38
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	40
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	41
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	43

i

vii

ix

Х

1

3

Required Supplementary Information:

Firefighters' Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	101
Firefighters' Schedule of Contributions	102
Firefighters' Schedule of Investment Returns	104
Police Officers' Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	105
Police Officers' Schedule of Contributions	106
Police Officers' Schedule of Investment Returns	108
City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability-FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability-Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy	109
(HIS) Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan	109
City's Schedule of Contributions-FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan	110
City's Schedule of Contributions-HIS Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan	110
Notes to Required Supplemental Information – Pension Plans	111
OPEB Plan – Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability	112

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:

113
116
120
124
133
134
136
138
141
142
143

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Information:

Net Position by Component	148
Changes in Net Positions	150
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	154
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	156
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	158
Property Tax Rates-Direct & Overlapping Governments	159
Property Tax Levies and Collections	160
Pledged Revenue Coverage	161
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	162
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	163
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	164
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	165
Demographic and Economic Statistics	166
Principal Property Taxpayers	167
Principal Employers	168
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	169
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	170
Capital Asset Statistics by Function (Operating Indicators)	171

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	175
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major	
State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Report on Schedule of	
Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in accordance with	
The Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10-550, Rules of the Auditor General	177
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	180
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	182
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	184

OTHER REPORTS

Independent Accountant's Report	186
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	187



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February 28, 2018

Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Venice, Florida:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Venice, Florida (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The purpose of this report is to provide the City Council, citizens, bondholders, representatives of financial institutions, and others with detailed information concerning the financial condition and performance of the City of Venice. In addition, the report provides assurance that the City presents fairly, in all material respects, its financial position as verified by independent auditors.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Moore Stephens Lovelace, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The independent audit or concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions on the City's various financial statements included in this document. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Venice was incorporated in 1927, and is located in Sarasota County, in southwest Florida, on the Gulf of Mexico. Venice enjoys a semi-tropical climate with an average summer temperature of 83.5 degrees, and an average winter temperature of 63.6 degrees, and is known for its beautiful beaches. The City currently occupies a land area of 16.73 square miles and serves a population of 22,306. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property and personal property located within its boundaries. The City is also empowered by state statutes to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1927. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of the Mayor and six other Council members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting an annual budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney, and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances adopted by the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Mayor and Council members are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for three-year staggered terms.

The City provides a full range of services that include public safety, construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, solid waste collection and disposal services, recreational activities, and cultural events. The City also operates water, wastewater, and storm water utilities, and has a municipal airport which is a historic general aviation facility.

Public safety includes police services and fire protection. Police services are provided by the City's Police Department, which has 61 full-time equivalent employees (FTE's). The City's Fire Department operates 3 fire stations and has 44.25 FTE's.

The mission of Venice City Government is to provide exceptional municipal services through a financially sustainable City with engaged citizens.

The word "PRIDE" represents the core values of the City's employees; Productive, Responsible, Innovative, Dedicated, and Ethical.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in April of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review prior to July 31. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, which is the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriations budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the approval of the City Council. Fiscal year 2017 budget-to-actual comparison schedules are provided in this report for all governmental funds.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The economy of the City and Sarasota County is a blend of tourism and retirement industries, service industries, light manufacturing and construction. Over the past decade, the City faced the same economic challenges as most of the nation. However, the local economy started showing signs of modest recovery beginning in 2014. New construction activity has increased (evidenced by an upsurge in building permit activity), and tourism is thriving again (the number of tourists visiting Sarasota County recently exceeded one million annually).

The combination of cultural and recreational facilities, together with the continuing expansion of programs and facilities makes Venice and Sarasota County ideal retirement areas. Retirees contribute an important stabilizing effect on the City's economy since their incomes are affected very little by the cyclical nature of the economy and by unemployment levels.

The population of Venice has fluctuated over the past ten years dipping from 22,149 in 2008 to a low of 20,752 in 2011, then rising back to 22,306 as of April 1, 2017. The population increase is due more to net migration than natural increases.

Over the past decade, property assessed valuations (City of Venice) first declined, from \$4.4 billion in 2008 to a low of \$2.7 billion in 2013, but have since rebounded. Assessed valuations for 2017 were \$3.5 billion. This trend is illustrated in Schedule 5, in the Statistical Section of the report. We are optimistic that this improvement will continue.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City uses a five-year model for long-range planning in the general fund and all enterprise funds. The plans, including a five-year capital improvement plan, are updated annually. The City Council's main objectives are (a) to preserve the quality of life by providing and maintaining adequate financial resources necessary to sustain a sufficient level of municipal services, (b) to respond to changes in the economy, the priorities of governmental and non-governmental organizations, and other changes that may affect the City's financial well-being, (c) to protect the City from emergency fiscal crisis by ensuring the maintenance of service even in the event of an unforeseen occurrence, and (d) to maintain a strong credit rating in the financial community through sound, conservative financial decision-making.

The City Council has established a preference for pay-as-you-go financing for certain capital improvements to reduce the debt burden on its citizens, but ultimately determines the most appropriate financing structure for each individual project on a case by case basis, after examining all relevant factors of the project. Fund balances in excess of required amounts and target balances, may be used as a capital source for pay-as-you-go financing.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has financial management policies that were developed within the guidelines of the NACSLB (National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting).

Significant guidelines include the following:

- Accounting systems shall be maintained in order to facilitate financial reporting in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the United States.
- The books of the City shall be subjected to an annual financial audit.
- An annual budget shall be prepared, which demonstrates fiscal restraint.
- The annual operating budget should be maintained in such a manner as to avoid an operating fund deficit.
- Operating expenditures should be managed to create a positive cash balance (surplus) or not to exceed available resources in each fund at the end of the fiscal year.
- Reserve funds should not be used to fund recurring expenditures.
- Fund balances should be maintained at fiscally sound levels in all funds.

To expand on the last bullet, the Council established specific targets for minimum fund balances in certain funds, as follows:

- General Fund The target is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of three months operating expenditures (25%). This is the target that the unassigned fund balance should not fall below without establishing a replenishment plan.
- Building Permit Fund The target fund balance is set at three months operating expenditures (25%). This is the target that the fund balance should not fall below without establishing a replenishment plan.
- Enterprise Funds The target unrestricted net position is set at four months operating expenses (33%). This is the target that the net position should not fall below without establishing a replenishment plan.

The City is in compliance with both its debt management policy and its investment management policy.

CHALLENGES AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Over the past decade, the City's challenge has been to preserve the breadth and quality of municipal services, with reduced operating revenues that are only now recovering.

The main operating fund of the City is the General Fund. A major revenue stream in the General Fund is property taxes. Facing declining property valuations, the easy answer would have been to raise millage rates, but that would not help the City taxpayers who were facing their own economic hardships. Accordingly, as Citywide property values lowered over the past decade (as discussed above), the City Council also lowered the operating millage rate (from 3.129 per \$1,000 of taxable property value in 2007 to a low of 2.779 in 2009 through 2011), before raising it to 3.10 in 2014 and then 3.60 in 2017. The ten-year trend in the City's millage rate is shown in Schedule 6 in the Statistical Section of this report.

Because approximately 77% of the General Fund is personnel costs, significant reductions in staffing levels were required over this period. Full-time equivalents (FTE's) decreased from 332 in 2007 to 276.5 in 2012 and 2013, before recovering to 312.25 FTE's in 2017. The departments affected can be seen in Schedule 16 in the Statistical Section of the report. Despite the net reductions in personnel, City management and staff have continued to demonstrate PRIDE in delivering quality service to City residents and visitors.

At September 30, 2017, the City's net pension liabilities total \$44.1 million. In addition, the City's OPEB liability is \$10.7 million. These obligations place a significant strain on the City's finances. To address these concerns, on October 1, 2014, the City closed its firefighters' and police officers' pension plans (the Plans) to new entrants. New hires after that date enroll in the Florida Retirement System, like other City employees. Active Plan members were given the option to transfer to FRS. In addition, the City no longer subsidizes the cost of health insurance for employees who retire on or after January 1, 2016 (except for an implicit subsidy).

The 2017 fiscal year has been a period of achievement and change. Following is a summary of some of the major initiatives in 2017.

- New Bond Issues An election was held on November 8, 2016 (the "Bond Referendum Election), whereby electors of the City approved the issuance of general obligation bonds not to exceed \$16 million for public safety improvements and not to exceed \$18 million for transportation improvements.
- New Police Station In 2017, the City purchased a 10-acre parcel of land located on E. Venice Avenue as the site for a new public safety facility. Pre-design work began on the new facility.
- **Road Project** During 2017, the Engineering Department completed the design and awarded the construction bid for Phase I of the Road Resurfacing Project. This \$7 million project is for the milling, re-surfacing and striping of approximately 32.5 miles of existing roadway located within the City of Venice. The project also includes ADA sidewalk ramp upgrades, sidewalk panel replacement, curb replacement and base repairs.
- **Downtown Corridor Improvements** During 2017, the City began the design of the \$8 million Downtown Corridor Improvement project, consisting of roadway, drainage, sidewalk, crosswalk, street lighting, and landscaping improvements in the City's downtown area. Grants will fund over \$2 million of the project. Construction is set for late spring and summer of 2018.
- Archive Storage Facility During 2017, the City received a grant from "The Cousins Laning Historical Fund" of the Gulf Coast Foundation to purchase and renovate the property located at 224 Milan Avenue West and convert it into a facility that will store and display City of Venice historical archives.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Venice for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This was the thirty first consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the City's departments who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Venice's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward F. Lavallee, MPA, ICMA-CM City Manager

Linda Senne, CPA, CGFM, CGMA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Venice Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2016

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



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CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA

COUNCIL-MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

CITY COUNCIL

John Holic, Mayor

Deborah Anderson

Bob Daniels

Jeanette Gates

Rich Cautero - Vice Mayor

Fred Fraize

Thomas "Kit" McKeon

CITY MANAGER

Edward F. Lavallee, MPA, ICMA-CM

FINANCE DIRECTOR

CITY CLERK

Linda Senne, CPA, CGMA

Lori Stelzer, MMC

CITY ATTORNEY

Persson & Cohen, P.A.



FINANCIAL SECTION

- ♦ INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
- MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- ♦ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- ♦ FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- ♦ REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
- COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes A and L to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the City adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") Number 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 75, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle as of October 1, 2016. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Concluded)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and individual fund statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moore Attephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants Tampa, Florida February 28, 2018

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the City's financial activities as of, and for the year ended September 30, 2017.

We encourage readers of these financial statements to consider the information included in the transmittal letter and in the other sections of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) (e.g., combining statements and the statistical section) in conjunction with this discussion and analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

These financial highlights summarize the City's financial position and operations as presented in more detail in the Basic Financial Statements, as listed in the accompanying Table of Contents.

- At the close of fiscal year 2017, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$184.8 million (total net position). Most of this amount is invested in capital assets (\$151.9 million). A total of \$23.3 million is restricted for specific purposes. The balance of \$9.6 million is unrestricted.
- The City's business-type activities reported a combined total net position of \$138.8 million at September 30, 2017. Of this amount \$30.5 million is unrestricted.
- The City's governmental activities reported combined ending total net position of \$46.0 million at September 30, 2017. The unrestricted net position component is a \$21.0 million deficit.
- The City's total net position increased by \$6.4 million, or 3.6% for the fiscal year. Total net position of the business-type activities increased by \$3.7 million, and total net position of the governmental activities increased by \$2.7 million.
- The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1.1 million for the year ended September 30, 2017, better than the budgeted decrease of \$303,709 (final amended).
- At the end of the current year, fund balance for the General Fund was \$12.3 million, or 46.8% of total general fund expenditures and transfers. Of this amount, \$38,099 is nonspendable, \$190,801 is committed, \$1.5 million has been set aside (assigned) for litigation, and the remaining balance of \$10.6 million is unassigned. Under the City's fund balance policy, the City has earmarked \$6.6 million of the unassigned fund balance for emergency reserves (25% of annual expenditures and transfers); the remaining \$4.0 million is available for any purpose.
- The City's long-term debt (bonds and notes) increased by \$33.6 million during the fiscal year. New governmental debt issues included \$18.0 million for roads and \$16.0 million for a new public safety facility. Also, \$1.3 million was borrowed under the State Revolving Fund program in business-type activities. Other long-term obligations at year end include net pension liabilities (\$44.1 million), and net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligations (\$10.7 million).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements (BFS) are comprised of three components: Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS), Fund Financial Statements (FFS), and Notes to Financial Statements (Notes). This CAFR also contains other supplementary information in addition to the BFS.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The GWFS, shown on pages 23-25 of this report, consist of the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*. These statements represent an overview of the City as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, finance, information services, parks and recreation, police, fire, public works, and beach renourishment. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer utilities, solid waste, airport, and storm water drainage. All information is presented utilizing the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This method matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenue is earned and the expenses are incurred.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets (plus deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (plus deferred inflows of resources), with the difference between the two reported as net position. This is similar to a "balance sheet" presentation for businesses. All assets (including capital assets) are included, as are all obligations. Beginning in 2015, this statement also includes the City's share of outstanding net pension obligations. Over time, the increase or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* shows how the City's total net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net cost of its primary activities. This format is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental and business-type services the City offers, and the extent to which these programs are funded by program versus general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental, proprietary,* and *fiduciary.* Traditional users of governmental financial statements may find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar than the GWFS.

Governmental FFS. Governmental FFS consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. These statements are prepared on an accounting basis (modified accrual) that is significantly different from the GWFS. In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis, focusing on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of available resources at the end of the year. Such information is useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the GWFS, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the GWFS. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 17 individual governmental funds. The governmental FFS present separate columns for the funds that are most significant (major funds), with all other *nonmajor* funds aggregated and reported in a single column. Budgetary comparison statements are presented in the BFS for the General Fund and major special revenue funds (if any).

The governmental FFS can be found on pages 26-30 of this report. Nonmajor governmental FFS and budget comparison schedules can be found on pages 116-131.

Proprietary FFS. The proprietary FFS consist of a statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements are prepared on the same basis of accounting (accrual) as the GWFS.

The proprietary fund type includes both *enterprise* and *internal service* funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the GWFS. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer utility, solid waste collection and disposal, storm water drainage, and airport. Each of these activities is considered a *major* fund, and presented separately in the proprietary FFS. These FFS can be found on pages 32-39 of this report.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employees' group health and life insurance, workers' compensation self-insurance, employee flexible spending, property and liability insurance, and fleet services. All internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary FFS. Combining financial statements for the internal service funds can be found on pages 134-139 of this report.

Fiduciary FFS. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These balances are not reflected in the GWFS because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds come in several types, but the City only uses the *pension trust* type, to account for the balances and activities of its firefighters' and police officers' defined-benefit pension plans. The pension FFS include a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The combined fiduciary FFS can be found on pages 40-41 of this report. Combining financial statements for the separate trust funds can be found on pages 101-112, along with information for the City's OPEB Plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the GWFS and FFS. The Notes can be found on pages 43-98 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. At the end of the current year, net position was \$184.8 million. The following table reflects a summary of net position compared to the prior year. For additional information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 23.

(in 000's)									
		mental vities		ss-Type vities	Total				
	2017	2016(*)	2017	2016(*)	2017	2016(*)			
Current and other assets	\$ 69,495	\$ 32,779	\$ 53,453	\$ 51,034	\$ 122,948	\$ 83,813			
Capital assets	60,559	58,826	133,473	132,030	194,032	190,856			
Total assets	130,054	91,605	186,926	183,064	316,980	274,669			
Deferred outflows of resources	10,115	15,559	2,700	3,124	12,815	18,683			
Current liabilities	3,306	2,804	4,099	4,230	7,405	7,034			
Noncurrent liabilities	88,279	56,285	46,418	48,125	134,697	104,410			
Total liabilities	91,585	59,089	50,517	52,355	142,102	111,444			
Deferred inflows of resources	2,584	3,575	302	658	2,886	4,233			
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	52,886	53,650	98,988	99,361	151,874	153,011			
Restricted	14,064	11,433	9,296	9,016	23,360	20,449			
Unrestricted	(20,950)	(20,583)	30,523	24,798	9,573	4,215			
Total net position	\$ 46,000	\$ 44,500	\$ 138,807	\$ 133,175	\$ 184,807	\$ 177,675			

City of Venice Summary of Net Position (in 000's)

(*) Balances for 2016 have not been restated for adjustments to beginning net position in 2017 due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

At September 30, 2017, \$151.9 million, or approximately 82.2% of the City's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets, e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment, net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, this component of net position is not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional 12.6% of the City's total net position (\$23.4 million), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of total net position is unrestricted (\$9.6 million or 5.2%), and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, although in general, business-type net position may not be used to fund governmental activities.

As of each year end shown above, the City was able to report positive balances in all categories of net position except unrestricted net position – governmental activities. The negative unrestricted net position for governmental activities results because of unfunded long-term obligations such as net pension liabilities, OPEB obligations, and accrued compensated absences. Unfunded long-term obligations totaled \$49.5 million at September 30, 2017 and \$51.1 million at the end of the prior year (Note G).

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Changes in Net Position

The City's total net position increased by \$6.4 million during the current year, compared to an increase of \$9.1 million in the prior year. The following table shows a summary of the changes in total net position compared to the prior year. For additional information, see the Statement of Activities on page 24-25.

City of Venice Changes in Net Position

	For the Y	ear Ended Sep (in 000's)	tember 30			
		imental vities	Busin Ty Activ	pe	т	otals
Revenues:	2017	2016(*)	2017	2016(*)	2017	2016(*)
Program Revenues:	2017	2010(*)	2017	2010(*)	2017	2010(*)
Charges for services	\$ 3,637	\$ 3,518	\$ 32,563	\$ 31,106	\$ 36,200	\$ 34,624
Operating grants and contributions	1,823	³ 3,518 2,962	\$ <u>52,505</u> 19	\$ 51,100 15	\$ 30,200 1,842	\$ <u>34,024</u> 2,977
Capital grants and contributions	472	1,224	1,710	8,109	2,182	9,333
General Revenues:	472	1,224	1,710	0,109	2,162	9,555
Property taxes	12,874	10,256			12,874	10,256
Sales taxes	5,726	5,615	-	-	5,726	5,615
Utility services taxes	2,629	2,564	-	-	2,629	2,564
	· ·	,	-	-	,	
Franchise fees	2,393	2,305	-	-	2,393	2,305
Intergovernmental	2,391	2,241	-	-	2,391	2,241
Interest earnings	95	94	383	60	478	154
Other	1,415	1,329	61	17	1,476	1,346
Total revenues	33,455	32,108	34,736	39,307	68,191	71,415
Expenses:						
General government	7,444	6,256	-	-	7,444	6,256
Finance	1,311	1,445	-	-	1,311	1,445
Information services	1,204	1,104	-	-	1,204	1,104
Parks and recreation	2,201	2,034	-	-	2,201	2,034
Police	10,010	9,612	-	-	10,010	9,612
Fire	8,404	7,701	-	-	8,404	7,701
Public works	2,809	2,754	-	-	2,809	2,754
Beach renourishment	-	7,195	-	-	-	7,195
Interest on long-term debt	955	154	-	-	955	154
Water and sewer utility	-	-	18,235	15,864	18,235	15,864
Solid waste	-	-	5,233	4,585	5,233	4,585
Airport	-	-	2,464	2,329	2,464	2,329
Storm water drainage	-	-	1,508	1,249	1,508	1,249
Total expenses	34,338	38,255	27,440	24,027	61,778	62,282
Change in net position before transfers	(883)	(6,147)	7,296	15,280	6,413	9,133
Transfers	3,597	4,475	(3,597)	(4,475)	_	-
Change in net position	2,714	(1,672)	3,699	10,805	6.413	9,133
Net position - beginning				<u> </u>		
as previously reported	44,500	46,172	133,175	122,370	177,675	168,542
Adjustments to beginning net position(*)	(1,214)		1,933		719	
Net position - beginning, restated	43,286	46,172	135,108	122,370	178,394	168,542
Net position - end of year	\$ 46,000	\$ 44,500	\$ 138,807	\$ 133,175	\$ 184,807	\$ 177,675

(*) Balances for 2016 have not been restated for adjustments to beginning net position in 2017 due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Governmental Activities

As shown above, governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2.7 million in 2017, compared to a decrease of \$1.7 million for 2016.

Following is a further detail of the expenses and program revenues for governmental activities in 2017, compared to 2016:

Expenses and Net Program Revenue (Expense) - Governmental Activities												
	2017							2016				
		Program						Program				
		Expenses		Revenue	nue Net Expenses Revenu		Revenue	ue Net				
Program												
General government	\$	7,444,298	\$	4,012,403	\$	(3,431,895)	\$	6,256,467	\$	3,518,295	\$	(2,738,172)
Finance		1,310,820		-		(1,310,820)		1,445,224		-		(1,445,224)
Information services		1,204,449		-		(1,204,449)		1,103,661		-		(1,103,661)
Parks and recreation		2,200,809		85,000		(2,115,809)		2,033,492		712,920		(1,320,572)
Police		10,010,304		367,434		(9,642,870)		9,612,374		409,543		(9,202,831)
Fire		8,403,776		196,768		(8,207,008)		7,701,186		247,885		(7,453,301)
Public works		2,809,258		148,023		(2,661,235)		2,754,047		609,043		(2,145,004)
Beach renourishment		-		1,122,351		1,122,351		7,194,623		2,206,033		(4,988,590)
Interest on long-term debt		954,628		-		(954,628)		154,484		-		(154,484)
Total	\$	34,338,342	\$	5,931,979	\$	(28,406,363)	\$	38,255,558	\$	7,703,719	\$	(30,551,839)

Expenses and Net Program Revenue (Expense) - Governmental Activities

Expenses for governmental activities decreased from \$38.3 million in 2016 to \$34.3 million in 2017, or 10.2%. The largest decrease was in the beach renourishment category, where the City recorded the completion of its multi-year beach renourishment project in 2016. Excluding beach renourishment, other expenses actually increased \$3.3 million from 2016 to 2017. The largest increase was in general government, which included a \$1.6 million write-off of the comprehensive plan project to expense in 2017.

The table above shows that *program* revenues *are not* sufficient to cover expenses for any of the City's governmental activities, except for beach renourishment in 2017. This is not unusual; governmental activities are primarily funded with *general* revenues. The reason the beach renourishment activity is reporting net program revenue in 2017 has to do with accounting requirements. Revenue has been recognized when earned in this multi-year program, while the entire project costs were recognized upon completion, in 2016.

Following is a graphic representation of the 2017 information in the above table, illustrating how only a small portion of the expenses for governmental activities are funded with program revenues:



The net program (expense) above was \$28.4 million in 2017 compared to \$30.6 million in 2016. These net program expenses must be funded from general revenues and transfers, or from beginning net position. Following is a comparison of these general revenue sources for the two years:

General Revenues, Transfers and Special Items

	_	% of]	Increase	%
	2017	Total	2016	(I	Decrease)	Change
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 12,874,039	41.4%	\$ 10,255,897	\$	2,618,142	25.5%
Sales taxes	5,725,871	18.4%	5,615,140		110,731	2.0%
Utility services taxes	2,629,333	8.4%	2,564,309		65,024	2.5%
Franchise fees	2,393,474	7.7%	2,305,140		88,334	3.8%
Intergovernmental	2,391,413	7.7%	2,240,615		150,798	6.7%
Interest earnings	94,685	0.3%	93,739		946	1.0%
Other	1,415,113	4.5%	1,329,299		85,814	6.5%
Net Transfers In	 3,597,117	11.6%	 4,475,043		(877,926)	-19.6%
Total	\$ 31,121,045	100.0%	\$ 28,879,182	\$	2,241,863	7.8%

General revenues plus transfers increased by \$2.2 million from 2016 to 2017, as shown in the preceding table. The largest increase was in property taxes, caused by an increase in both assessed values and the millage rate (from 3.10 to 3.60). Net transfers decreased both into the general fund (for administrative cost allocations) and into the fleet replacement fund (for vehicles).

Business-type activities. As stated previously, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$3.7 million in 2017 compared to an increase of \$10.8 million in 2016. Following is a further detail of this change:

2016 2017 Program Program Expenses Revenue Net Expenses Revenue Net Program 7,022,515 \$ 18,234,994 \$ 24,548,667 6,313,673 \$ 15,864,009 \$ 22,886,524 Water and sewer utility \$ \$ Solid waste 5,233,081 5,746,326 513,245 4,584,448 5,325,375 740,927 2.497.868 33,891 2,329,077 9,282,342 6.953.265 Airport 2,463,977 1,507,749 1,498,618 (9, 131)1,248,508 1,736,486 487,978 Storm water drainage \$ 24,026,042 Total 27,439,801 \$ 34,291,479 6,851,678 \$ 39,230,727 15,204,685 **General Revenues** 443,733 76,504 (4,475,043) (Transfers) (3,597,117) Change in net position 3,698,294 10,806,146 \$

Change in Net Position - Business-Type Activities

Expenses for business-type activities increased from \$24.0 million in 2016 to \$27.4 million in 2017, or 14.2%, as shown above. Revenues decreased \$4,939,248, or 12.6%. The revenues are somewhat skewed because of the current accounting requirements for capital grants (e.g., airport construction grants) and utility developer contributions. Under accounting rules, capital revenues and contributions are reported in the year earned, while the related projects are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. Capital grants and contributions were \$1.7 million in 2017 compared to \$8.1 million in 2016, for business-type activities.

The table above does show that program revenues *are* sufficient to cover expenses for each of the City's business-type programs. Following is a graphic representation of the 2017 information in the above table, illustrating the relative significance of the four business-type activities to the total:



A more detailed discussion of each fund follows in the next section of this MD&A. The following graph reflects the significance of the types of revenues generated by the business-type activities.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Following is a discussion of the balances and activities in the City's major funds.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* serves as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2017, as shown on page 26, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59.3 million. Of this amount, *restricted fund balances* comprise \$45.3 million and *committed fund balances* comprise \$1.8 million. Restricted fund balances, like unexpended gas taxes, voted sales taxes, and permit fees, can only be spent for specific purposes, as stipulated by statute, enabling legislation, or donors. Committed fund balances, like the general capital projects fund balances, are constrained by action of the City Council. The City Council has also set aside \$1.5 million for a lawsuit as *assigned fund balance*. Unassigned fund balances of \$10.6 million in the general fund are available for spending at the City's discretion.

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance in the General Fund was \$12.3 million, and the unassigned portion was \$10.6 million. This represents 46.7% and 40.2% respectively of annual expenditures (2017 actual). During 2017, the fund balance increased by \$1.1 million, as revenues plus net transfers exceeded expenditures for the year. This was significantly better than the decrease of \$303,709 expected in the final amended budget.

Included in 2017 *General Fund* expenditures is over \$500,000 in overtime and related costs incurred during Hurricane Irma in September 2017. Some of these costs may be reimbursable from federal or state agencies. However, no offsetting revenue was recorded for these potential reimbursements, because the amount was not easily determinable.

The *Streets Capital Project Fund* met the requirements to be reported as a major fund for the City for 2017. Bond proceeds totaling \$18.0 million were deposited into this fund in 2017 to be used for a major Citywide road project. Phase I is underway at September 30, 2017.

The *Buildings and Renovation Capital Project Fund* also met the requirements to be reported as a major fund for the City for 2017. Bond proceeds totaling \$16.0 million were deposited into this fund in 2017 to be used for a new public safety facility. The land for the facility was acquired in 2017 and the Owner's Representative was engaged.

Enterprise funds. The City's enterprise funds provide essentially the same type of information found in the business-type activities column of the GWFS, but in more detail, and by fund.

As shown on pages 32-35, total net position in the enterprise funds at year end was \$138.8 million. Of this amount, \$99.0 million was invested in capital assets (net of related debt), \$9.3 million is restricted for specific purposes, and the balance of \$30.5 million is unrestricted. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the current and prior year (reallocated) are as follows:

City of Venice, Florida

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Unrestricted Net Position			
	 September 30,			
	2017	2016		
Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 23,331,503	\$ 17,940,018		
Solid Waste	1,866,256	1,766,578		
Airport	3,611,854	3,323,049		
Storm Water Drainage	 1,713,320	1,768,621		
	\$ 30,522,933	\$ 24,798,266		

Following is a discussion of each fund's performance for 2017, compared to the prior year. Most of the information is summarized from pages 32-39 of this report.

Water and Sewer Utility Fund

Water utility activities include water supply, treatment, storage and distribution. Sewer utility activities include collection, treatment, and disposal. This fund also includes a reclaimed water distribution system. All three activities require billing and collection, repair/maintenance, and other administrative functions. The Water and Sewer Utility Fund reported an increase in net position of \$5.0 million for 2017 compared to an increase of \$5.6 million for 2016. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Water and Sewer Utility				
	2017	2016	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$ 23,344,099	\$ 22,429,107	\$ 914,992	4.1%
Expenses	(14,886,634)	(14,051,869)	(834,765)	5.9%
Net	8,457,465	8,377,238	80,227	1.0%
Net non-operating	(3,037,881)	(1,408,310)	(1,629,571)	115.7%
Capital contributions	1,204,568	457,417	747,151	163.3%
Transfers	(1,645,862)	(1,810,844)	164,982	-9.1%
Change in net position	\$ 4,978,290	\$ 5,615,501	\$ (637,211)	-11.3%

Operating revenues increased because of a 3% retail rate increase, and an increasing customer base. Net non-operating expenses in 2017 included \$2.0 million toward the lime sludge cleanup project. Another \$2 million will be incurred in 2018 on the project.

Operating expenses increased by 5.9% for some of the following reasons:

- Personnel costs are up \$1.4 million, of which \$1.1 million is attributable to the current year adjustment in the net pension liability,
- Repairs and maintenance costs are up \$203,825, mostly in the distribution/collection department,
- Other services and charges are up \$221,748; the largest increase being in rents and leases, and

• Depreciation decreased \$870,824 as a number of old assets reached their full depreciation level.

Capital contributions represent water and sewer infrastructure contributed by developers.

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$12.6 million in 2017 compared to \$13.2 million in 2016.

Solid Waste Fund

Solid waste operations include collection and disposal, garbage and recycling activities. The Solid Waste Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$713,996 for 2017 compared to a decrease of \$1.3 million for 2016. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Solid Waste Fund				
	2017	2016	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$ 5,746,326	\$ 5,325,375	\$ 420,951	7.9%
Expenses	(5,233,081)	(4,512,090)	(720,991)	16.0%
Net	513,245	813,285	(300,040)	-36.9%
Non-operating	54,184	28,914	25,270	87.4%
Transfers	(1,281,425)	(2,151,030)	869,605	-40.4%
Change in net position	\$ (713,996)	\$ (1,308,831)	\$ 594,835	-45.4%

Operating revenues increased because of a 5% rate increase on residential and commercial "can" collection, an almost 50% increase in roll-off rates, and an increasing customer base.

Operating expenses increased by 16.0% year over year, for some of the following reasons:

- Personnel costs are up \$550,553, of which \$364,720 is attributable to the current year adjustment in the net pension liability,
- Other services and charges are up \$195,241; a big part being the conversion of the collection system to "currato cans" and
- Depreciation decreased \$101,635 as a number of old assets reached their full depreciation level.

Transfers include payments to the General Fund for indirect costs (down from \$921,030 in 2016 to \$571,425 in 2017) and transfers to the Fleet Services Fund for new equipment and depreciation reserve (down from \$1,230,000 in 2016 to \$710,000 in 2017).

The Solid Waste Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$1.1 million in 2017 compared to \$1.3 million in 2016.

Airport Fund

The Airport Fund records the activities of the Venice Municipal Airport, a historic general aviation facility. The Airport Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$269,530 for 2017 compared to an increase in net position of \$6.7 million for 2016. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Airport				
	2017	2016	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$1,992,621	\$1,811,426	\$ 181,195	10.0%
Expenses	(2,463,977)	(2,306,813)	(157,164)	6.8%
Net	(471,356)	(495,387)	24,031	-4.9%
Non-operating	59,946	(6,469)	66,415	-1027%
Capital grants	505,247	7,470,916	(6,965,669)	-93.2%
Transfers	(363,367)	(303,204)	(60,163)	19.8%
Change in net position	\$ (269,530)	\$6,665,856	\$ (6,935,386)	-104.0%

Airport operating revenues are up 10.0%, more than half of which is due to a disputed 2016 "rent" payment from the Water & Sewer Utility, received in 2017.

Operating expenses increased by 6.8% year over year, mostly for the following reason:

• Personnel costs are up \$143,449, of which \$109,014 is attributable to the current year adjustment in the net pension liability.

Under accounting rules, capital grants are reported in the year earned, while the related projects are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. There was significantly more capital activity in the Airport Fund in 2016.

The Airport Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$728,889 in 2017 compared to \$1.1 million in 2016.

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Storm Water Drainage Fund

The Storm Water Drainage Fund accounts for the management, operation, and maintenance of a Citywide drainage system. The Storm Water Drainage Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$296,470 for 2017 compared to an increase in net position of \$390,223 for 2016. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Storm Water Drainage	_			
	2017	2016	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$1,498,618	\$1,555,512	\$ (56,894)	-3.7%
Expenses	(1,507,749)	(1,140,714)	(367,035)	32.2%
Net	(9,131)	414,798	(423,929)	-102.2%
Non-operating	19,124	4,416	14,708	333.1%
Capital grants	-	180,974	(180,974)	-100.0%
Transfers	(306,463)	(209,965)	(96,498)	46.0%
Change in net position	\$ (296,470)	\$ 390,223	\$ (686,693)	-176.0%

Operating revenues in this fund are down 3.7% due to a one-time adjustment for \$80,592 in 2016. Otherwise, customer rates increased by the CPI, and there was a slight increase in the customer base.

Operating expenses increased by 32.2% year over year, mostly for the following reason:

- Personnel costs are up \$292,061, of which \$116,429 is attributable to the current year adjustment in the net pension liability,
- Professional/contractual services are down \$118,679, due to fewer studies, and
- Repair and maintenance is up \$134,860; there was a major maintenance project in 2017.

The Storm Water Drainage Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$540,687 in 2017 compared to \$856,218 in 2016.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A budget versus actual comparison of the operating results of the City's General Fund for 2017 can be found on page 30. As shown on that page, the original General Fund budget anticipated increasing fund balance by \$419,155 during 2017. Changes to the original budget during 2017 increased expenditures, resulting in a projected budget deficit (use of fund balance) of \$303,709. Following are some of the changes from the original to final budget:

Increased appropriations:

- Various 2016 departmental and capital outlay encumbrances totaling \$477,246 were "rolled over" to the 2017 budget,
- Short-term rental software plus two additional positions in the planning department added \$95,278, and
• Contractual services, a Facilities Condition Assessment, and two additional employees in the Public Works Department added \$150,340.

Actual Results

In the end, as shown on page 30, actual General Fund revenues exceeded the final amended 2017 budgeted revenues by \$742,764, and actual General Fund expenditures were lower than the final amended 2017 budget by \$634,109, for a combined favorable variance of \$1.4 million. The line items on that page show the categories where the savings were achieved.

General Fund revenues that came in significantly better than budget for 2017 included property taxes (\$223,664), utility services taxes (\$176,406), franchise fees (\$116,493), licenses and permits (\$166,610), and intergovernmental revenues (\$104,211). The improved revenues are from a combination of growth and conservative budgeting assumptions.

Investment income is negative for 2017 because agency securities lost value in a rising interest rate environment, and the entire unrealized loss is recognized in the General Fund.

General Fund expenditures came in under budget by \$634,109, as shown on page 30. Some of the General Fund expenditure categories came in under budget for 2017 and others were over. The departments that went over budget for 2017 were legal, parks, police and fire. The latter three were because of Hurricane Irma. All four were approved by the City Manager. In the City's budgeting policies, General Fund departments can go over budget with the City Manager's approval, as long as the Fund in total is under budget.

A portion of the favorable expenditure variance totaling \$190,801 was encumbered at the end of 2017 and will be automatically rolled over to the 2018 budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and other improvements, net of accumulated depreciation. Following is a table of the balances at the end of 2017 and 2016:

			City	y of Venic	e Cap	ital Asset	s					
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)												
September 30												
(in 000's)												
	Governmental Business-Type											
		Activities				Activ	vities		Totals			
		2017		2016		2017	2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$	15,582	\$	13,713	\$	2,628	\$	2,628	\$	18,210	\$	16,341
Construction in progress		2,179		4,035		10,590		37,678		12,769		41,713
Buildings		11,725		11,558		4,216		4,268		15,941		15,826
Machinery and equipment		3,876		3,558		2,828		3,879		6,704		7,437
Infrastructure		11,646		12,060		-		-		11,646		12,060
Other improvements		15,551		13,902		113,211		83,577		128,762		97,479
Total	\$	60,559	\$	58,826	\$	133,473	\$	132,030	\$	194,032	\$	190,856

Governmental Activities:

Capital assets in the City's governmental activities increased from \$58.8 million to \$60.6 million during 2017, an increase of \$1.8 million, or 2.9%. The 2017 activity included additions of \$7.1 million, less depreciation of \$3.6 million and disposals of \$1.7 million. The disposal of \$1.7 million was primarily the write-off of the comprehensive plan project to expense.

Governmental activities additions totalled \$1.2 million in the Fleet Services internal service fund and \$5.9 million in governmental funds. Following is a list of the 2017 additions:

105,684

213,255 1,165,175

38,145 35,136 772,955

Governmental Fund Additions:			Fleet Services Fund Addition	<u>s:</u>
Projects in process:	¢	510 001	Engineering equipment \$	
Community Center roof	\$	512,991	Building vehicles	
Archive storage - donation		375,085	Airport vehicles	
Edmonson Rd. multi-trail		11,405	Solid waste vehicles	
S. Harbor Dr. intersection		281,772	Water and sewer utility	
Downtown improvements		420,557	vehicles and equipment	
Road paving phase I		176,162	Total \$	1,
Other		282,350		
Completed projects:				
Heritage Park walkway		534,571		
Service Club boardwalk		45,335		
Existing police station roof		253,992		
New police station land		1,869,158		
Other		253,227		
Vehicles and Equipment:				
Police		179,793		
Fire		77,807		
Public works		29,994		
Parks		264,310		
Building software		231,340		
Other		84,134		
Total	\$	5,883,983		

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Business-type Activities:

Capital assets in the City's business-type activities increased from \$132.0 million to \$133.5 million during 2017, an increase of \$1.5 million, or 1.1%. The 2017 activity included additions of \$8.1 million, less depreciation of \$6.6 million. Enterprise fund 2017 capital additions consisted of the following:

Enterprise Fund Additions:	
Water and Sewer Utility:	
Distribution System:	
Developer water/sewer lines	\$ 1,204,568
Meter changeout program	399,877
Water valve/service line replacement	311,745
Watermain replacement/relocation	1,918,256
Other	338,857
Water Treatment Plant:	
Replacement well #7A	433,903
Clearwell	266,897
High service pump replacement	548,129
Odor control system	431,067
Other	140,943
Water Reclamation:	
Reclaimed water distribution system	576,116
Pumps and equipment	254,338
Other	133,153
Solid Waste:	
Equipment	166,404
Airport:	
Airport runway 13-31	105,807
Midfield #1 T-hanger	166,061
T-hanger #1000	158,369
Rehab tie-down apron	252,366
Other	60,058
Storm Water Drainage:	
Downtown improvements	120,481
Other projects	74,772
Total	\$ 8,062,167

At the end of the fiscal year, the City has construction commitments of \$17.3 million on projects approved and in process. Additional information can be found on pages 60-62 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

There is no direct debt limitation in the City Charter or under State law. Article VII, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Florida provides that, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of voter-approved general obligation bonds, cities may levy up to ten mills for municipal services. Pursuant to the Florida Constitution, there is no limit on the amount of ad valorem taxes a city may levy for the payment of debt service on voter-approved general obligation bonds. The voter approved debt service millage tax rate for 2017 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation was 0.166.

A summary of the City's total outstanding debt follows:

City of Venice Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds/Notes September 30 (in 000's)

	 Governmental Activities				Busine Activ		Totals			
	2017	2	2016	2017		 2016	2017		2016	
General obligation notes	\$ 38,766	\$	5,176	\$	-	\$ -	\$	38,766	\$	5,176
Revenue notes	-		-		3,723	2,837		3,723		2,837
Revenue bonds	 		-		35,878	 36,874		35,878		36,874
Total	\$ 38,766	\$	5,176	\$	39,601	\$ 39,711	\$	78,367	\$	44,887

Governmental Activities:

The outstanding balance of long-term debt in the City's governmental activities increased from \$5.2 million to \$38.8 million during 2017, an increase of \$33.6 million. Two new bond series were issued in 2017, with gross proceeds of just under \$18 million for transportation improvements and \$16 million for public safety improvements. Scheduled principal payments of \$406,000 were made during 2017 on prior debt.

Business-type Activities:

The outstanding balance of long-term debt in the City's business-type activities decreased slightly from \$39.7 million to \$39.6 million during 2017, a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 0.3%. Two new State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans were partially drawn down in 2017 for water and reclaimed water projects. Gross draws were \$1.3 million. Scheduled principal payments of \$1.4 million were made during 2017 on prior debt.

Independent Ratings:

Three major rating institutions (Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Services, and Fitch) have evaluated the City's financial management, economic conditions and administrative practices. The bond ratings continue to reflect that the City's bonds have the characteristics of investment quality, as shown below:

	Standard <u>& Poor's</u>	Moody's	<u>Fitch</u>
Utility System Revenue Bonds	AA	Aa2	AA
General Obligation Bonds (Transportation)	AA+	AA1	AA+
General Obligation Bonds (Public Safety)	AA+	AA1	AA+

Other Long-term Liabilities

The City has unfunded OPEB and net pension obligations outstanding at September 30, 2017. Additional information on all long-term liabilities of the City can be found on pages 65-68 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The budget for the 2018 fiscal year is a balanced budget in all funds, with 2018 appropriations fully funded by 2018 revenues, transfers in, and beginning reserves. During the 2018 budget process, the City proposed a new fire services special assessment, to help fund fire services and related capital needs and to relieve pressure on the General and One Cent Sales Tax Funds. When the special assessment ultimately failed, the resulting budgetary effect on the City's General Fund was to require beginning reserves of \$297,862 to balance the budget. The One Cent Sales Tax Funds Fund was able to add to reserves. A stakeholders group was established to reconsider the fire services special assessment for 2019.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) positions City-wide will increase from 312.25 in 2017 to 325.50 in 2018. The new positions were needed to accommodate growth and fill positions that had been scaled back during the recession (in 2007, the City had 332 FTE's). Revenues are improving and providing funding for capital projects. Capital projects totaling \$51.3 million are included in the Citywide budget for 2018, to be funded by operating revenues, grants, and low-interest rate SRF loans.

Factors considered in preparing the City's 2018 budget were:

- The assessed valuation of commercial and residential property increased from \$3.528 billion for fiscal year 2017 to \$3.817 billion for fiscal year 2018, an increase of 8.2%.
- The General Fund property tax millage rate held steady at 3.60 for 2018. The combined effect of the increase in property values with no millage rate change is expected to add \$990,000 to General Fund revenues.
- The voter approved debt service property tax millage rate was increased from 0.1660 in fiscal year 2017 to 0.6780 for fiscal year 2018. The increase is to pay debt service on the two new bond issues.
- The City's population increased from 21,849 for 2016 to 22,306 for 2017, an increase of 2.1%. The trend is expected to continue based on ongoing construction activity.
- The unemployment rate for Sarasota County (Venice area) is down to 3.3% for 2017, which is effectively full employment. It had been as high as 12.5% in 2010.
- Water and sewer retail rates will increase 3% for 2018. Solid waste "can" rates will increase by 5% for 2018, and roll-off rates will increase by almost 50%.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Venice's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 401 West Venice Avenue, Venice, Florida, 34285.



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City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	Primary Government					
	G	overnmental]	Business-type		Total
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		10tai
Pooled cash and investments	\$	36,788,047	\$	34,463,796	\$	71,251,843
Other cash	Ψ	31,143,590	Ψ	100	Ψ	31,143,690
Accounts receivables (net of allowance		01,110,070		100		01,110,050
for uncollectibles)		453,406		3,725,148		4,178,554
Interest receivable		177,187		-		177,187
Due from other governments		716,147		208,822		924,969
Prepaid items		185,852		-		185,852
Inventories		30,740		644,177		674,917
Restricted assets:						
Pooled cash and investments		-		14,411,128		14,411,128
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Non-depreciable		17,760,674		13,218,203		30,978,877
Depreciable		42,798,508		120,254,794		163,053,302
Total assets		130,054,151		186,926,168		316,980,319
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions		10,114,604		2,699,709		12,814,313
-						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,185,326		2,231,167		3,416,493
Accrued liabilities		1,661,404		460,210		2,121,614
Due to other governments		287,080		110,360		397,440
Accrued interest payable		172,414		448,726		621,140
Customer deposits		-		848,660		848,660
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:				050.000		050.000
Bonds payable		-		950,000		950,000
Notes payable		1,121,000		496,498		1,617,498
Compensated absences		563,489		209,079		772,568
Due in more than one year:				24 027 500		24 027 500
Bonds payable Notes payable		- 37,644,961		34,927,500 3,226,273		34,927,500 40,871,234
Compensated absences		563,488		209,078		772,566
Net pension liabilities		39,314,637		4,811,447		44,126,084
Net OPEB liability		9,070,820		1,587,606		10,658,426
Total liabilities		91,584,619		50,516,604		142,101,223
		71,504,017		50,510,004		142,101,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions		2,061,316		210,940		2,272,256
Related to OPEB		522,864		91,547		614,411
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,584,180		302,487		2,886,667
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		52,885,644		98,987,903		151,873,547
Restricted for:		- , ,-				- , ,
Public safety		22,310		-		22,310
Capital improvements		7,319,008		8,295,950		15,614,958
Building code enforcement		4,056,981		-		4,056,981
Beach renourishment		2,581,572		-		2,581,572
Debt service		84,877		-		84,877
Renewal and replacement		-		1,000,000		1,000,000
Unrestricted		(20,950,436)		30,522,933		9,572,497
Total net position	\$	45,999,956	\$	138,806,786	\$	184,806,742

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

					Progr	am Revenues			
	Expenses		Charg	ges for Services	G	Dperating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	7,444,298	\$	3,637,318	\$	-	\$	375,085	
Finance		1,310,820		-		-		-	
Information services		1,204,449		-		-		-	
Parks and recreation		2,200,809		-		-		85,000	
Police		10,010,304		-		367,434		-	
Fire		8,403,776		-		196,768		-	
Public works		2,809,258		-		136,079		11,944	
Beach renourishment		-		-		1,122,351		-	
Interest on long-term debt		954,628		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		34,338,342		3,637,318		1,822,632		472,029	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer utility		18,234,994		23,325,175		18,924		1,204,568	
Solid waste		5,233,081		5,746,326		-		-	
Airport		2,463,977		1,992,621		-		505,247	
Storm water drainage		1,507,749		1,498,618		-		-	
Total business-type activities		27,439,801		32,562,740		18,924		1,709,815	
Total primary government	\$	61,778,143	\$	36,200,058	\$	1,841,556	\$	2,181,844	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Local option, fuel, and communication services taxes

Utility services taxes

Franchise fees

Intergovernmental - unrestricted

Interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers, net

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Total net position at beginning of year, original Change in accounting principle - OPEB Total net position at beginning of year, restated Total net position at end of year

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Changes in Net Position											
	Primary Government										
C	Fovernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total						
\$	(3,431,895)	\$	-	\$	(3,431,895)						
	(1,310,820)		-		(1,310,820)						
	(1,204,449)		-		(1,204,449)						
	(2,115,809)		-		(2,115,809)						
	(9,642,870)		-		(9,642,870)						
	(8,207,008)		-		(8,207,008)						
	(2,661,235)		-		(2,661,235)						
	1,122,351		-		1,122,351						
	(954,628)		-		(954,628)						
	(28,406,363)		-		(28,406,363)						
	-		6,313,673		6,313,673						
	_		513,245		513,245						
	-		33,891		33,891						
	-		(9,131)		(9,131)						
			6,851,678		6,851,678						
\$	(28,406,363)	\$	6,851,678	\$	(21,554,685)						
	12,874,039		-		12,874,039						
	5,725,871		-		5,725,871						
	2,629,333		-		2,629,333						
	2,393,474		-		2,393,474						
	2,391,413		-		2,391,413						
	94,685		382,799		477,484						
	1,415,113		60,934		1,476,047						
	3,597,117		(3,597,117)		-						
	31,121,045		(3,153,384)		27,967,661						
	2,714,682		3,698,294		6,412,976						
	44,499,554		133,175,673		177,675,227						
	(1,214,280)		1,932,819		718,539						
	43,285,274		135,108,492		178,393,766						
\$	45,999,956	\$	138,806,786	\$	184,806,742						

Net (Expenses) Revenues and

City of Venice, Florida Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

	Gen	eral Fund	Streets	uildings and Renovations	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS			 					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1	2,944,750	\$ 2,107,653	\$ 197,982	\$ 13,616,558	\$	28,866,943	
Other cash		13,050	17,303,365	13,789,058	-		31,105,473	
Accounts receivable		423,001	-	-	2,333		425,334	
Interest receivable		159,232	9,975	7,980	-		177,187	
Due from other governments		332,203	9,853	-	374,091		716,147	
Prepaid items		7,359	-	-	-		7,359	
Inventory		30,740	 -	 -	 -		30,740	
Total assets	\$ 1	3,910,335	\$ 19,430,846	\$ 13,995,020	\$ 13,992,982	\$	61,329,183	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		467,148	\$ 268,718	\$ -	\$ 152,650	\$	888,516	
Accrued payroll		815,659	-	-	36,941		852,600	
Due to other governments		287,061	-	-	19		287,080	
Deposits and other liabilities		31,222	 	 -	 -		31,222	
Total liabilities		1,601,090	 268,718	 	 189,610		2,059,418	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory and prepayments		38,099	-	-	-		38,099	
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-	-	-	22,310		22,310	
Boating and waterway improvements		-	-	-	56,647		56,647	
Street improvements		-	19,162,128	-	267,675		19,429,803	
Capital improvements		-	-	13,797,038	5,127,943		18,924,981	
Building code enforcement		-	-	-	4,056,981		4,056,981	
Debt service		-	-	-	257,291		257,291	
Beach renourishment		-	-	-	2,581,572		2,581,572	
Committed to:								
Public safety		60,287	-	-	-		60,287	
Training and education		-	-	-	88,561		88,561	
Capital improvements		65,525	-	197,982	1,237,177		1,500,684	
Economic development		-	-	-	32,317		32,317	
Historic preservation		-	-	-	74,898		74,898	
Parks and recreation		14,427	-	-	-		14,427	
General government		50,562	-	-	-		50,562	
Assigned (litigation)		1,482,243	-	-	-		1,482,243	
Unassigned:								
General fund	1	0,598,102	 -	 -	 -		10,598,102	
Total fund balances	1	2,309,245	 19,162,128	 13,995,020	 13,803,372		59,269,765	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1	3,910,335	\$ 19,430,846	\$ 13,995,020	\$ 13,992,982	\$	61,329,183	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

City of Venice, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 59,269,765
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 105,015,577 (46,575,572)	58,440,005
Internal service funds (ISF's) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and workers compensation, to individual funds. The portion of the assets and liabilities of the ISF's primarily serving governmental funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		0.210.571
		9,210,571
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities are as follows:		
Bonds payable	(38,765,961)	
Compensated absences	(1,126,977)	(40, 065, 252)
Accrued interest on general obligation bonds	 (172,414)	(40,065,352)
In the government-wide financial statements, the City reports a liability for the amount that its single employer pension plans are underfunded. It also reports a liability for its proportionate share of the unfunded liability in the multiple employer pension plan in which it participates. Gains and losses on these plans are also sometimes deferred to be reported in a subsequent period. In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows and outflows are not reported, and a liability would only be reported if the required contributions were not made. Following is a summary of the differences:		
Net pension liabilities	(39,314,637)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	10,114,604	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (2,061,316)	(31,261,349)
In the government-wide financial statements, the City reports a liability for its accrued post-employment benefits obligation. Gains and losses on the plan are also sometimes deferred to be reported in a subsequent period. In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows and outflows are not reported, and a liability would only be reported if the required contributions were not made. Following is a summary of the differences:		
Net OPEB liability	(9,070,820)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	 (522,864)	 (9,593,684)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 45,999,956

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	General Fund	Streets	Buildings and Streets Renovation		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property tax	\$ 12,304,638	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 569,401	\$ 12,874,039
Local option, use and fuel taxes	407,994	-	-	4,164,233	4,572,227
Communications services tax	1,153,644	-	-	-	1,153,644
Utility services taxes	2,629,333	-	_	-	2,629,333
Franchise fees	2,393,474	_	_	_	2,393,474
Fees and fines	19,028	_	_	9,328	28,356
Licenses and permits	715,556	_	_	2,648,385	3,363,941
Intergovernmental	2,864,468	11,944	_	1,434,577	4,310,989
Charges for services	188,850	-	_	1,454,577	188,850
Investment income	(59,453)	40,400	15,771	96,202	92,920
Miscellaneous	1,218,397	40,400	15,771	131,778	1,350,175
Total revenues	23,835,929	52,344	15,771	9,053,904	32,957,948
Total revenues	23,033,729	52,544	13,771	9,055,904	52,957,948
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	4,354,065	-	_	1,558,717	5,912,782
Finance	1,255,050	-	-		1,255,050
Information services	1,124,900	-	_	_	1,124,900
Parks and recreation	1,471,784	_	_	_	1,471,784
Police	8,686,701	_		1,223	8,687,924
Fire	7,672,988	_	_	1,225	7,672,988
Public works	1,464,930	7,503	-	-	
	1,404,930	7,505	-	-	1,472,433
Beach renourishment	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				100 000	106 000
Principal	-	-	-	406,000	406,000
Interest	-	-	-	134,314	134,314
Bond issuance costs	-	338,155	334,909	-	673,064
Capital outlay	306,125	889,896	1,869,598	2,443,279	5,508,898
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	26,336,543	1,235,554	2,204,507	4,543,533	34,320,137
expenditures	(2,500,614)	(1,183,210)	(2,188,736)	4,510,371	(1,362,189)
-		()) -/	()	,,- ·	()/
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond issuance - at par	-	16,725,000	15,420,000	-	32,145,000
Bond premium	-	1,272,715	578,246	-	1,850,961
Transfers in	3,649,795	335,865	-	250,000	4,235,660
Transfers out	(76,017)		-	(1,792,634)	(1,868,651)
Net other financing sources (uses)	3,573,778	18,333,580	15,998,246	(1,542,634)	36,362,970
Net change in fund balances	1,073,164	17,150,370	13,809,510	2,967,737	35,000,781
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,236,081	2,011,758	185,510	10,835,635	24,268,984
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 12,309,245	\$ 19,162,128	\$ 13,995,020	\$ 13,803,372	\$ 59,269,765

See accompaning Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	35,000,781
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different	fferent because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, donated assets and asset disposals are accounted for differently in the two statements.			
Capital additions Donated assets Depreciation Disposals	\$ 5,508,898 375,085 (3,109,909) (1,742,106)		1,031,968
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Debt proceeds Principal paid	(33,995,961) 406,000	-	(33,589,961)
Certain long-term liabilities (and related deferred outflows/inflows) are recognized as expenses in the Statement of Activities as earned, but are recognized when current financial resources are used in the governmental funds. This amount is the net change during the year.			
Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits Pensions	(87,489) 545,007 (2,100,656)		(1,643,138)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as property and worker's compensation insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			2,062,282
Accrued interest is recognized as expenses in the Statement of Activities as incurred, but is recognized when current financial resources are used in the governmental funds. This amount is the net change in the accrued interest this year.			(147,250)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	2,714,682

	O	riginal Budget	I	Final Budget	A	ctual Amounts	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Property tax	\$	12,080,974	\$	12,080,974	\$	12,304,638	\$	223,664
Local option, use and fuel taxes		461,629		461,629		407,994		(53,635)
Communications services tax		1,117,623		1,117,623		1,153,644		36,021
Utility service taxes		2,452,927		2,452,927		2,629,333		176,406
Franchise fees		2,276,981		2,276,981		2,393,474		116,493
Fees and fines		22,528		22,528		19,028		(3,500)
Licenses and permits		548,946		548,946		715,556		166,610
Intergovernmental		2,760,257		2,760,257		2,864,468		104,211
Charges for services		92,984		92,984		188,850		95,866
Investment income		132,210		132,210		(59,453)		(191,663)
Miscellaneous		1,146,106		1,146,106		1,218,397		72,291
Total revenues		23,093,165		23,093,165		23,835,929		742,764
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		4,803,160		4,942,310		4,354,065		588,245
Finance		1,374,483		1,374,483		1,255,050		119,433
Information services		1,170,555		1,172,235		1,124,900		47,335
Parks and recreation		1,377,605		1,455,101		1,471,784		(16,683)
Police		8,535,163		8,555,557		8,686,701		(131,144)
Fire		7,581,646		7,626,646		7,672,988		(46,342)
Public works		1,360,176		1,574,086		1,464,930		109,156
Capital outlay		45,000		270,234		306,125		(35,891)
Total expenditures		26,247,788		26,970,652		26,336,543		634,109
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,154,623)		(3,877,487)		(2,500,614)		1,376,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		3,649,795		3,649,795		3,649,795		-
Transfers out		(76,017)		(76,017)		(76,017)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		3,573,778	_	3,573,778	_	3,573,778		-
Net change in fund balances		419,155		(303,709)		1,073,164		1,376,873
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,236,081		11,236,081		11,236,081		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	11,655,236	\$	10,932,372	\$	12,309,245	\$	1,376,873

See accompaning Notes to Financial Statements.



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City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2017

	Wa	iter and Sewer Utility	S	olid Waste	Airport
ASSETS		ÿ			 F
Current assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$	25,936,960	\$	2,556,510	\$ 4,084,169
Other cash		-		-	100
Accounts receivable		2,789,152		742,312	7,009
Due from other governments		6,467		-	202,355
Prepaid items		-		-	-
Inventories		644,177		-	-
Total current assets		29,376,756		3,298,822	 4,293,633
Noncurrent assets:					
Pooled cash and investments - Restricted		10,994,683		-	3,416,445
Capital assets:					
Land		956,663		220,000	-
Construction in progress		9,831,010		-	638,214
Buildings		3,970,284		12,500	6,161,716
Improvements other than buildings		146,132,738		59,268	29,714,996
Machinery and equipment		9,588,224		4,610,264	798,156
Less accumulated depreciation		(70,538,068)		(3,842,547)	(12,014,171)
Total capital assets		99,940,851		1,059,485	 25,298,911
Total noncurrent assets		110,935,534		1,059,485	 28,715,356
Total assets		140,312,290		4,358,307	 33,008,989
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,689,130		610,936	218,535

Business-Type Activities

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

	Business-Type Activities				overnmental Activities
St	torm Water Drainage	То	tal Enterprise Funds	Int	ernal Service Funds
\$	1,886,157	\$	34,463,796	\$	7,921,104
	-		100		38,117
	186,675		3,725,148		28,072
	-		208,822		-
	-		-		178,493
	-		644,177		-
	2,072,832		39,042,043		8,165,786
			14,411,128		-
	1,451,835		2,628,498		_
	120,481		10,589,705		-
			10,144,500		-
	8,730,899		184,637,901		-
	549,495		15,546,139		3,068,558
	(3,678,960)		(90,073,746)		(949,381)
	7,173,750		133,472,997		2,119,177
	7,173,750		147,884,125		2,119,177
	9,246,582		186,926,168		10,284,963
	181,108		2,699,709		-

continued

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities						
	Wa	ter and Sewer Utility	S	Solid Waste		Airport	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	1,674,712	\$	283,490	\$	197,405	
Accrued liabilities		217,558		56,262		170,982	
Accrued interest payable		448,726		-		-	
Accrued insurance claims		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		104,368		-		5,992	
Customer deposits		717,963		130,697		-	
Compensated absences		137,963		64,388		6,728	
Notes payable		496,498		-		-	
Bonds payable		950,000		-		-	
Total current liabilities		4,747,788		534,837		381,107	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences		137,963		64,388		6,727	
Net pension liabilities		3,010,381		1,088,816		389,478	
Net OPEB obligation		1,089,917		290,953		100,151	
Notes payable		3,226,273		-		-	
Bonds payable		34,927,500		-		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		42,392,034		1,444,157		496,356	
Total liabilities		47,139,822		1,978,994		877,463	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to pensions		131,979		47,735		17,075	
Related to OPEB		62,854		16,773		5,776	
Total deferred inflows		194,833		64,508		22,851	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		65,455,757		1,059,485		25,298,911	
Restricted for:		00,100,707		1,009,100		20,270,711	
Capital projects		4,879,505		_		3,416,445	
Renewal and replacement		1,000,000		-			
Unrestricted		23,331,503		1,866,256		3,611,854	
Total net position	\$	94,666,765	\$	2,925,741	\$	32,327,210	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Business-Type Activities					overnmental Activities
SI	torm Water Drainage	To	tal Enterprise Funds	Int	ernal Service Funds
\$	75,560	\$	2,231,167	\$	296,810
	15,408		460,210		19,524
	-		448,726		-
	-		-		758,058
	-		110,360		-
	-		848,660		-
	-		209,079		-
	-		496,498		-
	-		950,000		-
	90,968		5,754,700		1,074,392
	-		209,078		-
	322,772		4,811,447		-
	106,585		1,587,606		-
	-		3,226,273		-
	-		34,927,500		-
	429,357		44,761,904		-
	520,325		50,516,604		1,074,392
	14,151		210,940		-
	6,144		91,547		-
	20,295		302,487		-
			<u> </u>		
	7,173,750		98,987,903		2,119,177
	_		8,295,950		-
	-		1,000,000		-
_	1,713,320	_	30,522,933	_	7,091,394
\$	8,887,070	\$	138,806,786	\$	9,210,571
_	-,,	Ŧ	-,,	-	- , - ,

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities					
	Water and Sewer Utility	Solid Waste	Airport			
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 22,002,940	\$ 5,636,636	\$ -			
Rentals	-	-	1,899,706			
Miscellaneous	1,341,159	109,690	92,915			
Total operating revenues	23,344,099	5,746,326	1,992,621			
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	5,209,637	2,010,722	681,694			
Insurance	436,644	257,245	99,456			
Professional/contractual services	972,375	1,325,988	239,477			
Claims	-	-	-			
Repair and maintenance	1,046,973	678,664	105,078			
Utilities	798,346	10,071	97,864			
Other services and charges	1,822,800	501,756	120,636			
Depreciation	4,599,859	448,635	1,119,772			
Total operating expenses	14,886,634	5,233,081	2,463,977			
Operating income (loss)	8,457,465	513,245	(471,356)			
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest earnings	290,421	22,809	53,773			
Disposition of capital assets	20,058	31,375	6,173			
Cleanup project	(1,986,465)	-	-			
Interest expense	(1,361,895)					
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(3,037,881)	54,184	59,946			
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	5,419,584	567,429	(411,410)			
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Developer capital contributions	1,204,568	-	-			
Federal and state grants		-	505,247			
Total capital contributions	1,204,568		505,247			
TRANSFERS						
Transfers in	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(1,645,862)	(1,281,425)	(363,367)			
Net transfers	(1,645,862)	(1,281,425)	(363,367)			
Change in net position	4,978,290	(713,996)	(269,530)			
Total net position at beginning of year, original	88,454,222	3,108,294	32,415,516			
Change in accounting principle - OPEB	1,234,253	531,443	181,224			
Total net position at beginning of year, restated	89,688,475	3,639,737	32,596,740			
Total net position at end of year	\$ 94,666,765	\$ 2,925,741	\$ 32,327,210			

	Business-Ty	pe Activities	
S	torm Water Drainage	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
\$	1,498,468	\$ 29,138,044	\$ 8,417,576
φ	1,490,400	\$ 29,138,044 1,899,706	\$ 0,417,570
	150	1,543,914	- 244,550
	1,498,618		
	1,498,018	32,581,664	8,662,126
	567,505	8,469,558	257,840
	13,200	806,545	2,148,998
	91,086	2,628,926	453,784
	-	-	4,485,899
	298,941	2,129,656	5,230
	3,491	909,772	-
	83,003	2,528,195	136,622
	450,523	6,618,789	464,453
	1,507,749	24,091,441	7,952,826
	(9,131)	8,490,223	709,300
		, ,	,
	15,796	382,799	57,936
	3,328	60,934	64,938
	-	(1,986,465)	-
	-	(1,361,895)	
	19,124	(2,904,627)	122,874
	9,993	5,585,596	832,174
	-	1,204,568	-
	-	505,247	-
	-	1,709,815	-
	-	-	1,230,108
	(306,463)	(3,597,117)	-
	(306,463)	(3,597,117)	1,230,108
	(296,470)	3,698,294	2,062,282
	9,197,641	133,175,673	7,148,289
	(14,101)	1,932,819	-
	9,183,540	135,108,492	7,148,289
\$	8,887,070	\$ 138,806,786	\$ 9,210,571

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Business-	type Ac	tivities - Enterp	rise Fun	ds
	Wa	ter and Sewer	J 1	r		
		Utility	S	olid Waste		Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	23,050,213	\$	5,615,069	\$	1,987,602
Payments to suppliers	ψ	(5,424,563)	φ	(2,679,248)	φ	(626,726)
Payments to employees		(5,037,078)		(1,883,272)		(631,987)
Claims paid		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		12,588,572		1,052,549		728,889
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in from other funds		-		-		-
Transfers out to other funds		(1,645,862)		(1,281,425)		(363,367)
Cleanup project		(1,986,465)		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		(3,632,327)		(1,281,425)		(363,367)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Note proceeds		1,271,771		-		-
Purchases of capital assets		(5,753,281)		(166,404)		(742,661)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		20,058		31,375		6,173
Principal paid on notes		(386,000)		-		-
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(905,000)		-		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds and notes		(1,467,550)		-		-
Capital grants		- (7.220.002)		(125.020)		505,247
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(7,220,002)		(135,029)		(231,241)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		a (a a a)				
Interest earnings		342,288		27,120		64,615
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		342,288		27,120		64,615
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,078,531		(336,785)		198,896
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		34,853,112		2,893,295		7,301,818
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	36,931,643	\$	2,556,510	\$	7,500,714
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	25,936,960	\$	2,556,510	\$	4,084,169
Other cash		-		-		100
Pooled cash and investments - restricted		10,994,683		-	-	3,416,445
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	36,931,643	\$	2,556,510	\$	7,500,714
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:	¢	0 457 465	¢	512 245	¢	(471.257)
Operating income (loss)	\$	8,457,465	\$	513,245	\$	(471,356)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		4,599,859		448,635		1 1 1 0 772
Pension adjustments		4,399,839 267,189		129,208		1,119,772 45,535
OPEB adjustments		(65,516)		(17,484)		(6,020)
-						
Change in assets and liabilities:		(201 527)		(121 257)		(5.140)
Accounts receivable		(391,537)		(131,257)		(5,149)
Inventory		90,925		-		- (979 7)
Due from other governments Prenaid items		(4,162)		-		(7,878)
Prepaid items		- (456,499)		- 86,890		43,663
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		,		86,890 5,998		
		(10,166) (18,948)		5,998 9,728		9,448 744
Compensated absences		(18,948) 97,651		9,128		130
		9/011		-		150
Due to other governments Customer deposits				7 586		
Customer deposits Accrued claims		22,311		7,586		728,889

Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund recognized \$1,204,568 in utility line donations through capital contributions.

	Business-typ	e Acti	vities	G	overnmental Activities
S	torm Water			In	ternal Service
	Drainage		Totals		Funds
¢	1 4 61 000	¢	00 110 000	¢	0.444.004
\$	1,461,009	\$	32,113,893	\$	8,661,924
	(418,557)		(9,149,094)		(3,121,109)
	(501,765)		(8,054,102)		(245,376)
	540,687		14,910,697		(4,404,881) 890,558
	540,087		14,910,097		890,558
	-		-		1,230,108
	(306,463)		(3,597,117)		-
	-		(1,986,465)		-
	(306,463)		(5,583,582)		1,230,108
	_		1,271,771		_
	(195,253)		(6,857,599)		(1,165,175)
	3,328		60,934		43,288
	5,520		(386,000)		
	-		(905,000)		-
	-		(1,467,550)		-
	-		505,247		-
	(191,925)		(7,778,197)		(1,121,887)
			(1)		())/
	18,515		452,538		67,457
	18,515		452,538		67,457
	60,814		2,001,456		1,066,236
\$	1,825,343	\$	46,873,568	¢	6,892,985
¢	1,886,157	¢	48,875,024	\$	7,959,221
\$	1,886,157	\$	34,463,796	\$	7,921,104
	-		100		38,117
	-		14,411,128		-
\$	1,886,157	\$	48,875,024	\$	7,959,221
			_		
\$	(9,131)	\$	8,490,223	\$	709,300
Ψ	(),131)	Ψ	0, 190,220	Ψ	, 0,,000
	450,523		6,618,789		464,453
	66,664		508,596		-
	(6,404)		(95,424)		-
	(37,609)		(565,552)		(202)
	-		90,925		-
	-		(12,040)		-
	-		-		(4,092)
	71,164		(254,782)		(372,383)
	5,480		10,760		12,464
	-		(8,476)		-
	-		97,781		-
	-		29,897		-
\$	540,687	\$	- 14,910,697	\$	81,018 890,558
φ	540,007	φ	14,710,077	φ	070,330

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2017

	Total Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,312,302
Receivables:	
Contributions	89,121
Interest and dividends	46,856
Total receivables	135,977
Investments, at fair value:	
U.S. Government and agency obligations	8,020,796
Mortgage-backed obligations	1,602,164
Domestic equities	21,893,979
Foreign equities	864,703
Corporate obligations	2,870,484
Fixed income mutual funds	1,074,247
Real estate investment funds	5,944,263
Domestic equity mutual funds	8,106,980
Foreign equity mutual funds	7,372,840
Unit investment trusts	52,439
Total investments	57,802,895
Total assets	59,251,174
NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 59,251,174

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Total Pension Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	3,767,243
Plan members		153,975
State of Florida (passed through general fund)		407,994
Total contributions		4,329,212
Investment income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		5,487,731
Interest		364,245
Dividends		986,576
Investment income (loss)		6,838,552
Less investment expenses		(315,486)
Net investment income		6,523,066
Total additions		10,852,278
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments		4,511,717
Administrative expense		122,376
Total deductions		4,634,093
Change in net position		6,218,185
Net position restricted for pension benefits at beginning of year		53,032,989
Net position restricted for pension benefits at end of year	\$	59,251,174

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



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NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Venice, Florida, (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. The financial reporting entity

The City of Venice, Florida, was established in 1927 as a municipality in the County of Sarasota, Florida, by Chapter 11776, Special Acts of 1925, Extraordinary Session, as amended. The City is functionally organized under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, water and sewer utilities, solid waste collection, public improvements, municipal airport administration, culture-recreation, building and zoning, storm water drainage, and general administrative services.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the City of Venice, Florida. No component units are included in these financial statements, as no entity meets the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The Mayor and/or City Council are responsible for appointing members of the Venice Housing Authority. However, the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond these appointments.

2. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The City's financial statements are prepared using the reporting model specified by GASB. As specified, the Basic Financial Statements (BFS) include both Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the GWFS since by definition these are being held for other parties and are not available for the City's operations. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has also been removed from the GWFS. Beginning in 2016, internal service fund net revenues/expenses have been combined entirely within the governmental activities category. In prior years, the net revenues/expenses of the internal service funds had been allocated between governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City, excluding those reported in the fiduciary funds. It is displayed in the format of assets, plus

deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources equals net position, with the assets and liabilities shown in order of their relative liquidity.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses for a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The general revenues support the net costs of the functions and segments not covered by program revenues.

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for as a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Separate Fund Financial Statements (FFS) are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of the FFS is on major funds. As such, the City's major governmental and enterprise funds are presented in separate columns within the FFS. Non-major funds are combined in a single column in the appropriate FFS, and fiduciary funds are shown by type. The City only has one type of fiduciary fund, the pension trust fund.

3. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The GWFS, the proprietary FFS and the fiduciary FFS are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. In enterprise funds, the revenues are from customers. In internal service funds, they are from within the City. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include personnel, professional, and contractual services, repair and maintenance, insurance and claims, utilities, depreciation, and other services and charges. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of *operating* are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental FFS are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This presentation is necessary to demonstrate: (1) legal and covenant compliance, (2) the sources and uses of liquid resources, and (3) how the City's actual revenues and expenditures conform to the annual budget. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available, generally, if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period (60 days for sales taxes and grants). Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, pensions, and OPEB, are recorded only when the liability is due.

Taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental revenues, certain fines and fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only at time of receipt.

Because the governmental FFS are presented on a different basis of accounting than the GWFS, a reconciliation is provided immediately following each fund statement. These reconciliations explain the adjustments necessary to convert the governmental FFS into the governmental activities column of the GWFS.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

GASB sets forth minimum criteria for determination of major funds, i.e., a percentage of assets (plus deferred outflows of resources), liabilities (plus deferred inflows of resources), revenues, or expenditures/expenses of a fund category *and* of the governmental and enterprise funds combined. It also gives governments the option of displaying funds that do not meet this criteria as major funds.

Governmental funds are those through which most of the governmental functions of the City are financed. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Streets Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the cost of major road and street improvement capital projects. The projects are financed by a combination of revenue sources, including bond proceeds, motor fuel taxes, grants, and interest revenues.

The Buildings and Renovations Fund account for the cost of constructing new City buildings and/or major renovations to existing City buildings. The new public safety building project will be recorded in this fund, financed from bond proceeds and related investment earnings.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations: (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges; or (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water and Sewer Utility Fund* accounts for the activities associated with providing water and sewer services to the residents of the City. The City operates a sewage collection, treatment and disposal system, a water treatment plant and distribution system, and a reclaimed water distribution system.

The *Solid Waste Fund* accounts for the activities associated with providing waste collection and disposal services to the residents of the City, as well as recycling.

The Airport Fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations of the City's municipal airport.

The *Storm Water Drainage Fund* accounts for the activities of the storm water utility, which provides storm water drainage for the City. (While this fund does not meet the threshold to require inclusion as a major fund, the City believes that the information presented is of significant importance to the public to report as a major fund).

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major and other fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on governmental debt.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital projects, and certain other large projects or capital outlay.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. These include group health and life, workers' compensation, property and liability insurance, employee flexible spending accounts, and fleet replacement.

Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's firefighters' and police officers' pension trust funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to plan members.

4. Assets, deferred outflows or inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance

a) Deposits and investments

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and transaction basis. Each fund's portion of the pool is reflected in the balance sheets or statements of net position as "pooled cash and investments." Small amounts of cash and certain bond proceeds that are not in the pool, and are reported separately as "other cash and investments." The investments of the pension trust funds are held by an investment custodian selected by the respective pension boards, and therefore are not pooled with other funds of the City.

Investment earnings from the pool are distributed monthly to each fund based upon the fund's average monthly balance within the pool. Funds that borrow from the pool receive a negative earnings allocation.

The City's cash and investment pool includes U. S. Treasury and agency securities, deposits at local government investment pools, and interest-bearing time deposits with financial institutions who qualify as "authorized depositories" under Florida law. The pension trust funds have broader investment options, including corporate stocks and bonds, mutual funds, real estate securities, and foreign investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, generally using a market approach. The hierarchy used to measure fair value prioritizes the inputs into three categories – level 1, level 2, and level 3 inputs – considering the relative reliability of the inputs, as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices, that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs.

The valuations used for the City's (and pension trust fund) investments were obtained through third party custodians. Level 2 market values were determined by the City's investment advisors/custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include pooled cash and investments, and other cash.

c) Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

d) Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost (using average cost) in both governmental and proprietary fund types. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the GWFS and FFS.

e) Restricted assets

Certain pooled cash and investments are reported as restricted on the statements of net position. Restricted assets in the Airport Fund are from prior airport property sales and are restricted for FAA-approved capital improvements. Restricted assets in the Water and Sewer Utility Fund include capital improvement fees that are restricted to capital expansion, and bond-related accounts. Following are the balances in these accounts at September 30, 2017:

Restricted Assets

2,853,953
2,261,225
1,000,000
4,879,505
10,994,683
3,416,445
14,411,128

f) Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the GWFS and the proprietary FFS. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life extending beyond one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. When material, interest incurred during the project construction phase for

capital assets financed with bond proceeds (in business-type activities and enterprise funds only) is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in 2017.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Building improvements	10-20
Water and sewer systems	10-50
Public domain infrastructure	50
Equipment	3-10

g) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These deferred outflows represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2017, consist of the following:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:	Florida Retirement System			Firefighters'		Police Officers'						
		FRS	HIS		Pension		Pension		OPEB		Total	
Related to pensions												
Employer contributions subsequent												
to measurement date	\$	377,748	\$	62,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	439,786
Changes in assumptions	5	,552,661		702,236		740,473		-		-		6,995,370
Differences between actual and												
expected experience	1	,516,350		-		-		-		-		1,516,350
Net difference between projected												
and actual investment earnings				2,771		-		-		-		2,771
Changes in proportion differences	2	,836,695		1,023,341		-		-		-		3,860,036
Total	\$10	,283,454	\$	1,790,386	\$	740,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,814,313

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These deferred inflows represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow (revenue) until then. Deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2017, consist of the following:

Deferred Inflows of Resources:	Florida Retirement System			Fi	refighters'	Poli	ce Officers'				
		FRS	HIS			Pension]	Pension	 OPEB	Total	
Related to pensions											
Changes in assumptions	\$	-	\$	431,991	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	431,991
Differences between actual and											
expected experience		91,525		10,402		234,609		-	-		336,536
Net difference between projected											
and actual investment earnings		409,464		-		194,703		899,562	 -		1,503,729
		500,989		442,393		429,312		899,562	 -		2,272,256
Related to OPEB											
Differences between actual and											
expected experience		-		-		-		-	 614,411		614,411
		-		-		-		-	 614,411		614,411
Total	\$	500,989	\$	442,393	\$	429,312	\$	899,562	\$ 614,411	\$	2,886,667

h) Accounts payable

Accounts payable include trade and contract obligations due shortly after year-end. Accounts payable at September 30, 2017 also includes retainage payable of \$397,936.

i) Compensated absences and other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay, and other employee benefit amounts. These amounts are accrued when incurred in the GWFS and proprietary FFS. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

OPEB refers to postemployment benefits other than pension benefits and includes postemployment healthcare benefits and life insurance. Like pensions, OPEB arises from an exchange of salaries and benefits for employee services rendered and constitute part of compensation for those services. These amounts are accrued when incurred in the GWFS and proprietary FFS.

j) Long-term obligations

In the GWFS and proprietary FFS, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the governmental FFS, the face amount of new debt issued and any related premium, are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures in the period incurred.

k) Net Pension Liabilities and Pension Cost

In the GWFS and proprietary FFS, net pension liabilities (NPL) represent the unfunded balance of the City's two single employer pension plans (the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund and the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund), *plus* the City's proportionate share of the unfunded balance of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the cost-sharing retirement system in which the City participates. These unfunded balances are considered obligations of the employer (the City). They represent the present value of projected benefit payments attributed to services through the measurement date *less* the balance of plan investments at that date. In the case of the City's two single employer plans, the measurement date is the same as the City's year-end. In the case of the FRS, the measurement date coincides with the FRS June 30 fiscal year, three months prior to the City's year-end.

In the governmental FFS, pension cost (expenditure) is the actuarially determined required contribution to each plan. In the GWFS and the proprietary FFS, pension cost is on the full *accrual* basis, and therefore includes the current year adjustments to the NPL, as well as the current year changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, discussed above. Total pension cost – all plans was \$7,549,206 for 2017.

l) Fund Balance and Net Position

In the FFS, governmental funds classify *fund balance* in a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which constraints have been placed on the spending of the fund revenues. Fund balances are reported in governmental FFS in the following classifications:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* Represents fund balance that is either (a) not in a spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as an endowment.
- *Restricted fund balance* Consists of amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by law, or by the external providers of those resources (such as grantors, bondholders), or by the City as a result of enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* Represents amounts constrained to specific purposes based on a formal action (ordinance) of the highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council). When reported as committed, the amounts will only be able to be used for a *different* purpose if the City Council removes or changes the constraint with a similar formal action (ordinance).
- Assigned fund balance Amounts represent the intended use by the City Council or its designee. (To date, the City Council has not designated such by an individual or body for this purpose). To fall into this category, the purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the fund itself. Formal action is *not* necessary to impose, modify, or remove a constraint in this category. Additionally, this category is used to reflect the appropriation of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent years' budget. It is also used for residual balances in special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds.

• *Unassigned fund balance* – Represents the residual fund balance in the general fund, i.e., all amounts that have not been classified in the previous four categories. This category is also appropriate for deficit fund balances in other governmental funds, when applicable.

In the GWFS and the proprietary FFS, *net position* is displayed in three components: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of capital assets reduced by the outstanding principal balance of related debt. Restricted net position represents net assets (reduced by related debt) where constraints were placed on their use that are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the remainder of net position.

The City has a Fund Balance and Reserve Policy that states that it "will strive to maintain" an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and Building Permit Fund equivalent to three months' operating expenditures (25%), and an unrestricted net position of four months' operating expenses (33%) in each of the four enterprise funds. The policy requires that a replenishment plan be established when the balances fall below these targets.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned and finally unassigned funds as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise.

m) New Pronouncements

Beginning with this fiscal year 2017, the City early-implemented GASB Statement No. 75; *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, and changes the measurement and recognition of OPEB liabilities, including related deferred inflows/outflows. New note disclosures parallel the recent changes to the pension note disclosures.

Beginning with this fiscal year 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, as required. This statement requires the disclosure of certain information related to a City's tax abatement programs.

5. Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and
the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Certain unexpended, encumbered amounts are automatically carried over to the subsequent year, and do not require re-appropriation.

Not later than two months prior to the end of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, by fund. The Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and a final budget must be prepared and adopted by October 1, through the passage of an ordinance.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager has the authority to make line item transfers within fund budgets. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council can amend the budget as necessary throughout the year by adopting an amending ordinance in the same manner as the original budget adoption. The Council made one supplementary budgetary appropriation during the current year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (i.e., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end, which are payable from restricted or committed resources, are included in that same category of fund balance. Encumbrances payable from assigned or unassigned resources, are classified as committed in the fund balance section of the governmental balance sheets.

Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

No funds reported deficit fund balances or total net position at September 30, 2017.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Municipalities in Florida are required by Chapter 280 of the Florida statutes (the Security for Public Deposit Act), to generally limit deposits of operating funds to financial institutions which are "qualified public depositories' (QPD's) as defined in that statute. QPD's are required to collateralize these public deposits with federal depository insurance, eligible securities, or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. Any loss to the City on these deposits would be covered by the depository insurance, sale of the securities pledged as collateral, if necessary, and assessments against other similar QPD's, if necessary.

The City's investment guidelines have been defined in a written investment policy, approved by the City Council. The policy applies to the cash and investment pool, and to all funds of the City, except the pension trust funds. Following is a list of authorized investments under the policy, and portfolio concentration limits by investment type:

	Maximum
Authorized Investments	Concentration
Qualified intergovernmental investment pool	100%
U.S. government securities	100%
Specific U.S. government agency securities	80%
Time and savings accounts in QPD's	85%
Certain repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements	30%
Highest-rated, registered money market funds	100%
Bankers Acceptances	10%
State or local government obligations	30%

At September 30, 2017, the City had the following deposits and investments:

I and the set of the set		Market		
Investment Type Pooled Cash and Investments:		Value		
Deposits				
Financial Institutions	\$	4,058,794		
Bank Money Market Accounts	Ψ	19,476,990		
Certificates of Deposit		4,000,000		
Total Deposits		27,535,784		
Total Deposits		27,333,784	Waishtad Avanaga	Hispanshy
T (Weighted Average	Hierarchy
Investments			Maturity	Level
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust:		4 001 550	25 D	
Florida SAFE Fund		4,091,553	25 Days	Not Applicable
Term Series Program		8,000,000	201 Days	Not Applicable
State Board of Administration - PRIME		18,242,115	52 Days	Not Applicable
U.S. government agency securities		27,793,519	1.73 Years	1
Total Investments		58,127,187		
Total Pooled Cash and Investments		85,662,971		
Other Cash and Investments:				
Petty Cash	\$	13,150		
Financial Institutions		38,117		
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust:				
Florida SAFE Fund		4,092,423	25 Days	Not Applicable
Term Series Program		27,000,000	12 Days	Not Applicable
Total Other Cash and Investments		31,143,690		
Total - City	\$	116,806,661		

Money Market accounts are held at local financial institutions, and are available for immediate withdrawal, with no restrictions.

The Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (the Trust) is an interlocal governmental entity created under the laws of Florida to provide eligible units of local government with an investment vehicle to pool their surplus funds. It is a stable Net Asset Value investment pool, administered by a Board of Trustees selected by its local government members, and under the supervision of an Investment Advisor (PMA Financial Network, Inc.). The Finance Director for the City is a member of the Board. The Trust includes a liquid money market-like investment, called the Florida SAFE Fund (the Fund), and one or more Term Series portfolios, as may be established from time to time, each of which has a fixed duration. The Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) and managed by professional money managers. Florida PRIME invests exclusively in short-term, high-quality fixed income securities rated in the highest short-term rating category by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating agencies, or securities of comparable quality. Florida PRIME has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm.

The City has no unfunded commitments to either the Trust or Florida PRIME, and is allowed daily redemptions and investments with a 1-day minimum holding period.

Following is a discussion of the various risks applicable to the City's investments (excluding the pension trust funds), and how the City responds to those risks.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk exists when changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. When interest rates rise, the value of fixed rate securities fall. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by reducing the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio during periods of rising interest rates. In addition, unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City does not invest in securities maturing more than five years from date of purchase. Finally, the City uses a one-year treasury bond benchmark rate to measure performance.

Credit risk – Credit quality risk results from potential default of investments that are not financially sound. The City assures the credit quality of its portfolio by investing in state-approved investment pools and U.S. government/agency securities. In addition, the investment policy requires specific ratings for investments in money market funds, bankers' acceptances, and state/local government obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy generally requires independent third party custodians, and for investments to be held in the city's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the dollar amount of investments with a single issuer. The table above shows the maximum portfolio

concentration by investment type. With the exception of the U.S. government securities, each investment type is then further diversified by issuer.

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to domestic securities.

Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Boards of Trustees (the Boards) of the Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds (the Funds) have each adopted Investment Policy Statements that are required to be followed by the professional investment managers that select the Funds' investments. These managers select specific investments within the authorized categories and asset allocation ranges established by the Boards. Certain investments require specific Board approval.

Authorized Investments

Authorized investments for both Funds include the following:

- Equities traded on a national exchange or electronic network, but not more than 5% of Fund assets in any one company,
- Fixed income securities with at least 85% having a minimum rating of investment grade or higher as reported by a major credit rating service, but not more than 3% of Fund assets in bonds issued by any single corporation,
- Real estate investments managed by experienced and qualified professional real property investment managers,
- Money market funds or STIF options with a minimum rating of A1/P1 or equivalent, by a major credit rating service,
- Pooled funds, such as Board approved mutual funds, commingled funds, and exchange-traded funds, limited partnerships, and private equity,
- Board approved group trusts meeting the requirements of Internal Revenue Service Revenue Ruling 81-100, or successor rulings.

Investment Objectives

The general investment objective for both Funds is to obtain a reasonable rate of return commensurate with the Prudent Investor Rule and any other applicable statutes or ordinances. Specific investment performance objectives include the following:

• The performance of the various asset classes in the portfolio will be compared to specified benchmarks on three and five-year rolling averages,

- On a relative basis, it is expected that the total portfolio will rank in the top 40th percentile of the appropriate peer universe over three and five-year time periods, and
- On an absolute basis, the total portfolio return will equal or exceed the actuarial earnings assumption (7.0%) and provide inflation protection by meeting Consumer Price Index plus 3%.

Target Allocations

The following is the policy's target allocation and allocation range:

	Firefi	ghters	Police Officers				
	Target		Target				
Asset Class	Allocation	Range	Allocation	Range			
Domestic equity	45%	40% - 60%	50%	40% - 70%			
International equity	15%	10% - 20%	15%	5% - 20%			
Broad market fixed income	25%	20% - 30%	25%	20% - 40%			
Global fixed income	5%	0% - 10%	-	-			
Real estate	10%	0% - 15%	10%	0% - 15%			
Total	100%		100%				

There are other performance objectives written into the Investment Policy Statement for each of the above categories.

Portfolio Composition

Investments are held by the Funds' custodians, trust companies having trust powers in the State of Florida. Investments in the Fund are reported at fair value. Level 2 hierarchy market values were determined by the custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques. Investment transactions are recognized on the trade date.

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As of September 30, 2017, the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund had the following investments:

		Weighted Average	
		Maturity	Hierarchy
Investment Type	Fair Value	(Years)	Level
U. S. Government & agency obligations	\$ 4,097,654	4.48	1
Mortgage-backed obligations	663,558	9.33	2
Corporate obligations	 603,054	4.42	2
Total fair value	 5,364,266		
Investments not subject to risk disclosures:			
Fixed income mutual funds	1,074,247		1
Domestic equities	1,798,137		1
Foreign equities	83,121		1
Domestic equity mutual funds	8,106,980		1
Real estate investment fund	2,385,187		Not Applicable
Foreign equity mutual fund	3,467,630		1
Unit investment trusts	 52,439		1
Total investments	\$ 22,332,007		

The U.S. Government and agency obligations, and mortgage-backed obligations shown above were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services at September 30, 2017. The corporate obligations in the year-end portfolio were rated Aa1 to A3 by Moody's Investor Services and AA+ to BBB+ by Standard and Poor's.

The real estate investment fund has no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2017. The redemption frequency is quarterly and requires 10 days' notice. The fund is valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

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		Weighted Average	
		Maturity	Hierarchy
Investment Type	 Fair Value	(Years)	Level
U. S. Government & agency obligations	\$ 3,923,142	11.62	1
Mortgage-backed obligations	938,606	12.14	2
Corporate obligations	 2,267,430	4.09	2
Total fair value	7,129,178		
Investments not subject to risk disclosures:			
Domestic equities	20,095,842		1
Foreign equities	781,582		1
Real estate investment fund	3,559,076		Not Applicable
Foreign equity mutual fund	 3,905,210		1
Total investments	\$ 35,470,888		

At September 30, 2017, the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund had the following investments:

The U.S. Government and agency obligations, and mortgage-backed obligations shown above were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services and AAA to AA+ by Standard and Poor's at September 30, 2017. The corporate obligations in the year-end portfolio were rated Aa1 to Baa1 by Moody's Investor Services and AA+ to BBB+ by Standard and Poor's.

The real estate investment fund has no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2017. The redemption frequency is quarterly and requires 30 days' notice. The fund is valued at the NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Investment Risks

The Investment Policy Statements adopted by the Funds do not further address how the Funds manage interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk. The Funds use investment performance monitors and independent third party custodians, and require investments be held in the Funds' name. Acquisitions of foreign investments are denominated in US dollars.

NOTE D – PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year on real and personal property located within the City. Property taxes are based on the assessed values determined by the Sarasota County Property Appraiser as of the prior January 1, and millage rates approved by the City Council during the annual budget process. The State of Florida permits the City to levy taxes for the general fund

of up to 10 mills annually. For the 2017 fiscal year, the City levied taxes of 3.60 mills for the general fund and an additional 0.166 mills for debt service on the 2014 general obligation bonds.

The Sarasota County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City. Taxes are due and payable upon receipt of the notice of levy, no later than March 31. Taxes become delinquent on April 1. If still unpaid on May 31, a lien is placed on the property and a related tax certificate is offered for sale at public auction. Any proceeds from the auction are remitted to the City in June.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are levied. Receivables are not recorded for delinquent taxes, as the amount is not considered significant.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

July 1	Assessment roll validated.
September 30	Millage resolution approved.
October 1	Beginning of fiscal year for which tax is to be levied.
November 1	Tax bills rendered and due.
November 1 – March 31	Property taxes due with various discount rates.
April 1	Taxes delinquent.
May 31	Tax certificates sold by County.

Property Tax Abatements

In 2010, the City established Economic development policy guidelines governing the granting of ad valorem tax exemptions to qualifying businesses.

Two businesses currently receive partial property tax exemptions under the program. For 2017, property taxes totaling \$26,812 were abated on property valued at \$8.2 million.

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NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning					Ending
	 Balance	Increases		eases Decreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 13,712,811	\$	1,869,158	\$	-	\$ 15,581,969
Construction in progress	 4,034,925		2,589,946		4,446,166	2,178,705
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 17,747,736		4,459,104		4,446,166	17,760,674
Other capital assets:						
Buildings	19,125,893		700,023		-	19,825,916
Other improvements	27,902,410		2,871,622		-	30,774,032
Machinery and equipment	13,256,318		1,670,982		557,118	14,370,182
Infrastructure	 25,301,844		51,487		-	25,353,331
Total other capital assets - at cost	 85,586,465		5,294,114		557,118	90,323,461
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	7,568,053		533,578		-	8,101,631
Other improvements	13,999,088		1,223,974		-	15,223,062
Machinery and equipment	9,698,136		1,352,521		557,118	10,493,539
Infrastructure	 13,242,432		464,289		-	13,706,721
Total accumulated depreciation	 44,507,709		3,574,362		557,118	47,524,953
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 58,826,492	\$	6,178,856	\$	4,446,166	\$ 60,559,182

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 267,128
Information services	69,827
Parks and recreation	721,145
Police	372,639
Fire	442,021
Public works	 1,701,602
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3,574,362

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

Business-type activities:

	Beginning					Ending	
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,628,498	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,628,498
Construction in progress		37,678,400		5,862,803		32,951,498	10,589,705
Total capital assets not being depreciated		40,306,898		5,862,803		32,951,498	13,218,203
Other capital assets:							
Buildings		10,035,129		150,369		40,998	10,144,500
Other improvements		150,455,484		34,182,417		-	184,637,901
Machinery and equipment		15,232,602		818,076		504,539	15,546,139
Total other capital assets - at cost		175,723,215		35,150,862		545,537	210,328,540
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		5,767,036		202,653		40,998	5,928,691
Other improvements		66,879,202		4,547,150		-	71,426,352
Machinery and equipment		11,354,256		1,868,986		504,539	12,718,703
Total accumulated depreciation		84,000,494		6,618,789		545,537	90,073,746
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	132,029,619	\$	34,394,876	\$	32,951,498	\$ 133,472,997

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer utility	\$ 4,599,859
Solid waste	448,635
Airport	1,119,772
Storm water drainage	 450,523
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 6,618,789

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Commitments

Commitments for uncompleted construction projects at September 30, 2017 consist of the following:

		Amounts	Expended to]	Remaining
Fund	ŀ	Authorized		Date	C	ommitment
General	\$	247,412	\$	181,887	\$	65,525
One Cent Sales Tax		919,671		831,496		88,175
Building Fund		253,760		231,340		22,420
Capital Projects - General		31,905		11,465		20,440
Capital Projects - Streets		8,170,834		922,077		7,248,757
Capital Projects - Building		440		440		-
Water and Sewer Utility		13,553,446		9,900,440		3,653,006
Airport		6,821,361		638,214		6,183,147
Storm Water Drainage		145,810		120,481		25,329
Total	\$	30,144,639	\$	12,837,840	\$	17,306,799

The above remaining commitments have been encumbered in the City's accounting records and do not require further spending authorization. Additional amounts totaling \$125,276 in the General Fund have also been encumbered, and are reported as committed fund balance at September 30, 2017. Non-construction related encumbrances in other funds are as follows:

	I	Additional
	Ene	cumbrances
General	\$	125,276
One Cent Sales Tax		312,751
Building Fund		55,023
Capital Projects - General		115,075
Capital Projects - Streets		-
Capital Projects - Building		-
Water and Sewer Utility		2,073,870
Airport		346,147
Storm Water Drainage		(17,467)
Solid Waste		189,374
Employees Group Health		2,500
Fleet Replacement		292,227
Total	\$	3,494,776

NOTE F – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2017, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Due to and due from other funds, are short-term loans usually to cover a temporary cash deficit in a fund. This may occur when a fund has made grant-related expenditures and is waiting on reimbursement, or for other reasons. There were no interfund short-term loans outstanding at September 30, 2017.

Interfund Transfers:

Transfers are used for the following purposes:

- (1) to move restricted revenues from the funds where they are deposited to the funds where they are budgeted for expenditure,
- (2) to move indirect costs (administrative charges) from the user departments to the general fund,
- (3) to move funds from user departments to the fleet services fund for the city's fleet replacement program and associated costs,
- (4) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and
- (5) to provide fund working capital.

Following is a table of interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2017, with the purpose noted by numerical reference to the above listing:

				Tra	ansfers In				
	General Fund		Streets Fund	Gov	on-major ernmental Funds	_	 Internal Service Funds	_	Totals
Transfers Out:									
General Fund	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-		\$ 76,017	(3)	\$ 76,017
Non-major Governmental Funds									
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	783,685	(1)	335,865		-				1,119,550
One Cent Voted Sales Tax					250,000	(1)	-		250,000
Building Permits	366,223	(2)	-		-		37,000	(3)	403,223
Boat Registrations	13,285	(1)	-		-		-		13,285
Parking Fines	6,576	(1)	-		-		-		6,576
Water & Sewer Utilities Fund	1,466,342	(2)	-		-		179,520	(3)	1,645,862
Solid Waste Fund	571,425	(2)	-		-		710,000	(3)	1,281,425
Airport Fund	291,150	(2)	-		-		72,217	(3)	363,367
Storm Water Drainage Fund	 151,109	(2)	-		-		 155,354	(3)	306,463
Totals	\$ 3,649,795		\$ 335,865	\$	250,000		\$ 1,230,108		\$ 5,465,768

NOTE G – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

							Amounts
	Beginning				Ending	D	ue Within
Governmental activities:	Balance *	Additions	R	eductions	Balance	C	One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 5,176,000	\$ 32,145,000	\$	406,000	\$ 36,915,000	\$	1,121,000
Unamortized bond premium	-	1,850,961		-	1,850,961		-
Net pension liabilities:							
FRS and HIS	14,500,388	2,206,255		-	16,706,643		-
Firefighters' Pension	18,899,451	-		1,677,720	17,221,731		-
Police Officers' Pension	7,745,232	-		2,358,969	5,386,263		-
Compensated absences	1,039,488	837,325		749,836	1,126,977		563,489
Net OPEB liability	 10,138,691	-		1,067,871	9,070,820		-
Totals	\$ 57,499,250	\$ 37,039,541	\$	6,260,396	\$ 88,278,395	\$	1,684,489
Business-type activities:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 34,965,000	\$ -	\$	905,000	\$ 34,060,000	\$	950,000
Unamortized bond premium	1,908,641	-		91,141	1,817,500		-
Notes payable	2,837,000	1,271,771		386,000	3,722,771		496,498
Net pension liabilities:							
FRS and HIS	4,280,066	531,381		-	4,811,447		-
Compensated absences	426,633	293,536		302,012	418,157		209,079
Net OPEB liability	 1,774,577	-		186,971	1,587,606		-
Totals	\$ 46,191,917	\$ 2,096,688	\$	1,871,124	\$ 46,417,481	\$	1,655,577

* With the adoption of GASB #75, the beginning net OPEB obligation was restated as the beginning net OPEB liability an increase of \$718,539.

Payments on notes payable that pertain to the City's governmental activities are made by the debt service fund. The compensated absences liability, net pension liabilities, and net OPEB obligation attributed to the governmental activities, will be liquidated by the general fund.

The City's bonds and notes payable are described further in the tables on the following pages.

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Description	of Debt
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Governmental Activities:	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Premium
\$6,458,000 Recreation Capital Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2014. Issued at par. Interest is payable semi- annually on February 1 and August 1 at 2.66%, with principal due in annual installments of \$387,000 - \$545,000 beginning February 1, 2015 through February 1, 2028. The full faith, credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: construct a park, beach renourishment, community center improvements, and fishing pier.	\$ 4,770,000	\$-
\$15,420,000 General Obligation Bonds (Public Safety Improvements), Series 2017. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$578,246. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at coupon rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.36%), with principal due in annual installments of \$130,000 - \$815,000 beginning February 1, 2018 through February 1, 2047. The full faith and credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: financing the costs of certain public safety-related capital improvements.	15,420,000	578,246
\$16,725,000 General Obligation Bonds (Transportation Improvements), Series 2017. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$1,272,715. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at coupon rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.19%), with principal due in annual installments of \$565,000 - \$1,170,000 beginning February 1, 2018 through February 1, 2037. The full faith and credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: financing the costs of certain road and transportation-related capital		
improvements.	16,725,000	1,272,715
Total Governmental Activities - General Obligation Bonds	\$ 36,915,000	\$ 1,850,961
Business-Type Activities: Revenue Bonds: \$20,770,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$861,381. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 at coupon rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% (all- in true interest cost is 3.37%), with principal due in annual installments	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Premium
of \$375,000 - \$1,135,000 beginning December 1, 2013 through December 1, 2042. The Bonds are secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues. Purpose: finance cost of design, permitting, acquisition, construction, and reconstruction of water and sewer capital projects, fund reserve account, and pay costs of issuance.	19,195,000	724,996

Dusings Type Activities	C	Principal	Unamortized Premium		
Business-Type Activities:		Dutstanding		remium	
Revenue Bonds (Concluded): \$15,355,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds (Green Bonds) Series 2015. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$1,248,576. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 at coupon rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.23%), with principal due in annual installments of \$490,000 - \$1,080,000 beginning December 1, 2016 through December 1, 2035. The Bonds are secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with the Series 2012 Bonds (above) and the Series 2013 Note (below). Purpose: finance cost of acquisition, construction, and equipping of various capital improvements to the City's water and sewer utility system.		14,865,000		1,092,504	
Total Business-Type Activities - Revenue Bonds	\$	34,060,000	\$	1,817,500	
Revenue Notes: \$4,157,000 Utility System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013. Issued at par. Interest and principal are payable semi-annually with interest at 1.65% and principal due in installments of \$183,000 - \$124,000 through August 15, 2023. The Note is secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with the Series 2012 and 2015 Bonds (above). Purpose: Refunding of Series 2001 & Series 2002 SRF Loans, plus costs of issuance (original projects were wastewater re-use, utility upgrades and improvements.	\$	2,451,000	\$		
Up to \$3,488,057 State Revolving Fund (SRF) Construction Loan #DW 580430 from State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Draws are permitted as eligible project costs are incurred. Repayment is in 40 equal semi-annual payments beginning August 15, 2018 through February 15, 2038. The Note is secured by a junior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with other SRF Loans. Purpose: Qualified drinking water supply and distribution projects. Balance represents draws to date.		945,049		_	
Up to \$979,639 State Revolving Fund (SRF) Construction Loan #WW 580440 from State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Draws are permitted as eligible project costs are incurred. Repayment is in 40 equal semi-annual payments beginning July 15, 2018 through January 15, 2038. The Note is secured by a junior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with other SRF Loans. Purpose: Qualified reclaimed water distribution projects. Balance represents draws to date.		326,722		_	
Total Business-Type Activities - Revenue Notes	\$	3,722,771	\$	-	

Debt Maturity

Debt service requirements at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

Governmental Activities						
Bonds Payable						
Principal	Interest					
\$ 1,121,000	\$ 1,273,364					
1,279,000	1,290,673					
1,328,000	1,247,200					
1,372,000	1,199,197					
1,425,000	1,144,601					
8,090,000	4,738,736					
6,985,000	3,199,122					
8,235,000	1,892,891					
3,255,000	916,764					
3,825,000	331,172					
\$ 36,915,000	\$ 17,233,720					
	Bonds Principal \$ 1,121,000 1,279,000 1,328,000 1,372,000 1,425,000 8,090,000 6,985,000 8,235,000 3,255,000 3,825,000					

Year Ended	Bonds Payable			Notes Payable *				
September 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	950,000	\$	1,309,100	\$ 392,000	\$	38,833	
2019		990,000		1,267,725	398,000		32,340	
2020		1,035,000	1,224,400		405,000		25,740	
2021		1,080,000		1,173,875	412,000		19,033	
2022		1,130,000	1,121,875		418,000		12,210	
2023-2027		6,460,000		4,817,853	426,000		5,280	
2028-2032		7,885,000		3,393,619	-		-	
2033-2037		8,290,000		1,896,134	-		-	
2038-2042		5,105,000		681,409	-		-	
2043		1,135,000		20,572	 -		-	
Totals	\$	34,060,000	\$ 16,906,562		\$ 2,451,000	\$	133,436	

* Debt service on the SRF Notes is not included because the loans are not fully drawn. When the entire loan #DW 580430 is drawn, repayments will be \$95,013 semi-annually. When the entire loan #WW 580440 is drawn, repayments will be \$24,484 semi-annually.

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Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged future water and sewer utility net revenues toward the repayment of its water and sewer bonds and notes. Net revenues are defined in the bond/note resolutions, and include certain gross revenues, less operating costs (excluding depreciation) of the City's Water and Sewer Utility Fund. Following is information related to these pledged revenues as of September 30, 2017:

					Percentage
		Total	Current Year		of Revenues
	Revenue	Principal	Principal		to Principal
	Pledged	and Interest	and Interest	Current Year	and Interest
Pledged Revenue	Through	Outstanding	Paid	Net Revenues	Paid
Water/sewer net revenues	2043	\$ 55,139,130	\$ 2,687,453	\$13,347,745	496.7%

Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

During fiscal year 2016 the City issued \$3,850,000 Florida Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Island Village Montessori Charter School Project), Series 2016. The principal amount payable at September 30, 2017 is \$3,608,225.

The Health Care Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B (Bon Secours Health System, Inc. – hospital bonds) were paid off in the current year. The balance at September 30, 2017 was zero.

NOTE H – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City maintains two single-employer, public employee retirement systems. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans. Each plan is accounted for as a pension trust fund in the City's financial statements, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee contributions are due and a formal commitment has been made by the employer. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds issue annual financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the City Finance Director.

Certain employees of the City also participate in the Florida Retirement System, a multipleemployer cost-sharing, public retirement system. Required disclosures for these three retirement systems follow.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan description

The City of Venice, Municipal Firefighters' Pension Plan (the Plan), a defined benefit singleemployer public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with the City Charter and Florida Statute 175. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of:

- a) Two City Council appointees who are City residents,
- b) Two elected members of the City's fire department, and
- c) A fifth member elected by the other four and appointed by Council.

Eligible members of the Plan have full-time employment with the City as a firefighter. The Plan is closed to firefighters hired after September 30, 2014. Members active on September 30, 2014, were given the option of participating prospectively in the Florida Retirement System.

Following is a brief description of the changes in benefit terms and/or actuarial assumptions during the year ended September 30, 2017:

Benefit Changes:

• None

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• None

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2017

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	42
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	17
Active Plan members	22
Total	81

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of average final compensation times years of credited service, plus \$175 per month for members eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014. The benefit accrual rate is 2.75% for credited service on and after October 1, 2014 for members not eligible for normal retirement as of that date.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 50 and 10 years of credited service, or the completion of 20 years of credited service regardless of age for members with 10 or more years of credited service as of October 1, 2014. Early retirement is not available for members with less than 10 years of credited service as of that date.

Benefit: Deferred benefit payable at normal retirement date or reduced 2% per year and payable immediately.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board. Members are covered from date of employment for service-incurred disabilities and after five years of service for non-service disabilities.

Benefit: Greater of 2% times average final compensation times credited service, or 50% of average final compensation. Benefits are payable as a 100% joint and survivor annuity to spouse or children. Optional forms are available.

Pre-Retirement Death:

Eligibility: Coverage in effect from date of employment for service-incurred death and after five years of service for non-service incurred death.

Benefit: 50% of average final compensation paid to spouse until death, if service incurred, or until death or remarriage, if non-service incurred.

Minimum Benefit for Vested Members: Accrued benefit, less any spouse or surviving children benefits payable.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment:

Normal and early service retirees who retire after October 1, 1998 receive a 3.0% increase each year after retirement through age 65. For members not eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014, no cost-of-living adjustments are applicable to benefits based on credited service after that date.

Vesting (Termination):

Less than 10 years of contributing service: Refund of member contributions.

10 years or more: Accrued benefit payable at early retirement age or later if member contributions left in Plan; otherwise, refund of member contributions. Additionally, members are 100% vested for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014, regardless of accrued service as of that date.

Contributions

Employee: Required to contribute 7.00% of salary to the Plan.

State of Florida: 1.85% property insurance premium tax.

City of Venice: Remaining amount necessary for payment of normal (current year's) cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability, as provided in Part VII of Florida Statutes Chapter 112.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, contributions totaling \$2,740,721 were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of October 1, 2015. The City contributed \$2,429,378, members contributed \$118,053, and the State contributed \$193,290.

Net Pension Liability of the City (Firefighter's Plan)

The measurement date for the total/net pension liability is September 30, 2017, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for pension expense was October 1, 2016 to September 30, 2017. The components of the City's net pension liability at September 30, 2017, related to the Firefighters' Plan, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 40,292,294
Plan fiduciary net position	 (23,070,563)
City's net pension liability	\$ 17,221,731
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	57.26%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Service based
Discount Rate	7.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

- Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.
- Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

- Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.
- Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated April 29, 2007.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. (For 2017, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.5%). These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.50%
International Equity	15%	8.50%
Broad Market Fixed Income	25%	2.50%
Global Fixed Income	5%	3.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Firefighters' Plan)

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability	Net Pension Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$39,144,607	\$ 20,245,156	\$ 18,899,451	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	756,425	-	756,425	
Interest	2,719,112	-	2,719,112	
Change in excess State money	-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(232,436)	-	(232,436)	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	2,350,314	(2,350,314)	
Contributions - State	-	193,290	(193,290)	
Contributions - employee	-	118,053	(118,053)	
Net investment income	-	2,241,924	(2,241,924)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(2,095,414)	(2,095,414)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(61,907)	61,907	
Accrual adjustments		79,147	(79,147)	
Net Changes	1,147,687	2,825,407	(1,677,720)	
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$40,292,294 \$ 23,070,563 \$17,221,731			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease Rate 1% Incr (6.00%) (7.00%) (8.00%			
City's net pension liability - Firefighters' Pension	\$22,115,387	\$17,221,731	\$13,157,012	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Firefighters' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2017 the City recognized pension expense of \$1,340,730 for the Firefighters' Plan. At September 30, 2017, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 40,473	\$	(234,609)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments	,	-		(194,703)
Total	\$ 74	40,473	\$	(429,312)

Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year ended September 30:	
2018	\$ 531,223
2019	110,573
2020	(169,213)
2021	 (161,422)
Total	\$ 311,161

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan description

The City of Venice, Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan (the Plan), a defined benefit singleemployer public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with the City Charter and Florida Statute 185. The Plan is administered by a *Board of Trustees* comprised of:

- d) Two City Council appointees who are City residents,
- e) Two elected members of the City's police department, and
- f) A fifth member elected by the other four and appointed by Council.

Eligible members of the Plan have full-time employment with the City as a sworn police officer. The Plan is closed to police officers hired after September 30, 2014. Members active on September 30, 2014, were given the option of participating prospectively in the Florida Retirement System.

Following is a brief description of the changes in benefit terms and/or actuarial assumptions during the year ended September 30, 2017:

Benefit Changes:

• None

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• None

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2017

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	57
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	32
Active Plan members	6
Total	95

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 52 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of average final compensation times credited service through September 30, 2014, plus 2.75% of average final compensation for credited service on and after October 1, 2014, plus \$175 per month supplement. Members eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014 will continue to accrue benefits under Plan provisions in effect prior to Ordinance No. 2014-23.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. There is no early retirement option for members with less than 10 years of credited service as of October 1, 2014.

Benefit: Accrued benefit, reduced 2% per year preceding normal retirement date.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board. Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment. Non-Service Incurred: Covered after 5 years of credited service.

Benefit: 62.5% (service incurred), or 50% (non-service incurred) of salary (base hourly pay, plus shift differential plus incentive pay) at time of disability plus \$175 per month. Benefits are paid as a 100% joint and survivor annuity.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment. 62.5% of earnings paid to spouse until death, or if no spouse, in equal shares to dependent children.

Non-Service Incurred: Eligible after 5 years of credited service. 50% of earnings paid to spouse until death or remarriage, or if no spouse, in equal shares to dependent children.

Vesting (Termination):

Members are 100% vested for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.

Contributions

Employee: Required to contribute 7.00% of their salary to the Plan.

State of Florida: 0.85% casualty insurance premium tax.

City of Venice: Remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, over 30 years. In no event will City contributions be less than 12% of the total salary of the members.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, contributions totaling \$1,588,491 were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of October 1, 2015. The City contributed \$1,337,865, members contributed \$35,922, and the State contributed \$214,704.

Net Pension Liability of the City (Police Officers' Plan)

The measurement date for the total/net pension liability is September 30, 2017, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for pension expense was October 1, 2016 to September 30, 2017. The components of the City's net pension liability at September 30, 2017, related to the Police Officers' Plan, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 41,566,874
Plan fiduciary net position	 (36,180,611)
City's net pension liability	\$ 5,386,263
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	87.04%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	5.50% - 10.00%
Discount Rate	7.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

- Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.
- Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

- Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.
- Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated December 9, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. (For 2017, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.5%). These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	50%	7.50%
International Equity	15%	8.50%
Broad Market Fixed Income	25%	2.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made

at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Police Officers' Plan)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$40,533,065	\$ 32,787,833	\$ 7,745,232		
Changes for the Year:					
Service cost	196,691	-	196,691		
Interest	2,766,512	-	2,766,512		
Change in excess State money	-	-	-		
Differences between expected and actual experience	486,909	-	486,909		
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-		
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		
Contributions - employer	-	1,337,865	(1,337,865)		
Contributions - State	-	214,704	(214,704)		
Contributions - employee	-	35,922	(35,922)		
Net investment income	-	4,303,140	(4,303,140)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(2,416,303)	(2,416,303)	-		
Administrative expense		(60,469)	60,469		
Accrual adjustments		(22,081)	22,081		
Net Changes	1,033,809	3,392,778	(2,358,969)		
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$41,566,874	\$ 36,180,611	\$ 5,386,263		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current				
		Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
City's net pension liability -					
Police Officers' Pension	\$10,003,997	\$ 5,386,263	\$ 1,558,066		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Police Officers' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2017 the City recognized pension expense of \$2,078,442. At September 30, 2017 the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	Defe	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred	
	Outflo			Inflows of Resources	
	Resou				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on Plan investments		-		(899,562)	
Total	\$	_	\$	(899,562)	

Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year ended September 30:	
2017	\$ (35,695)
2018	170,442
2019	(626,184)
2020	 (408,125)
Total	\$ (899,562)

Effective October 1, 2014, the City elected to join the Florida Retirement System for new firefighters and police officers. Consequently, the City closed both the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund and the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund to new members effective October 1, 2014, and all firefighters and police officers hired on or after October 1, 2014, shall become members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in accordance with applicable state law and rules of the Florida Division of Retirement.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) is a single retirement system with two cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plans, a defined contribution plan, and other non-integrated programs.

The FRS Pension Plan was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, effective December 1, 1970, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The Department of

Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the FRS Pension Plan. The State Board of Administration invests the assets held in trust. The FRS Pension Plan was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). It was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002 (the Investment Plan).

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit plan to assist retired members in paying the costs of health insurance. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the HIS Program.

A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website at <u>http://www.dms.myflorida.com</u>.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recorded pension contributions of \$1,768,954 (all three plans). Following are required disclosures for each of the three FRS Plans in which the City participates.

The FRS Pension Plan

Membership

All full-time City employees who do not participate in either the City's Firefighter's Pension Plan or Police Officer's Pension Plan, are eligible to participate in the FRS Pension Plan (the Plan).

The general classes of membership applicable to the City are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- *Elected Officers Class (EOC)* Elected City Council members.
- *Special Risk Class* Members who are employed as law enforcement, fire/rescue and others who meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Members enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service.

Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the requirements listed below.

• *Regular Class, Senior Management Services Class, and Elected Officers' Class members* – For members initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, six or more years of creditable service and age 62, *or* the age after completing six years of creditable service if after age 62, *or* thirty years of creditable service regardless of age.

For members initially enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of creditable service and age 65, *or* the age after completing eight years of creditable service if after age 65, *or* thirty-three years of creditable service regardless of age.

• Special Risk Class – For members enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, six or more years of special risk class service and age 55, *or* the age after completing six years of special risk class service if after age 55, *or* twenty-five years of special risk class service regardless of age, *or* a total of 25 years of service including special risk class service and up to four years of active duty wartime service and age 52.

For members initially enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of special risk class service and age 60, *or* the age after completing eight years of special risk class service if after age 60, *or* thirty years of special risk class service regardless of age.

Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5 percent benefit reduction for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

The DROP is available under the FRS Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes. The DROP allows the member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. Upon termination, the DROP account is paid out as a lump sum payment, a rollover, or a combination of a lump sum payment and rollover.

Benefits Provided

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the benefit terms of the Plan. Benefits are computed based on age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for years of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The following chart gives the percentage value for each year of credited service earned:

(This section intentionally left blank)

	% Value
	(per year of service)
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68%
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2	011
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68%
Elected Officers Class	3.00%
Senior Management Service Class	2.00%
Special Risk Class	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00%
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00%

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July. The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before August 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, is the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a COLA after retirement.

Certain members are eligible for in-line-of duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Plan. Effective July 1, 2011, both employees and employers of the Plan are required to contribute to establish service credit for work performed in a regularly established position. Effective July 1, 2002, the Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS, covering both the Pension Plan and the Investment Plan. The uniform rates for the City's fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

(This section intentionally left blank)

	Year Ended June 30, 2017		Year Ended June 30, 2018		
	Percent of Gross Salary		Percent of Gross Salar		
Class	Employee Employer (1)		Employee	Employer (1)	
Regular Class	3.00	5.80	3.00	6.20	
Elected Officers Class	3.00	40.75	3.00	43.78	
Senior Management Service Class	3.00	20.05	3.00	20.99	
Special Risk Class	3.00	20.85	3.00	21.55	
DROP - Applicable to					
Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	11.33	0.00	11.60	
Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Investment Plan Members	0.00	2.83	0.00	3.30	

Notes: (1) These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions, but do not include contributions to the HIS Plan, or the fee of 0.06% for administration of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which the member is re-employed.

The City's contributions to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$1,454,335 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Employee contributions totaled \$380,510 for the same period, for a total contribution amount of \$1,834,845.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the FRS Pension Plan

At September 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$16,522,306 for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability (the net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits). The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2017 contributions relative to the 2017 contributions of all participating members (based on the June 30 Plan year). At June 30, 2017, the City's proportionate share of .0540% measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,533,362 related to the Plan. At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions subsequent		
to measurement date	\$ 377,748	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	5,552,661	-
Differences between actual and		
expected experience	1,516,350	91,525
Net difference between projected		
and actual investment earnings	-	409,464
Changes in proportion differences	2,836,695	-
Total	\$ 10,283,454	\$ 500,989

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Plan totaling \$377,748 as shown above, result from City contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2018	\$ 1,479,952
2019	2,901,286
2020	2,215,877
2021	927,383
2022	1,387,721
Thereafter	 492,498
Total	\$ 9,404,717

Actuarial Assumptions

The FRS Pension Plan has an actuarial valuation performed annually. The total pension liability was determined by the Plan's actuary using the individual entry age actuarial cost method, and reported in the Plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2017. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability was determined on the same basis used by the Plan. Update procedures were not used. Actuarial assumptions in the June 30, 2017 valuation included the following:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.10% net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.10% consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.50%, developed using capital market assumptions, and consistent with the current Florida State Board of Administration's investment policy, and 2) a long-term average inflation assumption of 2.60% as adopted in October 2017 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference.

The table below contains a summary of the actuary's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the Plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.8%
Fixed income	18%	4.5%	4.4%	4.2%
Global equity	53%	7.8%	6.6%	17.0%
Real Estate	10%	6.6%	5.9%	12.8%
Private equity	6%	11.5%	7.8%	30.0%
Strategic investments	12%	6.1%	5.6%	9.7%
Total	100%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.9%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The prior year discount rate was 7.60%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the actuarially determined contributions are contributed each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.10%) or one percentage point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase
	 (6.10%)	(7.10%)			(8.10%)
City's proportionate share					
of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 29,904,376	\$	16,522,306	\$	5,412,122

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Membership

The HIS subsidy is provided to most retired employees and beneficiaries entitled to receive benefits under a retirement system administered by the State of Florida. The retiree must apply for and provide certification of health insurance coverage to be eligible for the subsidy.

Benefits Provided

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the benefit terms of the HIS Program (the Program). The benefits are described in Section 112.363 of the Florida Statutes. In general, an eligible retiree is entitled to a benefit of \$5 per month per year of service, with a minimum benefit of \$30 per month and a maximum benefit of \$150 per month. HIS benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, the legislation may reduce or cancel HIS payments.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Program. The Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set annually by the Florida Legislature. Presently, HIS can be viewed as effectively using a "pay-as-you-go" funding structure. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation. For the Program's fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll as defined in Section 112.63, Florida Statutes. There are no employee contributions required.

The City's contributions to the HIS Program totaled \$248,070 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the HIS Program

At September 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$4,995,784 for its proportionate share of the HIS Program net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an

actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2017 contributions relative to the 2017 contributions of all participating members (based on the June 30 Program year). At June 30, 2017, the City's proportionate share was .0446%, which was an increase .0004 percentage points from its proportionate share of .0442% measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$596,672 related to the Program. At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

D	Deferred Outflows of		In	eferred flows of
Description	R	Resources		esources
Employer contributions subsequent				
to measurement date	\$	62,038	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		702,236		431,991
Differences between actual and				
expected experience		-		10,402
Net difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		2,771		-
Changes in proportion differences		1,023,341		-
Total	\$	1,790,386	\$	442,393

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Program totaling \$62,038 as shown above, result from City contributions to the Program subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 265,984
265,460
265,208
244,912
187,286
 57,105
\$ 1,285,955
\$
Actuarial Assumptions

The HIS Program has an actuarial valuation performed biennially. The HIS valuation was prepared as of July 1, 2016, and update procedures were used to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability was determined on the same basis used by the Program. Actuarial assumptions in the July 1, 2016 valuation included the following:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.58% net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for the Program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.58%. The prior year discount rate was 2.85%. Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total pension liability for the Program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted for this purpose.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.58%) or one percentage point higher (4.58%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (2.58%)	Di	scount Rate (3.58%)	 Increase (4.58%)
City's proportionate share				
of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 5,700,852	\$	4,995,784	\$ 4,408,502

The FRS Investment Plan

The FRS Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Membership

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan) in lieu of the FRS Pension Plan. City employees already participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan.

Benefits

Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Employee and employer contributions are directed to individual accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of invested funds.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the members may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Investment Plan. Participating employers pay identical membership class rates (e.g., regular class, special risk class, etc.) on behalf of an Investment Plan participant that they would otherwise pay for a participant in the FRS Pension Plan (see FRS Pension Plan contributions above). However, portions of these contributions are transferred to the FRS Pension Plan (to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability), and for other purposes. The amounts deposited to member accounts are set forth in Section 121.71, Florida Statutes, and were as follows:

		June 30, 2017 Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 2018 Percent of Gross Salary		
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	
Regular Class	3.00	3.30	3.00	3.30	
Elected Officers Class	3.00	8.34	3.00	8.34	
Senior Management Service Class	3.00	4.67	3.00	4.67	
Special Risk Class	3.00	11.00	3.00	11.00	

Other

Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

NOTE I - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "OPEB Plan") available to retirees and their spouse/dependents. To be eligible for participation in the OPEB Plan, the employee must:

- 1) Retire under the Florida Retirement System, the City of Venice, Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan or the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Plan, and
- 2) Attain the minimum service requirements under the OPEB Plan, and
- 3) Elect to continue medical coverage by paying the applicable monthly premium.

The City does not issue a stand-alone financial report on the OPEB Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of October 1, 2016, the latest actuarial valuation date:

Retirees and beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	219
Active employees	260
Total	479

Benefits Provided

Participants in the City's OPEB Plan become participants in the City's group health self-insurance program, and receive the healthcare benefits of that program for themselves and their dependents. (Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to offer participation in such a program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available to active City employees i.e., the average blended cost. In other words, the premium payments to the group health self-insurance program cannot be *age-adjusted*, and there is therefore an *implicit subsidy* of retirees by the City and its active employees.) As an alternative, the City also offers retirees or their spouse/dependents the option to purchase a reduced level of coverage under a Medicare supplement plan.

Contributions

Contributions to the OPEB Plan are shared by the retiree and the City. OPEB Plan participants who retire on or after January 1, 2016, must reimburse the City for the City's average blended cost (the City provides the implicit subsidy). OPEB Plan participants who retired prior to January 1, 2016, may continue coverage under the OPEB Plan at 50% of the average blended cost (the City pays the other 50%, plus the implicit subsidy). The monthly average blended costs of the various options for calendar year 2017 were \$644 for individual coverage, \$1,287 for individual plus one, \$1,995 for family coverage, and \$298 for the Medicare supplement plan.

Total OPEB Liability of the City

The measurement date for the City's total/net OPEB liability is September 30, 2017, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for OPEB cost was October 1, 2016 to September 30, 2017. The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$10,658,426
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	
City's net OPEB liability	\$10,658,426
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2017 was based on a roll-forward of the actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per annum
Discount Rate	3.63% Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index (September 2017)
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.50% per annum (including inflation of 2.5%)

Mortality rates for police officers and firefighters were based on the Group Annuity 1983 Mortality Table. Mortality rates for other employees were based on the PPA Mortality Table (Group Annuity 2000 Mortality Table projected to 2016 using Projection Scale AA).

An experience study was not done, as it was not considered necessary to support the actuarial results.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2017 was 3.63%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2016 was 3.06%. Because the City's OPEB costs are essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total pension liability for the Program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted for this purpose.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$ 11,913,268
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	6,868
Interest	364,756
Differences between expected and actual experience	(614,411)
Benefit payments	(1,012,055)
Net Changes	(1,254,842)
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$ 10,658,426

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.63%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (2.63%) or one percentage-point higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.63%)	(3.63%)	(4.63%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,777,432	\$ 10,658,426	\$ 9,710,121

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower (3.50%) or one percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(3.50%)	(4.50%)	(5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 9,656,158	\$ 10,658,426	\$ 11,817,644

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2017 the City recognized negative OPEB expense of \$640,431. At September 30, 2017, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	1	Deferred
	Outflows	of	Inflows of
	Resource	s	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ (614,411)
Total	\$	-	\$ (614,411)

Deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in OPEB expense in the following years:

Year Ended September 30:	_	
2018	\$	(122,882)
2019		(122,882)
2020		(122,882)
2021		(122,882)
2022		(122,883)
Total	\$	(614,411)

NOTE J – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Plan amendments have been made so that the plan is in compliance with IRC Section 457, as amended by the 1996 changes to the tax code. The assets are held in various custodial accounts. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the various participants of the plan.

NOTE K – SELF-INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City maintains a self-insurance program with regard to medical benefits for employees, with optional coverage for retirees and dependents. The City, retirees, and employees share the cost of the program. The employee's contribution is a three-tier rate structure based on the employee's base salary and whether dependents are included. Employees who retire on or after January1, 2016, can elect to continue coverage in retirement, but must reimburse the City monthly for the full average blended cost. Employees who retired prior to January 1, 2016, and continue coverage under the program, are only required to reimburse the City for 50% of the average blended cost. Commercial insurance covers individual claims in excess of \$85,000 annually.

The City also maintains a self-insurance program with regard to workers' compensation risks. The City carries commercial coverage for property losses, general liability, and other risks.

These programs are also accounted for in internal service funds. Revenues of the internal service funds consist of inter-departmental billings, and contributions from employees and retirees, where applicable. Expenses of the fund include claims payments, insurance, and administrative costs.

The medical benefits and workers' compensation programs are reviewed annually by actuaries to determine both the liability for accrued claims at year-end, and the basis for premiums for the upcoming year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the two prior years.

The activity in the accrued claims liability in the City's two self-insurance funds is shown in the following table:

	Employees'	Workers'	
	Group Health &	Compensation	
	Life Insurance	Self-Insurance	
	Program	Program	
Liability balance, September 30, 2015	\$ 253,000	\$ 448,000	
Claims and changes in estimate	4,835,748	308,119	
Claims payments	(4,827,708)	(340,119)	
Liability balance, September 30, 2016	261,040	416,000	
Claims and changes in estimate	4,027,349	458,550	
Claims payments	(4,070,331)	(334,550)	
Liability balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 218,058	\$ 540,000	

NOTE L – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND ADJUSTMENT TO BEGINNING NET POSITION

In the current year, the City early-implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, requiring an adjustment to beginning net position. Where the City reported the "net OPEB obligation" on its statements of net position in prior years, the City now reports the "total OPEB liability (as calculated under the provisions of GASB No. 75) and related deferred inflows and outflows (if applicable).

Below is a summary of the adjustments to beginning net position:

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type		
				Activities		Total
Net position, September 30, 2016						
as previously reported	\$	44,499,554	\$	133,175,673	\$	177,675,227
Cumulative effect of application						
of GASB 75		(1,214,280)		1,932,819		718,539
Net position, September 30, 2016						
as restated	\$	43,285,274	\$	135,108,492	\$	178,393,766

		Enterprise Funds											
	1	Water and			Storm Water								
	S	ewer Utility	S	olid Waste		Airport]	Drainage	Total				
Net position, September 30, 2016													
as previously reported	\$	88,454,222	\$	3,108,294	\$	32,415,516	\$	9,197,641	\$ 133,175,673				
Cumulative effect of application													
of GASB 75		1,234,253		531,443		181,224		(14,101)	1,932,819				
Net position, September 30, 2016													
as restated	\$	89,688,475	\$	3,639,737	\$	32,596,740	\$	9,183,540	\$ 135,108,492				

NOTE M – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

However, the following is a pending lawsuit that has the potential for an adverse effect on the City's finances:

City of Venice v. Neal Communities of SW FL., L.L.C., et al., Sarasota Circuit Court

On July 14, 2017, the City filed a complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief seeking to confirm obligations and commitments made in various pre-annexation agreements executed years ago. Certain property owners in the annexed areas have sought to repudiate those obligations and have filed a counterclaim for reimbursement of fees paid, interest, and legal fees. The related amounts collected by the City over the past five years from all property owners total \$1,482,243. The City intends to continue to vigorously pursue its requested relief as well as vigorously defend against the counterclaim.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	756,425	\$	702,057	\$	1,139,410	\$	672,304	\$	623,948
Interest		2,719,112		2,661,396		2,653,780		2,581,984		2,487,337
Change in excess State money		-		(155,521)		-		8,861		-
Changes of benefit terms (1)		-		-		(797,774)		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(232,436)		(1,795,453)		(473,564)		-		-
Changes of assumptions (2)		-		1,320,858		2,961,891		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,095,414)		(2,141,983)		(1,991,123)		(2,003,310)		(1,873,445)
Net change in total pension liability		1,147,687		591,354		3,492,620		1,259,839		1,237,840
Total pension liability, beginning		39,144,607		38,553,253		35,060,633		33,800,794		32,562,954
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	40,292,294	\$	39,144,607	\$	38,553,253	\$	35,060,633	\$	33,800,794
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - City	\$	2,350,314	\$	3,047,697	\$	756,197	\$	1,674,244	\$	1,451,786
Contributions - State		193,290		246,276		272,353		304,802		270,222
Contributions - employee		118,053		114,049		116,523		269,968		269,835
Net investment income		2,241,924		1,321,617		9,360		1,727,970		1,723,100
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,095,414)		(2,141,983)		(1,991,123)		(2,003,310)		(1,873,445)
Administrative expense		(61,907)		(66,382)		(67,814)		(42,307)		(42,357)
Accrual adjustments		79,147		17,224		5,671		7,631		(3,181)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position		2,825,407		2,538,498		(898,833)		1,938,998		1,795,960
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		20,245,156		17,706,658		18,605,491		16,666,493		14,870,533
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	23,070,563	\$	20,245,156	\$	17,706,658	\$	18,605,491	\$	16,666,493
Net pension liability (actuary), ending (a) - (b)	\$	17,221,731	\$	18,899,451	\$	20,846,595	\$	16,455,142	\$	17,134,301
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		57.26%		51.72%		45.93%		53.07%		49.31%
total pension liability										
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,686,471	\$	1,629,271	\$	1,710,697	\$	2,768,905	\$	2,767,537
Net pension liability (actuary) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1021.17%		1159.99%		1218.60%		594.28%		619.12%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Changes of benefit terms:

- For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from Ordinance 2014-22, adopted and effective August 26, 2014, which amended certain Plan provisions for current Firefighters, in addition to the closure of the Plan to Firefighters hired after September 30, 2014. Details of the impact of these changes are set forth in the Actuary's August 18, 2014 Actuarial Impact Statement. Furthermore as outlined in the Actuary December 7, 2015 Actuarial Impact Statement the below changes were included as well:

- 100% vesting for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.

- A salary definition using base pay, effective October 1, 2014 for members not eligible for normal retirement as of that date. This definition is applicable only for service after October 1, 2014. Notwithstanding the foregoing, effective October 1, 2014, sick or vacation time which is accrued, but for which a member has not been paid prior to October 1, 2014, shall not be considered in determining the value of any future retirement benefit, including the calculation of any frozen benefit.

(2) Changes of assumptions:

- For year ending September 30, 2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

- For year ending September, 30 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from a reduction in the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.00%. Plus a change in funding method from percent of payroll to dollar funding. In addition, the load assumption for the projected salary at retirement to account for lump sum accrued sick and vacation leave payouts was modified from a fixed 0% per individual to an amount equal to their individual accrual, as provided by the City. The load assumption will be subject to further modification based on future experience. Subsequent changes will be reflected in future actuarial valuations.

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only five years of information is available.

Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year								
	2017			2016		2015		2014		2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,596,590	\$	3,022,244	\$	1,184,071	\$	1,960,108	\$	1,692,902
Less excess State monies available as a "prepaid" Contributions in relation to the		-		-		(155,521)		-		-
Actuarially determined contribution		2,543,604		3,293,973		1,028,550		1,960,108		1,692,902
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	52,986	\$	(271,729)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,686,471	\$	1,629,271	\$	1,710,697	\$	2,768,905	\$	2,767,537
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		150.82%		202.17%		60.12%		70.79%		61.17%

Notes to Schedule Latest Valuation date:

October 1, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods & assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding mothod:		and						
Funding method: Amortization method:	Entry Age Normal actuarial cost meth	iou.						
	Level percentage of pay, closed.							
Remining amortization period:	29 years (as of October 1, 2015).							
Mortality:	five years.	projection, sex distinct. Disabled lives are set forward						
	(The mortality assumption will change contributions)	e in the October 1, 2016 valuation for 2018						
Interest rate:	7.0% per year compounded annually,	net of investment related expenses						
Retirement age:	÷ .	ice or 25 years of service regardless of age. Also, any nt is assumed to continue employment for one						
Early retirement: Commencing with eligibility for early retirement age (earlier of age 50 with service or 20 years of service regardless of age), members are assumed to r immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 15% per year. There is no early assumption for members with less than 10 years of credited service as of O								
Payroll growth:	None.							
Cost-of-living adjustment:	3% per year from retirement to age 65. Benefits on credited service after September 30, 2014 are not subject to the COLA.							
Asset valuation method:		Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average market value return (net of fees).						
Salary increases:	Service based as shown below. Projec individual accruals to account for non	cted salary at retirement is increased based on regular compensation.						
	Years of Service	% Increase in Salary						
	Less than 10	10.00%						
	10-15	6.50%						
	15-20	5.50%						
	20 and greater	5.00%						

* While ten years is presented in this schedule, as required, the disclosures in the Notes to Schedule only cover the last four years. Information for the other years is unavailable.

 Fiscal Year												
 2012		2011		2010		2009		2008				
\$ 1,550,520	\$	1,617,566	\$	1,249,740		1,079,189	\$	1,021,258				
-		-					-					
1 504 001		1		1 2 40 5 40		1 070 100		1 1 1 7 0 1 1				
 1,584,901		1,617,566		1,249,740		1,079,189		1,117,011				
\$ (34,381)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(95,753)				
\$ 2,663,341	\$	2,948,616	\$	3,124,463	\$	3,016,684	\$	2,848,256				
59.51%		54.86%		40.00%		35.77%		39.22%				

Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year											
	2017	2017 2016 2015 2014 2013											
Annual money-weighted rate of return													
net of investment expense	11.00%	7.29%	0.05%	10.38%	11.54%								

Notes to Schedule:

This information is required for ten years. However, only five years of information is available.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	196,691	\$	203,840	\$	597,047	\$	560,060
Interest		2,766,512		2,751,065		2,850,130		2,760,145
Changes of benefit terms (1)		-		-		174,206		(1,837,786)
Difference between expected and actual experience		486,909		(1,512,423)		(638,090)		-
Changes of assumptions (2)		-		1,343,437		3,277,827		-
Contributions - buy back		-		-		-		17,465
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution		(2,416,303)		(2,699,899)		(2,240,847)		(2,578,773)
Net change in total pension liability		1,033,809		86,020		4,020,273		(1,078,889)
Total pension liability, beginning		40,533,065		40,447,045		36,426,772		37,505,661
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	41,566,874	\$	40,533,065	\$	40,447,045	\$	36,426,772
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - City	\$	1,337,865	\$	2,108,231	\$	1,753,275	\$	1,651,993
Contributions - State		214,704		207,731		189,276		178,617
Contributions - employee		35,922		38,297		40,508		205,801
Contributions - buy back		-		-		-		17,465
Net investment income		4,303,140		3,176,622		(1,481,414)		3,307,423
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution		(2,416,303)		(2,699,899)		(2,240,847)		(2,578,773)
Administrative expense		(60,469)		(85,428)		(73,554)		(62,991)
Accrual adjustments		(22,081)		22,081		-		-
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position		3,392,778		2,767,635		(1,812,756)		2,719,535
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		32,787,833		30,020,198		31,832,954		29,113,419
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	36,180,611	\$	32,787,833	\$	30,020,198	\$	31,832,954
Net pension liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,386,263	\$	7,745,232	\$	10,426,847	\$	4,593,818
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.04%		80.89%		74.22%		87.39%
Covered employee payroll	\$	513,171	\$	547,100	\$	761,681	\$	2,838,631
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payr		1049.60%		1415.69%		1368.93%		161.83%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Changes of benefit terms:

- For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from Ordinance 2015-17, adopted and effective June 23, 2015, which amended the definition of Salary, in addition to providing 100% vesting in benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.

- For year ending September 30, 2014, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from the March 6, 2015 Actuarial Impact Statement.

(2) Changes of assumptions:

- For year ending September 30, 2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

- For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from: (a) the net-of-fees investment return assumption was lowered from 7.9% to 7.0%, and (b) the final salary load assumption was increased from 0% to the below table, based on census data provided by the City:

Service as of 10/1/12	Final Salary Load
- 10 or more years	20%
- More than 1, less than 10 years	10%
- Less than 1 year	0%

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only four years of information is available.

Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year									
		2017		2016		2015	2014			2013	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,527,141	\$	2,268,143	\$	1,942,551	\$	1,818,711	\$	1,933,371	
Contributions in relation to the Actuarially determined contribution		1,552,569		2,315,962		1,942,551		1,830,610		1,933,371	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(25,428)	\$	(47,819)	\$		\$	(11,899)	\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	513,171	\$	547,100	\$	761,681	\$	2,838,631	\$	3,177,273	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	đ	302.54%		423.32%		255.03%		64.49%		60.85%	

Notes to Schedule

Latest Valuation Date: October 1, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods & assumptions used to determine contribution rates (last three years presented*):

Funding method:	Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method.						
Amortization method:	Level percentage of pay, closed.						
Remaining amortization period: Mortality:	30 years (as of October 1, 2015). RP2000 Combined Healthy without projection, sex distrive years.	inct. Disabled lives are set forward					
	(The mortality assumption will change in the October 1 contributions).	, 2016 valuation for 2018					
Interest rate: Retirement age:	7.0% per year compounded annually, net of investment Earlier of age 50 and 10 years of service or 25 years of member who has reached normal retirement age is assu- first three years upon attaining first eligibility, and a rate	service regardless of age. Also, any med to retire at a rate of 25% for the					
Early retirement:	Commencing with eligibility for early retirement (20 years of credited service), members are assumed to retire with an immediate, subsidized benefit at the rate of 10% per year.						
Asset smoothing methodology: Salary increases:	The actuarial value of assets is brought forward using that average of market value returns (net of fees). 10.0% for members with less than 10 years of service, a service.						
	Additionally, projected salary at retirement is increased lump sum payments in the year of termination:	according to the table below for					
	Service as of 10/1/2012	Final Salary Load					
	10 or more years	20.0%					
	More than 1, less than 10 years	10.0%					
	Less than 1 year	0.0%					
Payroll growth:	None.						

Payroll growth:

None.

* While ten years is presented in this schedule, as required, the disclosures in the Notes to Schedule only cover the last four years. Information for the other years is unavailable.

Fiscal Year												
 2012		2011		2010		2009		2008				
\$ 1,672,201	\$	1,444,492	\$	1,154,509	\$	767,694	\$	781,352				
 1,672,201		1,444,492		1,154,510		771,014		781,352				
\$ 	\$	-	\$	(1)	\$	(3,320)	\$					
\$ 3,276,770	\$	3,208,345	\$	3,125,995	\$	3,109,302	\$	2,856,283				
51.03%		45.02%		36.93%		24.80%		27.36%				

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return				
net of investment expense	13.34%	10.80%	-4.79%	11.57%

Notes to Schedule:

This information is required for ten years. However, only four years of information is available.

Florida Retirement System

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System (FRS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

					City's	
					Proportionate	FRS Plan
		City's	City's		Share of the	Fiduciary Net
City's	Plan Sponsor	Proportion	Proportionate	City's	FRS Net Pension	Position as a
Fiscal Year	Measurement	of the FRS Net	Share of the FRS	Covered	Liability as a	Percentage of
Ending	Date	Pension	Net Pension	Employee	Percentage of	Total Pension
Sept 30	June 30	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Covered Payoll	Liability
2017	2017	0.0559%	\$ 16,522,306	\$ 14,895,723	110.92%	83.89%
2016	2016	0.0540%	13,628,488	13,649,458	99.85%	84.88%
2015	2015	0.0458%	5,918,323	12,287,619	48.16%	92.00%
2014	2014	0.0248%	1,511,824	8,595,833	17.59%	96.09%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan

							City's	
							Proportionate	HIS Plan
		City's		City's			Share of the	Fiduciary Net
City's	Plan Sponsor	Proportion	Pr	oportionate		City's	HIS Net Pension	Position as a
Fiscal Year	Measurement	of the HIS Net	Sha	re of the HIS		Covered	Liability as a	Percentage of
Ending	Date	Pension	N	let Pension		Employee	Percentage of	Total Pension
Sept 30	June 30	Liability		Liability		Payroll	Covered Payoll	Liability
2017	2017	0.0446%	\$	4,995,784	\$	14,895,723	33.54%	1.64%
2016	2016	0.0442%		5,151,966		13,649,458	37.74%	0.97%
2015	2015	0.0405%		4,130,575		12,287,619	33.62%	0.50%
2014	2014	0.0301%		2,815,452		8,595,833	32.75%	0.99%
2016 2015	2016 2015	0.0442% 0.0405%	Ψ	5,151,966 4,130,575	Ψ	13,649,458 12,287,619	37.74% 33.62%	0.97% 0.50%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Florida Retirement System

Schedule of City Contributions Florida Retirement System (FRS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

		FRS Contributions			
City's	FRS	in Relation to the	FRS	City's	FRS
Fiscal Year	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	Covered	Contributions as
Ending	Required	Required	Deficiency	Employee	a Percentage of
Sept 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 1,454,335	\$ 1,454,335	\$ -	\$ 14,943,976	9.73%
2016	1,337,626	1,337,626	-	13,732,651	9.74%
2015	1,305,351	1,305,351	-	13,398,243	9.74%
2014	610,675	610,675	-	9,424,325	6.48%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of City Contributions Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan

			HIS C	Contributions					
City's		HIS	in Re	in Relation to the		HIS		City's	HIS
Fiscal Year	Co	ntractually	Cor	tractually Contribution		Covered	Contributions as		
Ending	F	Required	R	Required	D	eficiency		Employee	a Percentage of
Sept 30	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll
2017	\$	248,070	\$	248,070	\$	-	\$	14,943,976	1.66%
2016		227,962		227,962		-		13,732,651	1.66%
2015		183,241		183,241		-		13,398,243	1.37%
2014		114,589		114,589		-		9,424,325	1.22%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

City of Venice, Florida Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedules of City Contributions

Florida Retirement System

NOTE 1 - CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

FRS Pension Plan:

2017, 2016 and 2015:

No significant changes.

HIS Program:

2017, 2016 and 2015:

No significant changes.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

FRS Pension Plan:

2017:

The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.60% to 7.10%, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.

2016:

The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.65% to 7.60%, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.

2015:

No significant changes. The inflation assumption remained at 2.60%, the real payroll growth assumption remained at 0.65%, and the overall payroll growth rate assumption remained at 3.25%. The long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.65%.

HIS Program:

2017:

The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 2.85% to 3.58%.

2016:

The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.80% to 2.85%.

2015:

The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 4.29% to 3.80%.

OPEB Plan

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Last Ten Fiscal Years

]	Fiscal Year
		2017
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	6,868
Interest		364,756
Difference between expected and actual experience		(614,411)
Benefit payments		(1,012,055)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,254,842)
Total OPEB liability, beginning		11,913,268
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	10,658,426
Covered employee payroll	\$	16,138,903
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		66.04%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Plan Assets:

- No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only one year of information is available.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – Revenue sources for this fund are restricted for street improvement and other transportation expenditures. Funds are generally used to reimburse the General Fund for street improvement expenditures made by the Public Works Department.

Contraband-Forfeiture Fund – To account for proceeds derived from the sale of confiscated property. Proceeds must be expended for law enforcement purposes as described in Florida Statute (FS) 932.7055.

Police Training Fund – To account for the City's share of certain court fines revenue. Proceeds are restricted to police education and training under FS 938.15.

Boat Registration Fees Fund – To account for the City's portion of county boat registration fees. Proceeds are restricted to specified marine or boating activities under FS 328.72 and interlocal agreement.

One-Cent Voted Sales Tax Fund – To account for the proceeds from the City's share of the county-wide voter-adopted one-cent discretionary sales surtax. Proceeds must be expended for specified capital projects and capital outlay per FS 212.055.

Second Occupational License Fund – To account for second occupational license revenue. Proceeds are committed to economic development activities under City Ordinance 93-21.

Growth Management Training Fund – Revenues are from a fee on building permits, which must be spent on departmental training under City Ordinance 97-61.

Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement Fund – Revenues are from certain parking fines. Proceeds are committed to handicap accessible programs under FS 316.008(4) and City Ordinance 2000-14.

Building Permit Fees Fund – Revenues are primarily from building permits. Proceeds must be used for enforcing the Florida Building Code under FS 553.80.

Centennial Community Fund – To account for the administration of the Centennial Community Trust resources. Funds are designated for historic preservation and other projects of historical significance, under City Resolution 1042-90.

Historical Commission Fund – To account for donations from private sources specifically earmarked for the Venice Historical Commission.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs, on long-term governmental debt obligations.

2014 General Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund – to account for the accumulation of resources and payments of principal, interest, and related costs, on the City's Recreation Capital Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2014.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds (enterprise funds).

General Projects Fund - To account for the cost of major park projects and other capital improvement projects which are not accounted for in one of the City's other capital projects funds.

Beach Renourishment Fund - To account for the cost of beach renourishment projects and related resources.



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City of Venice, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

	Special Revenue							
	Mot	or Fuel Tax		ntraband orfeiture	Polic	e Training	Re	Boat gistration Fees
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	175,939	\$	16,540	\$	5,487	\$	55,584
Accounts receivable (net)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		91,736		-		283		1,063
Total assets	\$	267,675	\$	16,540	\$	5,770	\$	56,647
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-				-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-		16,540		5,770		-
Boating and waterway improvements		-		-		-		56,647
Street improvements		267,675		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Building code enforcement		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Beach renourishment		-		-		-		-
Committed to:								
Training and education		-		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Historic preservation		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		267,675		16,540		5,770		56,647
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	267,675	\$	16,540	\$	5,770	\$	56,647

Page 1 of 2

			Spec	ial Revenue				
e Cent Voted Sales Tax	Oco	Second Occupational License		Growth nagement `raining	Ha	Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement		ilding Permit Fees
\$ 4,784,761 - 281,009	\$	30,380 1,937 -	\$	88,501 396 -	\$	95,091 - -	\$	4,099,823
\$ 5,065,770	\$	32,317	\$	88,897	\$	95,091	\$	4,099,823
\$ 132,918	\$	- - -	\$	336 - -	\$	- - -	\$	5,901 36,941 -
132,918				336		-		42,842
-		-		-		-		-
4,932,852		-		-		- - 95,091		-
-		-		-		-		4,056,981
-		-		88,561		-		-
- -		32,317		- - -		- - -		- -
4,932,852		32,317		88,561		95,091		4,056,981
\$ 5,065,770	\$	32,317	\$	88,897	\$	95,091	\$	4,099,823

City of Venice, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

		Special Revenue						ebt Service
	-	entennial ommunity		istorical mmission		otal Special evenue Funds		General Obligation Bonds
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	59,358	\$	16,643	\$	9,428,107	\$	257,291
Accounts receivable (net)		-		-		2,333		-
Due from other governments				-		374,091		
Total assets	\$	59,358	\$	16,643	\$	9,804,531	\$	257,291
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,084	\$	140,239	\$	-
Accrued payroll		-		-		36,941		-
Due to other governments				19		19		-
Total liabilities				1,103		177,199		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-		-		22,310		-
Boating and waterway improvements		-		-		56,647		-
Street improvements		-		-		267,675		-
Capital improvements		-		-		5,027,943		-
Building code enforcement		-		-		4,056,981		-
Debt service		-		-		-		257,291
Beach renourishment		-		-		-		-
Committed to:								
Training and education		-		-		88,561		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		32,317		-
Historic preservation		59,358		15,540		74,898		-
Total fund balances		59,358		15,540		9,627,332		257,291
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	59,358	\$	16,643	\$	9,804,531	\$	257,291

Page 2 of 2

Capital Projects								
	Beach General Renourishment			otal Capital oject Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	1,338,002	\$	2,593,158	\$	3,931,160	\$	13,616,558	
	-		-		-		2,333	
			-		-		374,091	
\$	1,338,002	\$	2,593,158	\$	3,931,160	\$	13,992,982	
\$	825	\$	11,586	\$	12,411	\$	152,650	
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	36,941	
	-		-		-		19	
	825		11,586		12,411		189,610	
	-		-		-		22,310	
	-		-		-		56,647	
	-		-		-		267,675	
	100,000		-		100,000		5,127,943	
			-		-		4,056,981	
	-		-		-		257,291	
	-		2,581,572		2,581,572		2,581,572	
	-		-		-		88,561	
	1,237,177		-		1,237,177		1,237,177	
	-		-		-		32,317	
			-		-		74,898	
	1,337,177		2,581,572		3,918,749		13,803,372	
\$	1,338,002	\$	2,593,158	\$	3,931,160	\$	13,992,982	

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Special Revenue

Motor Fuel Tax Contraband Forfeiture Police Training Reference Property taxes \$ <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>- -</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>				- -				
Property taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Local option, use and fuel taxes 1,026,007 - - Fees and fines - 131 4,664 Licenses and permits - - - Intergovernmental 208,876 - - Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police 100 1,123 - Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 1,236,404 31 3,573	Boat Registration Fees		Police Tra		tor Fuel Tax	Mot		
Local option, use and fuel taxes 1,026,007 - - Fees and fines - 131 4,664 Licenses and permits - - - Intergovernmental 208,876 - - Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 1,236,404 31 3,573								
Fees and fines - 131 4,664 Licenses and permits - - Intergovernmental 208,876 - Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES - - - Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 1,123	-	- \$	\$	-	\$ -	\$		
Licenses and permits - - - Intergovernmental 208,876 - - Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES - - - Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 1,123	-	-		-	1,026,007			-
Intergovernmental 208,876 - - Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 1000 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 1000 1,123	-	4,664	4	131	-			
Interest 1,521 - 32 Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 1,123	-	-		-	-			
Miscellaneous - - - Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 1,233	18,350	-		-				
Total revenues 1,236,404 131 4,696 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 31 3,573	429	32		-	1,521			
EXPENDITURESCurrent: General governmentPolice-1001,123Public worksDebt service:PrincipalInterestBond issuance costsCapital outlayTotal expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-			-	 -			
Current: General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 1,236,404 31 3,573	18,779	4,696	4	131	 1,236,404		evenues	Total revenues
General government - - - Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 31 3,573							EXPENDITURES	
Police - 100 1,123 Public works - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 100 31 3,573							:	Current:
Police-1001,123Public worksDebt service:PrincipalInterestBond issuance costsCapital outlayTotal expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	-		-	-		al government	General govern
Public worksDebt service:PrincipalInterestBond issuance costsCapital outlay-Total expendituresExcess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	1,123	1	100	-			
PrincipalInterestBond issuance costsCapital outlayTotal expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	_		-	-		c works	Public works
InterestBond issuance costsCapital outlayTotal expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573							rvice:	Debt service:
InterestBond issuance costsCapital outlayTotal expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	-		-	-		pal	Principal
Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures - 100 1,123 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,236,404 31 3,573	-	-		-	-			
Total expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	-		-	-		issuance costs	Bond issuance
Total expenditures-1001,123Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures1,236,404313,573	-	-		-	-		outlay	Capital outlay
over (under) expenditures 1,236,404 31 3,573	-	1,123	1	100	 -			
over (under) expenditures 1,236,404 31 3,573							(deficiency) of revenues	Excess (deficienc
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	18,779	3,573	3	31	 1,236,404			
							THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FI
Transfers in	-	-		-	-			
Transfers out (1,119,550)	(13,285)	-		-	(1,119,550)			
Total other financing sources (uses)(1,119,550)-	(13,285)	<u> </u>		-				
Net change in fund balances 116,854 31 3,573	5,494	3,573	3	31	116,854		nge in fund balances	Net change in fun
Fund balances at beginning of year150,82116,5092,197	51,153			16,509			lances at beginning of year	Fund balances at ¹
Fund balances at end of year \$ 267,675 \$ 16,540 \$ 5,770 \$					\$	\$	lances at end of year	Fund balances at

Page 1 of 2

		Special Revenue				
One Cent Voted Sales Tax	Second Occupational License	Growth Management Training	Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement	Building Permit Fees		
\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-		
3,138,226	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	4,533	-		
-	5,659	-	-	2,642,726		
-	-	-	-	-		
36,677	220	742	770	30,981		
-	-	19,547	-	3,145		
3,174,903	5,879	20,289	5,303	2,676,852		
-	-	19,043	-	1,396,052		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-		
2,134,701 2,134,701				249,347 1,645,399		
2,134,701		19,045		1,045,599		
1,040,202	5,879	1,246	5,303	1,031,453		
(250,000)	-	-	(6,576)	(403,223)		
(250,000)			(6,576)	(403,223)		
790,202	5,879	1,246	(1,273)	628,230		
4,142,650	26,438	87,315	96,364	3,428,751		
\$ 4,932,852	\$ 32,317	\$ 88,561	\$ 95,091	\$ 4,056,981		

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Special Revenue						Debt Service	
	Centennial Community		Historical Commission		Total Special Revenue Funds		General Obligation Bonds	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	569,401
Local option, use and fuel taxes		-		-		4,164,233		-
Fees and fines		-		-		9,328		-
Licenses and permits		-		-		2,648,385		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		227,226		-
Interest		471	146		71,989			2,626
Miscellaneous		-	9,086		31,778			
Total revenues		471		9,232		7,152,939		572,027
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		7,998		1,423,093		-
Police		-		-		1,223		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		406,000
Interest		-		-		-		134,314
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		2,384,048		-
Total expenditures		-		7,998		3,808,364		540,314
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		471		1,234		3,344,575		31,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		(1,792,634)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(1,792,634)		-
Net change in fund balances		471		1,234		1,551,941		31,713
Fund balances at beginning of year		58,887		14,306		8,075,391		225,578
Fund balances at end of year	\$	59,358	\$	15,540	\$	9,627,332	\$	257,291

Page 2 of 2

Capital Project									
General		Beach Renourishment			tal Capital ject Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	569,401		
	-		-		-		4,164,233		
	-		-		-		9,328		
	-		-		-		2,648,385		
	85,000	1,1	22,351		1,207,351		1,434,577		
	9,737		11,850		21,587		96,202		
1	100,000		-		100,000		131,778		
1	194,737	1,1	34,201		1,328,938		9,053,904		
	1.01.6		22.000		105 (04		1 550 515		
	1,816	1	33,808		135,624		1,558,717		
	-		-		-		1,223		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		406,000		
	-		-		-		134,314		
	-		-		-		-		
	59,231		-		59,231		2,443,279		
	61,047	1	33,808		194,855		4,543,533		
1	133,690	1,0	00,393		1,134,083		4,510,371		
	-	2	50,000		250,000		250,000		
	-		-		-		(1,792,634)		
	-	2	50,000		250,000		(1,542,634)		
1	133,690	1,2	50,393		1,384,083		2,967,737		
	203,487		31,179		2,534,666		10,835,635		
	337,177		81,572	\$	3,918,749	\$			

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Motor Fuel Tax Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Tor the real Linded September 50, 20	Original Budge	t Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Fuel taxes	\$ 943,383	\$ 943,383	\$ 1,026,007	\$ 82,624	
Intergovernmental	173,302	173,302	208,876	35,574	
Interest	2,865	2,865	1,521	(1,344)	
Total revenues	1,119,550	1,119,550	1,236,404	116,854	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,119,550	1,119,550	1,236,404	116,854	
Transfers out	(1,119,550) (1,119,550)	(1,119,550)	-	
Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,119,550	<u> </u>	(1,119,550)		
Net change in fund balances	-	-	116,854	116,854	
Fund balances at beginning of year	150,821	150,821	150,821		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 150,821	\$ 150,821	\$ 267,675	\$ 116,854	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Contraband Forfeiture Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	95	\$	95	\$	131	\$	36
Total revenues		95		95		131		36
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Police		5,575		5,575		100		5,475
Total expenditures		5,575		5,575		100		5,475
Net change in fund balances		(5,480)		(5,480)		31		5,511
Fund balances at beginning of year		16,509		16,509		16,509		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	11,029	\$	11,029	\$	16,540	\$	5,511
City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Police Training Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	nal Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with l Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Fees and fines	\$ 2,998	\$	2,998	\$	4,664	\$	1,666
Interest	 30		30		32		2
Total revenues	 3,028		3,028		4,696		1,668
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Police	 3,046		3,046	_	1,123		1,923
Total expenditures	 3,046		3,046		1,123		1,923
Net change in fund balances	(18)		(18)		3,573		3,591
Fund balances at beginning of year	 2,197		2,197		2,197		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,179	\$	2,179	\$	5,770	\$	3,591

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Boat Registration Fees Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with l Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	16,393	\$	16,393	\$	18,350	\$	1,957
Interest	_	330	_	330		429		99
Total revenues		16,723		16,723		18,779		2,056
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		16,723		16,723		18,779		2,056
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(13,285)		(13,285)		(13,285)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		(13,285)		(13,285)		(13,285)		-
Net change in fund balances		3,438		3,438		5,494		2,056
Fund balances at beginning of year		51,153		51,153		51,153		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	54,591	\$	54,591	\$	56,647	\$	2,056

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule One Cent Voted Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Sales taxes	\$ 2,649,221	\$ 2,649,221	\$ 3,138,226	\$ 489,005
Interest	18,382	18,382	36,677	18,295
Total revenues	2,667,603	2,667,603	3,174,903	507,300
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	4,620,867	4,987,012	2,134,701	2,852,311
Total expenditures	4,620,867	4,987,012	2,134,701	2,852,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,953,264)	(2,319,409)	1,040,202	3,359,611
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
Net other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
Net change in fund balances	(2,203,264)	(2,569,409)	790,202	3,359,611
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,142,650	4,142,650	4,142,650	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,939,386	\$ 1,573,241	\$ 4,932,852	\$ 3,359,611

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Second Occupational License Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

For the Tear Ended September 50	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with l Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,454	\$	2,454	\$	5,659	\$	3,205
Interest	85		85		220		135
Total revenues	 2,539		2,539		5,879		3,340
Net change in fund balances	2,539		2,539		5,879		3,340
Fund balances at beginning of year	 26,438		26,438		26,438		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 28,977	\$	28,977	\$	32,317	\$	3,340

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Growth Management Training Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

L <i>'</i>	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with l Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	485	\$	485	\$	742	\$	257
Miscellaneous		14,913		14,913		19,547		4,634
Total revenues		15,398		15,398		20,289		4,891
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	_	19,000	_	20,000	_	19,043		957
Total expenditures		19,000		20,000		19,043		957
Net change in fund balances		(3,602)		(4,602)		1,246		5,848
Fund balances at beginning of year		87,315		87,315		87,315		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	83,713	\$	82,713	\$	88,561	\$	5,848

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Orig	ginal Budget	Fii	nal Budget	Actua	al Amounts	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Fees and fines	\$	19,382	\$	19,382	\$	4,533	\$	(14,849)
Interest		347		347		770		423
Total revenues		19,729		19,729		5,303		(14,426)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		19,729		19,729		5,303		(14,426)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(6,576)		(6,576)		(6,576)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		(6,576)		(6,576)		(6,576)		-
Net change in fund balances		13,153		13,153		(1,273)		(14,426)
Fund balances at beginning of year		96,364		96,364		96,364		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	109,517	\$	109,517	\$	95,091	\$	(14,426)

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Building Permit Fees Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Tor the real Ended September 50, 20		nal Budget	F	inal Budget	Act	tual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$ 2	2,332,156	\$	2,332,156	\$	2,642,726	\$	310,570
Fees and fines		1,500		1,500		-		(1,500)
Interest		2,453		2,453		30,981		28,528
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,145		3,145
Total revenues	2	2,336,109		2,336,109		2,676,852		340,743
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	1	1,479,141		1,670,843		1,396,052		274,791
Capital outlay		261,915		279,922		249,347		30,575
Total expenditures	1	1,741,056		1,950,765		1,645,399		305,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		595,053		385,344		1,031,453		646,109
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(366,223)		(403,223)		(403,223)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		(366,223)		(403,223)		(403,223)		-
Net change in fund balances		228,830		(17,879)		628,230		646,109
Fund balances at beginning of year	3	3,428,751		3,428,751		3,428,751		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3	3,657,581	\$	3,410,872	\$	4,056,981	\$	646,109

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Centennial Community Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Final Po	nce with Budget - ositive gative)
REVENUES							
Interest	\$ 275	\$	275	\$	471	\$	196
Total revenues	 275		275		471		196
Net change in fund balances	275		275		471		196
Fund balances at beginning of year	 58,887		58,887		58,887		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 59,162	\$	59,162	\$	59,358	\$	196

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Historical Commission Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with l Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Interest	\$ 42	\$	42	\$	146	\$	104
Miscellaneous	5,635		5,635		9,086		3,451
Total revenues	 5,677		5,677		9,232		3,555
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	 10,000		10,000		7,998		2,002
Total expenditures	 10,000		10,000		7,998		2,002
Net change in fund balances	(4,323)		(4,323)		1,234		5,557
Fund balances at beginning of year	 14,306		14,306		14,306		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,983	\$	9,983	\$	15,540	\$	5,557

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule General Obligation Bonds Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget			Final Budget		ual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	557,595	\$	557,595	\$	569,401	\$	11,806	
Interest		1,000		1,000		2,626		1,626	
Total revenues		558,595		558,595		572,027		13,432	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt Service:									
Principal		406,000		406,000		406,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		145,582		145,582		134,314		11,268	
Total expenditures		551,582		551,582		540,314		11,268	
Net change in fund balances		7,013		7,013		31,713		24,700	
Fund balances at beginning of year		225,578		225,578		225,578			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	232,591	\$	232,591	\$	257,291	\$	24,700	

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule General Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

for the real Ended September 50, 2017	Original Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 135,000	\$	135,000	\$	85,000	\$	(50,000)
Interest	8,416		8,416		9,737		1,321
Miscellaneous	-		-		100,000		100,000
Total revenues	 143,416		143,416		194,737		51,321
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public works	-		-		1,816		(1,816)
Capital outlay	135,000		177,721		59,231		118,490
Total expenditures	 135,000	_	177,721	_	61,047		116,674
Net change in fund balances	8,416		(34,305)		133,690		167,995
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,203,487		1,203,487		1,203,487		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,211,903	\$	1,169,182	\$	1,337,177	\$	167,995

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Streets Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

For the Tear Ended September 30, 2017	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Final Budget Amounts		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,636,082	\$ 1,636,082	\$ 11,944	\$ (1,624,138)	
Interest	4,000	4,000	40,400	36,400	
Total revenues	1,640,082	1,640,082	52,344	(1,587,738)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works	-	-	7,503	(7,503)	
Debt Service:					
Bond issuance costs	-	-	338,155	(338,155)	
Capital outlay	19,186,082	19,186,082	889,896	18,296,186	
Total expenditures	19,186,082	19,186,082	1,235,554	17,950,528	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(17,546,000)	(17,546,000)	(1,183,210)	16,362,790	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond issuance - at par	16,900,000	16,900,000	16,725,000	(175,000)	
Bond premium	-	-	1,272,715	1,272,715	
Transfers in	335,865	335,865	335,865	-	
Net other financing sources (uses)	17,235,865	17,235,865	18,333,580	1,097,715	
Net change in fund balances	(310,135)	(310,135)	17,150,370	17,460,505	
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,011,758	2,011,758	2,011,758		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,701,623	\$ 1,701,623	\$ 19,162,128	\$ 17,460,505	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Building and Renovation Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget Final Budget			Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	1,446	\$	1,446	\$	15,771	\$	14,325
Total revenues		1,446		1,446		15,771		14,325
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service:								
Interest		-		254,460		-		254,460
Bond issuance costs		-		242,740		334,909		(92,169)
Capital outlay		-		15,502,800		1,869,598		13,633,202
Total expenditures		-		16,000,000		2,204,507		13,795,493
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,446	(15,998,554)		(2,188,736)		13,809,818
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond issuance - at par		-		16,000,000		15,420,000		(580,000)
Bond premium		-		-		578,246		578,246
Net other financing sources (uses)		-		16,000,000		15,998,246		(1,754)
Net change in fund balances		1,446		1,446		13,809,510		13,808,064
Fund balances at beginning of year		185,510		185,510		185,510		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	186,956	\$	186,956	\$	13,995,020	\$	13,808,064

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Beach Renourishment Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Or	iginal Budget	get Final Budget		Actual Amounts			nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	65,576	\$	65,576	\$	1,122,351	\$	1,056,775
Interest		-		-		11,850		11,850
Total revenues		65,576		65,576		1,134,201		1,068,625
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		140,000		140,000		133,808		6,192
Total expenditures		140,000	_	140,000	_	133,808	_	6,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(74,424)		(74,424)		1,000,393		1,074,817
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		250,000		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		250,000		250,000		250,000		-
Net change in fund balances		175,576		175,576		1,250,393		1,074,817
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,331,179		1,331,179		1,331,179		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,506,755	\$	1,506,755	\$	2,581,572	\$	1,074,817

Variance with



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for services and/or commodities furnished by a designated department to other departments within the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Employees' Group Health and Life Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for health and life insurance claims which are partially self-insured by the City.

The Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for workers' compensation claims which are partially self-insured by the City.

The Employee Flexible Spending Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements of the program established by the City.

The Property and Liability Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for insurance of facilities, equipment and other risk exposures by the City.

The Fleet Services Fund - To account for the City's fleet replacement program and associated costs.

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds September 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities									
	G	Employees' roup Health and Life Insurance	Co	Workers' mpensation f Insurance	Employee Flexible Spending					
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Pooled cash and investments	\$	3,567,569	\$	759,113	\$	855				
Other cash		-		38,117		-				
Accounts receivable (net)		6,422		-		-				
Interest receivable		-		-		-				
Prepaid items		-		36,362		-				
Total current assets		3,573,991		833,592		855				
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets:										
Machinery and equipment		-		-		-				
Less accumulated depreciation		-		-		-				
Total capital assets		-		-		-				
Total assets		3,573,991		833,592		855				
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		278,373		_		-				
Accrued liabilities		13,859		1,610		-				
Accrued insurance claims		218,058		540,000		-				
Total liabilities		510,290		541,610						
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		-				
Unrestricted		3,063,701		291,982		855				
Total net position	\$	3,063,701	\$	291,982	\$	855				

Go	overn	mental Activit	ties	
roperty and Liability Insurance	F	eet Services		otal Internal ervice Funds
\$ 888,579	\$	2,704,988	\$	7,921,104
-		-		38,117
-		21,650		28,072
-		-		-
 142,131		-		178,493
 1,030,710		2,726,638		8,165,786
_		3,068,558		3,068,558
-		(949,381)		(949,381)
 		2,119,177		2,119,177
 		_,,		_,,
1,030,710		4,845,815		10,284,963
18,437		-		296,810
1,310		2,745		19,524
 -		-		758,058
 19,747		2,745		1,074,392
-		2,119,177		2,119,177
1,010,963		2,723,893		7,091,394
 -,,		_,,		.,
\$ 1,010,963	\$	4,843,070	\$	9,210,571
		·		·

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Governmental Activit	ies
	Employees' Group Health and Life Insurance	Workers' Compensation Self Insurance	Employee Flexible Spending
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 6,851,601	\$ 513,731	\$ -
Miscellaneous	-	50,850	136,215
Total operating revenues	6,851,601	564,581	136,215
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	94,555	52,066	-
Insurance	1,194,358	132,536	-
Professional services	380,387	28,828	6,925
Claims	4,027,349	458,550	-
Repair and maintenance	-	-	-
Other services and charges	-	-	133,500
Depreciation	-	-	-
Total operating expenses	5,696,649	671,980	140,425
Operating income (loss)	1,154,952	(107,399)	(4,210)
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest earnings	26,026	5,794	-
Disposition of capital assets	-	-	-
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	26,026	5,794	
Income (loss) before transfers	1,180,978	(101,605)	(4,210)
Transfers in			
Change in net position	1,180,978	(101,605)	(4,210)
Total net position at beginning of year	1,882,723	393,587	5,065
Total net position at end of year	\$ 3,063,701	\$ 291,982	\$ 855

operty and Liability Insurance	Fl	eet Services	Total Internal Service Funds			
\$ 1,052,244	\$	-	\$	8,417,576		
56,686		799		244,550		
1,108,930		799		8,662,126		
41,708		69,511		257,840		
822,104		-		2,148,998		
37,644		-		453,784		
-		-		4,485,899		
-		5,230		5,230		
-		3,122		136,622		
-		464,453		464,453		
901,456		542,316		7,952,826		
207,474		(541,517)		709,300		
6,332		19,784		57,936		
-		64,938		64,938		
6,332		84,722		122,874		
213,806		(456,795)		832,174		
		1,230,108		1,230,108		
213,806		773,313		2,062,282		
797,157		4,069,757		7,148,289		
\$ 1,010,963	\$	4,843,070	\$	9,210,571		

	Governmental Activities							
	Gr	mployees' oup Health and Life nsurance	Co	Workers' mpensation f Insurance]	mployee Flexible pending		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$	6,846,476	\$	564,581	\$	141,138		
Payments to suppliers		(1,959,016)		(167,953)		(140,425)		
Payments to employees		(82,237)		(52,000)		-		
Claims paid		(4,070,331)		(334,550)		_		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		734,892		10,078		713		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers in from other funds		-		-		-		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related								
financing activities		-		-		-		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchases of capital assets		-		-		-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related								
financing activities		-		-		-		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest earnings		29,479		6,982		-		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		29,479		6,982		-		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		764,371		17,060		713		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,803,198		780,170		142		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,567,569	\$	797,230	\$	855		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,154,952	\$	(107,399)	\$	(4,210)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ŷ	1,10 1,002	Ŷ	(10,,0)))	Ψ	(1,210)		
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		-		-		-		
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		(5,125)		-		4,923		
Prepaid items		1,799		(1,839)		-		
Accounts payable		(386,070)		(4,750)		-		
Accrued liabilities		12,318		66		-		
Accrued claims		(42,982)		124,000		-		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	734,892	\$	10,078	\$	713		

	G	lovern	mental Activitie	es	
ar	Property Id Liabilitiy Insurance		Fleet Services	G	Total overnmental Activities
\$	1,108,930 (845,363) (41,654) - 221,913	\$	799 (8,352) (69,485) - (77,038)	\$	8,661,924 (3,121,109) (245,376) (4,404,881) 890,558
			1,230,108		1,230,108
	<u> </u>		1,230,108		1,230,108
	-		(1,165,175) 43,288		(1,165,175) 43,288
	-		(1,121,887)		(1,121,887)
	7,275		23,721		67,457
	7,275		23,721		67,457
\$	229,188 659,391 888,579	\$	54,904 2,650,084 2,704,988	\$	1,066,236 6,892,985 7,959,221
\$	207,474	\$	(541,517)	\$	709,300
	-		464,453		464,453
	(4,052) 18,437 54		- - 26 -		(202) (4,092) (372,383) 12,464 81,018
\$	221,913	\$	(77,038)	\$	890,558



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TRUST FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to administer resources reserved and held by a governmental unit as the trustee or as the agent for others. Use of these Trust Funds facilitates the discharge of responsibilities placed upon the governmental unit by virtue of law or other authority.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS:

Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund accounts for contributions and related pension benefits for certain retired City police officers. The City administers the funds only as authorized by the Police Officer's Pension Board.

Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund accounts for contributions and related pension benefits for certain retired City firefighters. The City administers the funds only as authorized by the Firefighters' Pension Board.

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2017

	F	Police Officers' Retirement		Firefighters' Retirement	Total Pension Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	682,427	\$	629,875	\$	1,312,302	
Receivables:							
Contributions				89,121		89,121	
Interest and dividends		27,296	_	19,560		46,856	
Total receivables		27,296		108,681		135,977	
Investments, at fair value:							
U.S. Government and agency obligations		3,923,142		4,097,654		8,020,796	
Mortgage-backed obligations		938,606		663,558		1,602,164	
Domestic equities		20,095,842		1,798,137		21,893,979	
Foreign equities		781,582		83,121		864,703	
Corporate obligations		2,267,430		603,054		2,870,484	
Fixed income mutual funds		-		1,074,247		1,074,247	
Real estate investment funds		3,559,076		2,385,187		5,944,263	
Domestic equity mutual funds		-		8,106,980		8,106,980	
Foreign equity mutual funds		3,905,210		3,467,630		7,372,840	
Unit investment trusts		-		52,439		52,439	
Total investments		35,470,888		22,332,007		57,802,895	
Total assets		36,180,611		23,070,563		59,251,174	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	36,180,611	\$	23,070,563	\$	59,251,174	

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

]	Police Officers' Retirement		Tirefighters' Retirement	Total Pension Funds		
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	1,337,865	\$	2,429,378	\$	3,767,243	
Plan members		35,922		118,053		153,975	
State of Florida (passed through general fund)		214,704		193,290		407,994	
Total contributions		1,588,491		2,740,721		4,329,212	
Investment income:							
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		3,714,389		1,773,342		5,487,731	
Interest		165,273		198,972		364,245	
Dividends		610,149		376,427		986,576	
Investment income (loss)		4,489,811		2,348,741		6,838,552	
Less investment expenses		(208,752)		(106,734)		(315,486)	
Net investment income		4,281,059		2,242,007		6,523,066	
Total additions		5,869,550		4,982,728		10,852,278	
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefit payments		2,416,303		2,095,414		4,511,717	
Administrative expense	_	60,469	_	61,907		122,376	
Total deductions		2,476,772		2,157,321		4,634,093	
Change in net position		3,392,778		2,825,407		6,218,185	
Net position restricted for pension benefits at beginning of year		32,787,833		20,245,156		53,032,989	
Net position restricted for pension benefits at end of year	\$	36,180,611	\$	23,070,563	\$	59,251,174	



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STATISTICAL SECTION

(UNAUDITED)



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Venice's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Venice, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2017		2016		2015		2014
Governmental Activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	52,885,644	\$	53,650,492	\$	52,302,676	\$	49,065,887
Restricted		14,064,748		11,431,796		10,944,412		4,208,000
Unrestricted		(20,950,436)		(20,582,734)		(17,074,877)		13,368,134
Total governmental activities net position	\$	45,999,956	\$	44,499,554	\$	46,172,211	\$	66,642,021
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$	98,987,903 9,295,950 30,522,933 138,806,786	\$	99,361,353 9,016,054 24,798,266 133,175,673	\$	91,881,058 9,343,400 21,145,069 122,369,527	\$	82,198,144 9,106,093 21,877,048 113,181,285
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	151,873,547 23,360,698 9,572,497	\$	153,011,845 20,447,850 4,215,532	\$	144,183,734 20,287,812 4,070,192	\$	131,264,031 13,314,093 35,245,182
Total primary government net position	\$	184,806,742	\$	177,675,227	\$	168,541,738	\$	179,823,306

	Fiscal Year												
	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		
\$	52,923,502	\$	50,783,764	\$	53,788,685	\$	56,254,962	\$	56,144,537	\$	48,816,977		
	4,752,964		4,161,566		4,332,318		456,963		432,556		10,246,587		
	15,362,309		19,662,287		13,165,605		21,244,184		24,958,239		22,518,909		
\$	73,038,775	\$	74,607,617	\$	71,286,608	\$	77,956,109	\$	81,535,332	\$	81,582,473		
\$	79,086,596	\$	72,384,149	\$	72,481,113	\$	72,578,375	\$	72,628,925	\$	72,556,158		
	6,151,773		6,044,652		4,698,588		3,533,319		3,030,990		2,469,958		
	18,160,486		15,074,544		11,586,071		8,127,028		4,922,572		4,236,094		
\$	103,398,855	\$	93,503,345	\$	88,765,772	\$	84,238,722	\$	80,582,487	\$	79,262,210		
\$	132,010,098	\$	123,167,913	\$	126,269,798	\$	128,833,337	\$	128,773,462	\$	121,373,135		
	10,904,737		10,206,218		9,030,906		3,990,282		3,463,546		12,716,545		
-	33,522,795	_	34,736,831	_	24,751,676	_	29,371,212	-	29,880,811		26,755,003		
\$	176,437,630	\$	168,110,962	\$	160,052,380	\$	162,194,831	\$	162,117,819	\$	160,844,683		

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Schedule	2
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	F					•	
Expenses		2017		2016		2015	2014
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$	7,444,298	\$	6,256,467	\$	4,971,377	\$ 4,474,822
Finance		1,310,820		1,445,224		1,327,639	1,205,358
Information services		1,204,449		1,103,661		930,268	926,971
Parks & recreation		2,200,809		2,033,492		1,902,949	5,402,255
Police		10,010,304		9,612,374		9,122,052	8,132,658
Fire		8,403,776		7,701,186		7,522,111	6,780,381
Public works		2,809,258		2,754,047		3,196,019	2,260,453
Beach renourishment		-		7,194,623		-	-
Interest on long-term debt		954,628		154,484		164,892	278,728
Total Governmental Activities		34,338,342		38,255,558		29,137,307	 29,461,626
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer utility		18,234,994		15,864,009		15,399,504	14,912,950
Solid waste		5,233,081		4,584,448		4,400,676	4,436,619
Airport		2,463,977		2,329,077		3,101,428	2,316,491
Storm water drainage		1,507,749		1,248,508		971,776	1,136,533
Total Business-Type Activities		27,439,801		24,026,042		23,873,384	 22,802,593
Total Primary Government	\$	61,778,143	\$	62,281,600	\$	53,010,691	\$ 52,264,219
Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
General government	\$	3,637,318	\$	3,518,295	\$	2,877,449	\$ 2,685,997
Parks & recreation		-		-		-	-
Police		-		-		-	-
Fire		-		-		-	-
Public works		-		-		-	-
Operating grants and contributions		1,822,632		2,961,887		745,310	828,956
Capital grants and contributions		472,029		1,223,537		3,217,028	310,309
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		5,931,979		7,703,719		6,839,787	 3,825,262
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Water and sewer utility		23,325,175		22,414,162		20,992,313	20,746,517
Solid waste		5,746,326		5,325,375		5,294,321	5,270,417
Airport		1,992,621		1,811,426		1,926,773	2,064,538
Storm water drainage		1,498,618		1,555,512		1,463,535	1,370,008
Operating grants and contributions		18,924		14,945		41,777	30,100
Capital grants and contributions		1,709,815	_	8,109,307	_	8,730,593	 2,754,510
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		34,291,479		39,230,727		38,449,312	 32,236,090
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	40,223,458	\$	46,934,446	\$	45,289,099	\$ 36,061,352

					Fisca	l Yea	r				
	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	4,206,832	\$	4,446,788	\$	5,198,807	\$	5,920,863	\$	7,965,653	\$	6,299,922
Ψ	1,087,557	Ψ	1,152,095	Ŷ	1,356,326	Ŷ	1,431,757	Ŷ	1,558,111	Ŷ	999.886
	802,515		768,393		812,838		781,431		738,468		810,482
	3,712,915		3,756,177		4,025,781		3,728,776		4,174,416		2,349,277
	8,086,812		7,816,343		8,721,527		9,261,347		8,145,302		7,159,554
	6,077,107		6,007,408		6,947,947		7,022,925		6,371,069		5,215,533
	3,970,036		3,451,185		3,964,456		2,351,870		2,259,029		1,696,343
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	411,059 28,354,833		348,675		358,664 31,386,346		371,857 30,870,826		423,242 31,635,290		366,977 24,897,974
	20,354,055		27,747,004		51,580,540		50,870,820		51,055,270		24,077,774
	16,086,267		15,745,402		13,946,052		13,659,439		14,352,665		13,359,880
	4,153,871		3,753,293		3,726,327		4,038,082		4,211,740		4,004,394
	2,269,392		1,886,028		1,911,288		2,277,568		2,036,569		1,616,095
	849,906		751,336		815,119		866,768		879,087		579,923
	23,359,436		22,136,059		20,398,786		20,841,857		21,480,061		19,560,292
\$	51,714,269	\$	49,883,123	\$	51,785,132	\$	51,712,683	\$	53,115,351	\$	44,458,266
\$	2,590,060 - - - 639,423	\$	2,154,292	\$	1,800,769 - - - 713,750	\$	1,901,769 - - - 826,223	\$	1,783,389 - 12,523 - 47,910	\$	2,003,856 - 88,639 60,067 85,297 12,360
	1,282,348		6,662,348		208,037		979,819		3,804,691		2,109,662
	4,511,831		9,658,917		2,722,556		3,707,811		5,648,513		4,359,881
	20,256,649 4,946,247 2,231,127 1,454,101 33,934 6,588,388		18,692,175 5,016,252 2,028,300 1,343,924 48,302 1,729,140		18,330,838 4,883,706 1,935,056 1,357,669 71,658 359,141		18,108,135 4,886,855 1,936,363 1,344,248 14,100 890,617		16,962,042 4,919,755 1,888,786 1,342,375 - 444,498		16,210,376 4,944,586 1,797,152 1,259,310 - 392,984
	35,510,446		28,858,093		26,938,068		27,180,318		25,557,456		24,604,408
\$	40,022,277	\$	38,517,010	\$	29,660,624	\$	30,888,129	\$	31,205,969	\$	28,964,289

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Governmental Activities	\$ (28,406,363)	\$ (30,551,839)	\$ (22,297,520)	\$ (25,636,364)			
Business-type activities	6,851,678	15,204,685	14,575,928	9,433,497			
Total primary government net expense	\$ (21,554,685)	\$ (15,347,154)	\$ (7,721,592)	\$ (16,202,867)			
General Revenues and Other Changes in							
Net Position							
Governmental Activities:							
Property taxes	\$ 12,874,039	\$ 10,255,897	\$ 9,620,785	\$ 8,946,291			
Sales taxes	5,725,871	5,615,140	5,479,373	5,109,151			
Utility services taxes	2,629,333	2,564,309	2,494,179	2,402,437			
Franchise fees	2,393,474	2,305,140	2,337,425	2,213,124			
Intergovernmental	2,391,413	2,240,615	2,128,987	1,902,549			
Investment earnings	94,685	93,739	240,218	327,007			
Miscellaneous	1,415,113	1,329,299	1,149,849	801,527			
Special Item	-	-	1,444,163	(5,123,295)			
Transfers, net	3,597,117	4,475,043	2,746,712	2,660,819			
Total governmental activities	31,121,045	28,879,182	27,641,691	19,239,610			
Business-Type Activities:							
Investment earnings	382,799	60,185	340,372	334,752			
Gain on asset sales	-	-	-	2,675,000			
Miscellaneous	60,934	16,319	-	-			
Transfers, net	(3,597,117)	(4,475,043)	(2,746,712)	(2,660,819)			
Total business-type activities	(3,153,384)	(4,398,539)	(2,406,340)	348,933			
Total primary government	27,967,661	24,480,643	25,235,351	19,588,543			
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	2,714,682	(1,672,657)	5,344,171	(6,396,754)			
Business-type activities	3,698,294	10,806,146	12,169,588	9,782,430			
Total primary government	\$ 6,412,976	\$ 9,133,489	\$ 17,513,759	\$ 3,385,676			

				Fisca	l Yea	r				
	2013		2012	 2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	(23,843,002) 12,151,010	\$	(18,088,147) 6,722,034	\$ (28,663,790) 6,539,282	\$	(27,163,015) 6,338,461	\$	(25,986,777) 4,077,395	\$	(20,538,093) 5,044,116
\$	(11,691,992)	\$	(11,366,113)	\$ (22,124,508)	\$	(20,824,554)	\$	(21,909,382)	\$	(15,493,977)
\$	8,428,377	\$	8,401,213	\$ 8,288,532	\$	9,217,044	\$	10,581,789	\$	12,389,422
	5,037,404		4,746,512	4,987,554		4,402,702		4,535,649		4,740,682
	2,169,465		1,979,004	1,809,671		1,979,696		1,822,560		1,774,534
	1,694,100		1,664,783	1,912,512		1,788,025		1,912,443		2,029,285
	1,783,665		1,747,719	1,758,590		2,057,677		2,545,037		2,581,898
	143,453		352,056	442,335		404,474		848,836		1,000,375
	765,062		365,311	548,717		925,235		694,870		281,828
	-		-	-		-		-		2,425,952
	2,252,633		2,152,555	 2,246,378		2,808,939		2,998,452		2,902,830
	22,274,159		21,409,153	 21,994,289		23,583,792		25,939,636		30,126,806
	(2,867)		168,094	234,146		126,713		241,334		311,580
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	(2,252,633)		(2,152,555)	 (2,246,378)		(2,808,939)		(2,998,452)		(2,902,830)
	(2,255,500)		(1,984,461)	 (2,012,232)		(2,682,226)		(2,757,118)		(2,591,250)
	20,018,659		19,424,692	 19,982,057		20,901,566		23,182,518		27,535,556
	(1.5.00.0.12)		0.001.005							0.500.510
	(1,568,843)		3,321,006	(6,669,501)		(3,579,223)		(47,141)		9,588,713
b	9,895,510	_	4,737,573	 4,527,050	b	3,656,235	ф.	1,320,277		2,452,866
\$	8,326,667	\$	8,058,579	\$ (2,142,451)	\$	77,012	\$	1,273,136	\$	12,041,579

City of Venice, Florida Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				F	Fiscal Year				
	20	17	2016		2015	2014		2013	
General Fund									
Reserved (1)	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved (1)		-	-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		38,099	21,70	7	40,896	352	,249	3,:	596,456
Restricted		-	-		170,000	170	,000		225,100
Committed	1	90,800	477,240	6	307,089	189	,643	4	426,168
Assigned	1,4	82,243			-		-		-
Unassigned	10,5	98,103	10,737,123	8	11,685,780	9,820	,800	9,9	991,064
Total General Fund	12,3	09,245	11,236,08	1	12,203,765	10,532	,692	14,2	238,788
All other governmental funds									
Reserved (1)		-	-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in (1):									
Special Revenue Funds		-	-		-		-		-
Debt Service Funds		-	-		-		-		-
Capital Project Funds		-	-		-		-		-
Restricted, reported in:									
Special Revenue Funds (2)	9,4	31,556	9,219,624	4	2,980,968	3,254	,145	3,2	204,422
Debt Service Funds	2.	57,291	225,57	8	718,797	703	,855	1,2	239,805
Capital Project Funds	35,6	40,738	2,011,75	8	7,244,647	3,294	,891	3,0	625,444
Committed, reported in:									
Special Revenue Funds (2)	1	95,776	186,940	6	2,577,347	1,964	,755	1,	109,384
Capital Project Funds	1,4	35,159	1,388,99′	7	1,819,531	4,522	,841	4,2	231,795
Unassigned, reported in:									
Special Revenue Funds		-	-		-		-		-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	46,9	60,520	13,032,903	3	15,341,290	13,740	,487	13,4	410,850
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 59,2	69,765	\$ 24,268,984	4 \$	27,545,055	\$ 24,273	,179	\$ 27,0	649,638

Schedule 3

Note (1): The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in fiscal year 2011. Fiscal years 2008-2010 amounts were not restated to reflect the new fund balance categories.

Note (2): Building Permit Fees fund balances were classified as restricted, beginning in 2016. In prior years, they were classified as committed.

Schedule 3	
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Fiscal Year								
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008				
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,074,866	\$ 5,342,307	\$ 6,627,747				
-	-	9,773,921	10,965,345	11,404,730				
3,979,298	4,791,037	-	-	-				
225,100	244,676	-	-	-				
99,911	205,142	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-				
9,985,185	7,772,036	-	-	-				
14,289,494	13,012,891	14,848,787	16,307,652	18,032,477				
-	-	6,940,919	207,456	10,196,587				
-	-	3,993,776	1,326,901	2,573,837				
-	-	-	25,184	-				
-	-	-	8,438,332	-				
2,884,625	3,112,112	-	-	-				
1,222,167	1,200,630	-	-	-				
7,472,403	1,521,923	-	-	-				
294,851	1,446,206	-	-	-				
4,621,835	3,604,710	-	-	-				
-	(177,313)	-	-	-				
16,495,881	10,708,268	10,934,695	9,997,873	12,770,424				
\$ 30,785,375	\$ 23,721,159	\$ 25,783,482	\$ 26,305,525	\$ 30,802,901				
φ 50,105,515	$\psi 23,721,137$	φ 23,703,702	φ 20,505,525	φ 50,002,701				

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Schedule 4	
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			Fiscal Year		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 21,229,243	\$ 18,435,346	\$ 17,594,337	\$ 16,457,879	\$ 15,635,246
Franchise fees	2,393,474	2,305,140	2,337,425	2,213,124	1,694,100
Licenses & permits	3,363,941	3,353,782	2,755,529	2,526,188	2,369,345
Intergovernmental revenues	4,310,989	6,426,039	6,091,325	3,041,814	3,705,436
Charges for services	245,021	119,424	74,535	106,622	171,962
Fees and fines	28,356	45,089	47,385	53,187	35,056
Interest and investments earnings	36,749	77,751	197,735	299,432	156,114
Miscellaneous	1,350,175	1,306,501	1,149,849	801,527	765,062
Total Revenues	32,957,948	32,069,072	30,248,120	25,499,773	24,532,321
Expenditures					
General government services	8,292,732	7,825,328	7,087,380	6,263,354	5,682,908
Public safety	16,360,912	16,325,110	14,134,827	14,206,286	13,249,160
Public works (incl. parks and rec)	2,944,217	2,791,477	3,295,185	4,359,168	4,003,651
Beach renourishment (1)	_,,,,	6,573,491	-	_	-
Capital outlay	5,508,898	3,542,378	4,999,251	4,488,149	6,313,241
Debt service	-,,	-,,	.,,	.,,,,	-,,
Principal	406,000	895,000	387,000	7,245,000	340,000
Interest	134,314	156,235	166,607	304,299	331,732
Bond issuance costs	673,064		_		
Total Expenditures	34,320,137	38,109,019	30,070,250	36,866,256	29,920,692
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,362,189)	(6,039,947)	177,870	(11,366,483)	(5,388,371)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds	4,235,660	4,555,145	5,664,450	5,203,134	4,067,001
Transfers to other funds	(1,868,651)	(1,791,269)	(4,014,607)	(3,671,110)	(1,814,368)
Proceeds from long-term debt	33,995,961	-	-	6,458,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,362,970	2,763,876	1,649,843	7,990,024	2,252,633
Special item	-		1,444,163		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 35,000,781	\$ (3,276,071)	\$ 3,271,876	\$ (3,376,459)	\$ (3,135,738)
Debt Service as a percentage of non-					
capital expenditures	4.21%	3.04%	2.21%	23.32%	2.85%

Note (1): Beach renourishment was separated out as a separate function, beginning in 2016.

		Fiscal Year		
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
ф. 15 126 720	ф 15 005 757	¢ 15 500 442	¢ 16.020.000	¢ 10.004.c20
\$ 15,126,729	\$ 15,085,757	\$ 15,599,442	\$ 16,939,998	\$ 18,904,638
1,664,783 1,617,757	1,912,512 1,325,033	1,788,025	1,912,443 1,261,300	2,029,285
9,252,344	2,680,377	1,312,205 3,863,719	6,397,638	1,491,748 4,789,216
9,232,344 502,440	431,998	5,805,719 540,985	474,768	4,789,210
34,095	43,738	48,579	59,842	88,639
324,317	384,877	351,637	737,294	929,997
365,311	548,717	926,092	693,711	281,828
28,887,776	22,413,009	24,430,684	28,476,994	29,087,526
20,007,770	22,413,009	24,430,084	28,470,994	29,087,320
5,618,736	5,980,606	6,341,338	8,385,035	7,079,607
12,775,263	13,647,396	13,641,993	12,463,758	12,156,924
4,043,054	4,473,201	2,727,889	2,917,332	3,024,778
-	-	-	-	-
866,854	1,877,155	4,319,557	10,530,950	8,646,485
330,000	384,849	367,147	1,241,144	1,277,385
342,208	358,503	363,742	434,603	381,708
_	-	-	-	-
23,976,115	26,721,710	27,761,666	35,972,822	32,566,887
4 011 661	(4 209 701)	(2, 220, 0.02)	(7 405 979)	(2 470 261)
4,911,661	(4,308,701)	(3,330,982)	(7,495,828)	(3,479,361)
5,804,005	6,385,662	5,581,974	9,226,250	10,583,725
(3,651,450)	(4,139,284)	(2,773,035)	(6,227,798)	(7,680,894)
-	-	-	-	-
2,152,555	2,246,378	2,808,939	2,998,452	2,902,831
				2,425,952
\$ 7,064,216	\$ (2,062,323)	\$ (522,043)	\$ (4,497,376)	\$ 1,849,422
2.91%	2.99%	3.12%	6.59%	6.94%

City of Venice, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 5

Fiscal Year	Assesse	d Va	lue		Less		Total Taxable	Total Direct
Ended	Real	uvu	Personal	Tax-Exempt Property			Assessed	Tax
30-Sep	Property		Property			Value		Rate
<u>+</u>	¥ ,		1 2		1 2			
2017	\$ 4,026,844,232	\$	203,020,521	\$	682,711,628	\$	3,547,153,125	3.766
2016	3,643,753,887		195,366,001		610,975,231		3,228,144,657	3.277
2015	3,417,689,098		192,979,601		586,116,448		3,024,552,251	3.292
2014	3,213,484,644		189,768,403		578,857,865		2,824,395,182	3.302
2013	3,123,945,509		180,194,496		604,960,792		2,699,179,213	3.227
2012	3,132,796,468		178,139,329		600,923,287		2,710,012,510	3.195
2011	3,320,275,654		180,426,958		639,821,153		2,860,881,459	3.004
2010	3,868,939,303		188,981,800		888,744,784		3,169,176,319	3.004
2009	4,559,933,132		204,905,680		1,112,393,345		3,652,445,467	2.984
2008	5,451,896,503		204,688,587		1,290,519,118		4,366,065,972	2.939

Note: The basis of assessed value required by the state is 100% of actual value. For each fiscal year ending September 30, property is valued as of the preceding January 1st.

Source: Sarasota County Property Appraiser

City of Venice, Florida Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Ov			
		City of Vanio		Sarasota	School District	SWFWMD	Total
	City of Venice Debt Total			County Total	Total	Total	Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	County	School	SWFWMD	Overlapping
Year	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Rates
			<u> </u>				
2017	3.600	0.166	3.766	5.143	7.433	0.332	16.674
2016	3.100	0.177	3.277	5.143	7.763	0.349	16.532
2015	3.100	0.192	3.292	5.177	7.777	0.366	16.612
2015	5.100	0.172	5.272	5.177	1.111	0.500	10.012
2014	3.100	0.202	3.302	5.177	7.970	0.382	16.831
2013	2.965	0.262	3.227	5.177	7.816	0.393	16.613
2012	2.935	0.260	3.195	5.124	7.635	0.393	16.347
2012	2.955	0.200	5.195	3.124	7.055	0.393	10.347
2011	2.779	0.225	3.004	5.273	7.901	0.377	16.555
2010	2.779	0.225	3.004	5.273	7.427	0.387	16.091
2000	2 770	0.205	2 084	5 107	7.045	0.207	15 542
2009	2.779	0.205	2.984	5.127	7.045	0.387	15.543
2008	2.779	0.160	2.939	5.127	7.123	0.387	15.576
2000	2.11)	0.100	2.757	5.127	7.125	0.507	15.570

City of Venice, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 7

Collection within the												
Fiscal Year Total Tax Ended Levy for		Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date							
			Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage						
09/30	Fiscal Year	Amount	Of Levy	Years	Amount	Of Levy						
2017	\$ 13,358,579	\$ 12,850,227	96.2%	\$ 8,254	\$ 12,858,481	96.3%						
2016	10,578,630	10,244,464	96.8%	1,963	10,246,427	96.9%						
2015	9,956,826	9,601,711	96.4%	7,385	9,609,096	96.5%						
2014	9,326,153	8,934,711	95.8%	3,066	8,937,777	95.8%						
2013	8,710,251	8,390,344	96.3%	23,551	8,413,895	96.6%						
2012	8,658,490	8,333,156	96.2%	56,412	8,389,568	96.9%						
2011	8,594,088	8,249,561	96.0%	5,183	8,254,744	96.1%						
2010	9,520,206	9,190,963	96.5%	5,183	9,196,146	96.6%						
2009	10,898,897	10,492,073	96.3%	3,872	10,495,945	96.3%						
2008	12,831,868	12,338,368	96.2%	6,292	12,344,660	96.2%						

Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year, and are due and payable upon receipt of the notice of the levy. A 4% discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by 1% each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will not be 100% of the tax levy. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of each year, and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes are sold at public auction prior to June 1 each year, and the proceeds collected are remitted to the City.
City of Venice, Florida Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 8

		Util	lity System Refundi	ing Revenue Bond		
	Water &	Less:	Net			
Fiscal	Sewer Charges	Operating	Available	Debt	Service	
Year	and other ⁽¹⁾	Expenses ⁽²⁾	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage ⁽³⁾
2017	\$ 23,634,520	\$ 10,286,775	\$ 13,347,745	\$ 1,291,000	\$ 1,396,453	5.0
2016	22,476,711	8,581,186	13,895,525	3,309,000	1,583,669	2.8
2015	20,992,313	9,728,137	11,264,176	3,268,000	872,580	2.7
2014	20,746,517	9,228,925	11,517,592	3,268,000	872,580	2.8
2013	20,256,649	9,087,713	11,168,936	3,222,000	916,378	2.7
2012	18,692,175	9,557,763	9,134,412	2,460,000	98,875	3.6
2011	18,330,838	9,088,165	9,242,673	1,875,000	538,313	3.8
2010	18,108,135	8,905,614	9,202,521	1,635,983	996,527	3.5
2009	16,962,042	10,004,263	6,957,779	2,012,426	1,043,719	2.3
2008	16,210,376	9,530,678	6,679,698	2,150,879	1,121,846	2.0

(1) Includes interest earnings.

- (2) Excludes depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Bond covenant requires Gross Revenues in each fiscal year to be sufficient to pay the Cost of Operation and Maintenance of the System and all reserve and other payments required to be made pursuant to the Resolution, and be sufficient to provide an amount equal to 115% of the Bond Service Requirement becoming due in such year on all Outstanding Bonds.

City of Venice, Florida Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Schedule 9

Fiscal Year Ended	Property]	cal Option, Fuel and nmunication	Utility Service	
September 30	 Taxes	Sei	vices Taxes	Taxes	 Totals
2017	\$ 12,874,039	\$	5,725,871	\$ 2,629,333	\$ 21,229,243
2016	10,255,897		5,615,140	2,564,309	18,435,346
2015	9,620,785		5,479,373	2,494,179	17,594,337
2014	8,946,291		5,109,151	2,402,437	16,457,879
2013	8,428,377		5,037,404	2,169,465	15,635,246
2012	8,401,213		4,746,512	1,979,004	15,126,729
2011	8,288,532		4,987,554	1,809,671	15,085,757
2010	9,217,044		4,402,702	1,979,696	15,599,442
2009	10,581,789		4,535,649	1,822,560	16,939,998
2008	12,389,422		4,740,682	1,774,534	18,904,638

City of Venice, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental	Activities		Busin	ess-Type Activiti	es		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Promissory Notes/Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage Of Personal Income (a)
2017	\$ 33,995,961	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,770,000	\$ 35,877,500	\$ 3,722,771	\$ -	\$ 78,366,232	8.29%
2016	-	-	-	5,176,000	36,873,641	2,837,000	-	44,886,641	4.99%
2015	-	-	-	6,071,000	37,364,783	5,911,000	-	49,346,783	5.79%
2014	-	-	-	6,458,000	21,206,134	8,958,000	-	36,622,134	4.60%
2013	7,245,000	-	-	-	21,609,847	11,967,000	-	40,821,847	5.36%
2012	7,585,000	-	-	-	-	14,867,373	-	22,452,373	3.00%
2011	7,915,000	-	-	-	11,855,000	5,362,211	-	25,132,211	3.46%
2010	8,235,000	-	-	69,442	14,490,983	4,865,400	-	27,660,825	3.69%
2009	8,545,000	-	-	126,589	16,503,409	5,181,057	-	30,356,055	2.84%
2008	8,850,000	760,000	111,857	200,037	18,350,705	5,503,466	33,131	33,809,196	3.28%

Schedule 10

(a) See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data.

City of Venice, Florida Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 11

Fiscal Year	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Population]	General Bonds/Notes	A	ss Amounts vailable in ebt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated/ Actual Taxable Value of Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2017	\$ 3,547,153,125	22,306	\$	38,765,961	\$	257,291	\$ 38,508,670	1.09%	\$1,726.38
2016	3,228,144,657	21,849		5,176,000		224,351	4,951,649	0.15%	226.63
2015	3,024,552,251	21,418		6,071,000		715,777	5,355,223	0.18%	250.03
2014	2,824,395,182	21,188		6,458,000		702,292	5,755,708	0.20%	271.65
2013	2,699,179,213	21,117		7,245,000		1,239,805	6,005,195	0.22%	284.38
2012	2,710,012,510	20,918	*	7,585,000		1,220,618	6,364,382	0.23%	304.25
2011	2,860,881,459	20,752	*	7,915,000		1,198,618	6,716,382	0.23%	323.65
2010	3,169,176,319	22,176		8,304,442		231,863	8,072,579	0.25%	364.02
2009	3,652,445,467	22,146		8,671,589		231,112	8,440,477	0.23%	381.13
2008	4,366,065,972	22,149		9,810,037		847,101	8,962,936	0.21%	404.67

* Population revised based on revisions to the 2010 Census.

City of Venice, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of September 30, 2017

Schedule 12

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
City of Venice direct debt	\$ 38,765,961	100%	\$ 38,765,961
Sarasota County School Board	168,882,275	(a) 7.03% ^(c)	11,872,424
Sarasota County Subtotal, overlapping debt	338,932,209	^(b) 7.03% ^(c)	23,826,934
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 546,580,445		\$ 74,465,319

Source:	^(a) School Board of Sarasota County CAFR.
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Source: ^(b) Sarasota County CAFR.

^(c) Determined by dividing:	
taxable assessed valuation of the City of Venice	\$ 3,547,153,125
by the total taxable valuation of Sarasota County	\$ 50,462,105,932

City of Venice, Florida Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 13

Fiscal Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (b)	Per Capita Personal acome (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2017	22,306	\$ 945,216,750	\$ 42,375	3.3%
2016	21,849	899,829,216	41,184	4.7%
2015	21,418	852,821,924	39,818	5.0%
2014	21,188	795,863,656	37,562	6.0%
2013	21,117	761,310,084	36,052	6.8%
2012	20,918 *	747,295,550	35,725	8.9%
2011	20,752 *	725,884,208	34,979	11.0%
2010	22,176	749,526,624	33,799	12.5%
2009	22,146	1,068,655,230	48,255	11.6%
2008	22,149	1,029,618,414	46,486	4.3%

Sources:

- (a) Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.
 Resident population used by the City's Planning and Zoning Department.
- (b) Determined by multiplying population by per capita personal income.
- (c) U.S. Census Bureau American FactFinder, 2012-2016 5-year American Community Survey (in 2016 inflation-adjusted dollars)
- (d) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

* Population revised based on revisions to the 2010 Census.

Notes: Statistics for unemployment rate are not available for City of Venice. Therefore, figures from North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area were used.

City of Venice, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ag	<u>go</u>		Schedul	le 14			
			2017			2008	
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
MHC Bay Indies LLC	\$	61,410,000	1	1.74%	\$ 42,865,100	1	0.98%
AG (Aston Gardens) Venice Senior Housing LLC (Venice Regional Medical Center)		45,029,900	2	1.28%	27,186,300	3	0.62%
Venice HMA, LLC		35,179,600	3	1.00%	37,470,100	2	0.86%
PGT Industries, Inc		28,213,695	4	0.80%	16,078,600	5	0.37%
Tuscan Gardens of Venice		24,345,100	5	0.69%	-		-
Southwest Florida Retirement Center Inc.		22,368,479	6	0.63%	-		-
Publix Supermarkets Inc		14,101,273	7	0.40%	-		-
Csh-ing Bella Vita LP (Bella Vita Arv)		13,072,700	8	0.37%	16,250,000	4	-
Real Sub LLC		11,096,000	9	0.31%	-		-
Neal Communities		10,354,754	10	0.29%	-		-
Sarasota County Health Facilities Authority Retirement Center		-		-	11,863,355	6	0.27%
WCI Communities, Inc		-		-	10,279,586	7	0.24%
Waterford at Laurel Park N, LLC		-		-	10,279,586	8	0.24%
Healthcare Realty Trust, Inc.		-		-	7,828,700	10	0.18%
Venice Plaza Shopping Ctr. Ltd.		-		-	 7,895,900	9	0.18%
Totals	\$	265,171,501		7.51%	\$ 189,044,041		3.94%
Total taxable assessed value - City of Venice	\$	3,527,614,748			\$ 4,366,065,972		

Source: Sarasota County Property Appraiser

Total taxable assess value of Venice for 2017 - \$3,527,614,748 Total taxable assess value of Venice for 2008 - \$4,366,065,972

City of Venice, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Schedule 15

		2017		2008			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	
School Board of Sarasota County	5,607	1	3.05%	5,910	1	3.55%	
Sarasota Memorial Hospital	4,244	2	2.30%	3,912	2	2.35%	
Sarasota County Government	3,533	3	1.92%	3,433	3	2.07%	
Publix Super Markets	2,793	4	1.52%	1,947	4	1.17%	
PGT Industries	2,079	5	1.13%	1,184	6	0.71%	
Venice Regional Medical Center	1,270	6	0.69%	995	7	0.60%	
Sun Hydraulics Corporation	612	7	0.33%	-	-	-	
Tervis Tumbler Co.	570	8	0.31%	-	-	-	
Shared Services Center	442	9	0.24%	-	-	-	
FCCI Insurance Group	417	10	0.23%	-	-	-	
Wal-Mart	-	-	-	1,332	5	0.80%	
Sarasota Family YMCA	-	-	-	910	8	0.55%	
SunTrust Bank	-	-	-	819	9	0.49%	
Nielsen Media Research		-		712	10	0.43%	
	21,567		11.72%	21,154		12.72%	
Total Sarasota County Employment:	184,026			166,295			

Source: Sarasota County CAFR

Note: Statistics are for Sarasota County; not available for City of Venice

City of Venice, Florida Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Department:										
Mayor and Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
City Manager	3.25	3.20	3.20	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Historical Resources	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
City Clerk	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
Finance	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0
Public Works										
Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.0	3.0	1.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
General Maintenance	12.60	9.60	9.60	11.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	15.0	15.0
Parks Maintenance	12.95	12.70	11.70	12.0	10.0	9.0	11.0	12.0	14.0	15.0
Engineering	4.10	4.65	3.15	5.0	5.0	6.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0
Police	61.00	61.00	58.00	66.0	66.0	64.0	72.0	73.0	73.0	73.0
Fire	44.25	44.25	44.25	45.0	41.5	42.5	45.5	46.5	46.5	46.0
Planning & Zoning	11.00	9.00	8.00	6.0	7.0	8.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	5.0
Information Technology	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Administrative Services	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Building & Code										
Enforcement	15.60	12.60	12.60	10.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.0
Airport	8.25	8.20	8.30	8.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Utilities Administration	10.20	10.10	9.00	9.0	7.0	8.0	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Distribution / Collection	25.00	25.00	24.00	25.0	21.0	20.0	21.0	26.0	28.0	28.0
Water Production	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0
Water Reclamation	17.00	17.00	18.00	18.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	20.0	21.0	21.0
Solid Waste	11.525	14.025	12.025	11.5	12.5	11.0	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Recycling	12.525	9.025	10.025	9.5	8.5	11.0	9.5	9.5	10.5	10.5
Stormwater	8.00	5.70	5.80	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
TOTAL	312.25	301.05	292.65	295.0	276.5	276.5	293.5	302.5	314.5	316.0

Schedule 16

Source: City of Venice Finance Department

City of Venice, Florida Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Eight Fiscal Years

		Schedule 1	17					
			Fiscal Year]	Fiscal Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Parks and Recreation								
Number of trees trimmed and maintained	7,201	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Number of irrigation systems maintained including:	31	31	30	30	28	28	28	26
Spray heads	2,510	2,510	2,450	2,450	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,300
Zones	188	188	183	183	181	181	181	171
Feet of drip line	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,000
Police	- ,	- ,	- ,	- ,	- ,	- ,	- ,	- ,
Number of sworn officers	50	48	47	47	43	45	45	51
Total calls received	27,949	31,781	29,319	12,433	30,454	29,041	31,753	36,191
Number of crime scenes processed (property division)	75	25	54	38	26	16	36	24
Drug related arrests	129	98	61	45	37	123	93	109
Traffic citations issues	1,308	2,308	1.331	1.043	1.000	1.366	1.435	1.849
Parking citations	162	686	625	958	346	379	451	114
Marine citations	19	6	20	25	6	23	12	51
Traffic warnings	620	782	1.181	2,437	3,457	4.093	4,115	4,202
Parking warnings	101	2	7	20	8	9	32	95
Marine warnings	106	91	122	142	164	140	418	120
Fire								
Number of firefighters	41	41	41	41	41	39	41	42
Calls for service	3,790	3,450	3,225	2,723	2,757	2,625	2,652	2,442
Public Works	-,	2,123	0,220	_,	_,	_,	_,	_,
Miles of roadway	70	63.1	63.0	59.9	53.7	53.7	53.7	52
Miles of sidewalk		38.6	38.6	38.6	38.3	38.3	38.3	38
Signalized intersections	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11
School zone areas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Street lights	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690
Decorative pedestrian lights	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Water and sewer utilities								
Finished water pumped to system (millions of gallons)	799.6	776.8	783.9	797.4	738.6	767.3	720.3	746.0
Potable water gallons delivered to customers (millions)	795.6	760.0	779.6	734.4	714.6	738.2	720.7	711.2
Produced gallons of reuse water per day (MGD)	3.12	3.299	2.705	2.837	2.770	2.422	2.256	3.399
Solid Waste	0.112	0.277	2.700	21007	2	21.22	21200	0.077
Tons of garbage	21,537	21,325	19,932	18,343	16,622	15,784	15,717	15,539
Tons of yard waste	3,437	2,922	2,957	2,769	3,306	2,662	2,624	3,064
Tons of construction & debris	939	1,398	5,311	514	1,069	253	320	652
Tons of Recycle Material:	,	1,000	0,011	011	1,005	200	020	001
Tons of paper	1.410	1.634	1,558	1.541	1.546	1.431	1.558	1.540
Tons of commingled recyclables	1,376	1,296	1,246	1,179	1,182	1,021	1,040	899
Tons of cardboard	921	940	926	919	955	1,063	859	781
Tons of scrap metal	116	112	70	44	61	49	68	61
Airport	110		10		01	.,	00	0.
Number of T-Hangars	166	166	166	166	175	175	167	167
Number of tie-downs	47	47	47	49	49	49	49	49
Number of shade hangars	12	12	12	0	3	3	3	3
Number of mobile homes	185	185	185	185	185	185	186	186
Storm Water Drainage	105	105	105	105	105	105	100	100
Miles of pipe	25.34	24.9	24.8	19.42	19.33	19.33	19.33	19
	40.04	47./		17.74				
Miles of swales and ditches	25	22	22	22	19	19	19	19

Source: Various departments throughout the City of Venice.

Note: started showing this schedule in FY 2010.

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Parks and Recreation Number of Parks Park Acreage 383.07 383.07 383.07 383.07 383.07 383.07 383.07 382.07 367.78 367.78 Playgrounds Baseball and Softball Diamonds Tennis Courts Basketball Courts Shuffleboard Courts **Community Centers** Golf Courses Boat Docks Nature/Fitness Trail (miles) 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 Soccer Fields Football Fields Croquet Courts Interactive Fountain Gazebo Fishing Pier Paw (Dog) Park Police Police Stations Fire Fire Stations 1,018 Fire Hydrants 1,066 1,076 1,065 1,035 1,030 1,018 1,018 1,018 1,019 Public Works Paved Streets (miles) 130.8 59.9 53.7 53.7 63.1 53.7 Water and Sewer Utilities Wastewater Main (miles) 137.09 157.6 200.0 142.0 142.3 148.0 147.4 141.4 165.09 (includes collection pipe and forcemain) Water Mains (miles) 193.5 209.79 196.3 196.2 195.0 195.6 196.2 196.2 212.06 (includes distribution pipe & raw water mains) 49.2 Reclaimed Water Mains (miles) 50.49 59.14 52.0 49.2 50.0 49.2 49.2 49.2 Reclaimed Water Bulk connections 7.0 7.0 6.0 Reclaimed Water Residential connections 3,041 3,024 2,914 2,911 2,970 2,976 2,953 2,930 2,908 2,899 Stormwater Drainage Storm Sewers (miles) 50.3 46.9 46.8 41.42 38.41 38.41 38.41 38.08 38.08 38.08

Schedule 18

Source: Various departments throughout the City of Venice.



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COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated February 28, 2018.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moore Atephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 28, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, *RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL*

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the compliance of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") *Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services State Projects *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2017. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to in the first paragraph that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to in the first paragraph. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for the purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, Chapter 69I-5, *Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Rules of the Department of Financial Services*, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General (Cont.)*

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Moore Atephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 28, 2018

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	τ	J nmodified Op	oinion		
Internal control over financial reporting	g:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Y	es	X	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed?	Y	es	X	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial st	atements noted?	Y	es	X	No
Federal Awards and State Financial	Assistance				
Internal control over major federal prog projects:	grams and state				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Y	es	X	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Y	es	X	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on company major federal programs and state project		J nmodified Op	oinion		
Any audit findings disclosed that are re reported in accordance with 200.516 of Guidance or Chapter 10.557, <i>Rules of t</i> <i>General</i> ? Identification of Major Federal Prog	the Uniform <i>he Auditor</i>		es	X	No
Projects:		-			
<u>CFDA Number</u> 66.468	Name of Federal Program Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds				
<u>CSFA Number</u>	Name of State Project				
37.003	Beach Management Funding Assistance Program				
37.077	Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet Type A and Type B programs: Federal State	tween		<u>50,000</u> 00,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u> </u>	les		No

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS</u> (Cont.) For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

SECTION II – FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT, AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*.

No matters are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

No matters are reported.

SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS.

No matters are reported.

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Federal Agency/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal or Pass-through Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Passed-Through State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection	66.468	DW580430	1,842,981
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:			
Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2015BUBX15077263 2016BUBX16082633	315 3,283
Total U.S. Department of Justice			3,597
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program Grant Rehabilitation of Tie-Down Apron Construction of Runway 13-31 Apron Rehabilitation - Construction	20.106	3-12-0082-015-2016 3-12-0082-014-2015 3-12-0082-016-2017	138,504 112,290 83,034
Highway Planning and Construction Passed-Through Florida Department of Transportation Local Agency Program Edmondson Road	20.205	436987-1-58-01	11.044
Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	430367-1-36-01	<u> </u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY: Federal Emergency Management Agency: <i>Passed-Through State of Florida, State Fire Marshall Office</i> Disaster Grant - Public Assistance Hurricane Matthew State Mission #05-008-16 / Declaration DR4283	97.036		3,671
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE / U.S. FOREST SERVICE Urban and Community Forestry Passed-Through State of Florida, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Svc.			
Cooperative Forestry Assistance			
City of Venice Tree Inventory	10.664	23763	9,919
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			2,205,940

See independent auditor's report and notes to this schedule.

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	CSFA	State Contract/	
State Agency/Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:	55.004		
Aviation Development Grants	55.004		
Design and Construction General Aviation Terminal Building		438750-1-94-01	17,70
Construction Runway 13-31 Improvements Runway Safety Area		436482-1-94-01	6,07
T-Hangers - Midfield		436988-1-94-01	126,57
Airport Security Improvements		436984-1-94-01	6,77
Rehabilitation of Apron		431879-1-94-01	7,69
Obstruction Removal		438257-1-94-01	1,98
Apron Rehabilitation Construction		431879-1-94-01	4,61
Total Department of Transportation			171,41
STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION			
Division of Water Resources Management			
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003		
Venice Beach Nourishment		13ST1	1,122,35
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program			
Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction	37.077		
Reclaimed Water Distribution System Improvements		WW580440	504,01
STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Bureau of Emergency Medical Services			
Passed-Through Sarasota County-County Grant Awards	64.005		
EMS Equipment - Landing Zone Kit	04.005	172556	1,41
¹ Expenditures from 2013-2017 were deemed eligible under Amendment #3. These expend	ditures were not reported in prior	years.	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			1,799,19
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND			
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 4,005,13

See independent auditor's report and notes to this schedule.

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance September 30, 2017

NOTE 1. PURPOSE OF THE SCHEDULE

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is a supplementary schedule to the City's basic financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. The Schedule is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

<u>Federal Financial Assistance</u> – Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, that nonfederal entities receive or administer, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property interest subsidies, insurance, or direct appropriations.

<u>Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance</u> – The Uniform Guidance requires the Schedule to present the total expenditures for each of the City's federal financial assistance programs as identified in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA). The CFDA is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Federal financial assistance programs that have not been assigned a CFDA number are indicated with an "N/A."

B. Type A and Type B Programs

The Uniform Guidance establish the levels of expenditures to be used in defining Type A and Type B federal financial assistance programs. For the current year, Type A assistance programs for the City of Venice are those programs that exceeded \$750,000 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

All local governments that expend \$750,000 or more a year in federal financial assistance must undergo a Single Audit conducted in compliance with in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

C. Reporting Entity

The Schedule includes all federal financial assistance programs administered by the City of Venice and included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

D. Basis of Accounting

Expenditures included in the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for enterprise funds as defined in Note I to the basic financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance September 30, 2017

collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when the liability has matured. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The City has elected to not utilize the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

E. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Grant expenditure reports as of September 30, 2017, which have been submitted to grantor agencies will, in some cases, differ slightly from amounts disclosed herein. The reports prepared for grantor agencies are typically prepared at a later date and often reflect refined estimates of the year-end accruals. The reports will agree at termination of the grant as the discrepancies noted are timing differences.

NOTE 3. STATE REVOLVING FUND LOANS

For State Revolving Fund loans listed on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, the City had the following loan balances outstanding at September 30, 2017.

Program	Federal CFDA	Grant	Total
<u>Title</u>	State CSFA No.	<u>Number</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
State Revolving Fund	66.468 (Federal)	DW580430	\$945,049
State Revolving Fund	37.077 (State)	WW580440	\$326,722



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

We have examined the compliance of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with those requirements. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Moore Attephens Iovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 28, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2018.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 28, 2018 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services, pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Council, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore Stephens Lovelace. P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 28, 2018